UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS
AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE

ANNUAL REPORT

July 1, 1993 - June 30, 1994

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union
1401 W. Green Street
Urbana, IL 61801
(217)333-9053
## Index

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I. Attorneys Report

In accordance with the University of Illinois Student Legal Service Plan, the staff attorneys are pleased to submit the 1993-1994 Annual Report to the Student Legal Service Advisory Board and to the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. The Program continues to enjoy a solid reputation for excellence in the delivery of basic legal services and has one of the finest preventive legal education programs of any similar student legal service program in the country. The program continues, however, to receive among the lowest if not the lowest per pupil expenditure of any program in the country. Careful management of financial resources by all parties has enabled the program to continue its service mission without any reduction in services during this reporting period. When one examines the annual statistics (see pages 11-13) it becomes apparent that the office serviced 14% more students this year than last. This increase, while manageable, stretches staff resources and necessarily forces a stricter triage role for attorneys in deciding which cases to pursue consistent with plan guidelines. The case/intake load is only manageable because of the excellence of the secretarial staff and the depth of experience of the legal staff.

For the fifth year the office has utilized the service of three full time attorneys. Thomas E. Betz began working with the program in 1985. Betz is a 1981 graduate of Wayne State University Law School, a member of the Michigan and Illinois Bars. Betz serves as Midwest Regional Coordinator for the National Legal Aid and Defender Association Student Legal Service Division, Vice President of the Campaign County American Civil Liberties Union, Board of Director Champaign-Urbana Tenant Union Community Advisory Board,
Urbana Mayor Todd Satterthwaite's Advisory Committee on Landlord-Tenant Reform, and served on the Champaign Human Relations Commission Focus Panel during the Spring of 1984.

Susan Y. Hessee began as a staff attorney with the program in 1988. Hessee is a 1982 graduate of the University of Illinois College of Law. Hessee is a member of the Illinois and Michigan Bars. Hessee is a member of the Champaign County Bar Association and the Committee to Re-elect Laurel Prussing and remains active with Champaign County Health Care Consumers and Planned Parenthood.

John P. Popek began working for the program in 1991. Popek is a 1987 graduate of the University of Tulsa Law School. Popek is a member of the Illinois Bar and the Champaign County Bar Association.

Pamela Burnside and Karl Meyer worked as legal interns in the summer and fall semesters. Both interns gained valuable practical legal experience and enhanced the availability of services provided by the office.

Nikki Davis works as secretary, receptionist, statistician, and office manager for the program. Ms. Davis is assisted by Phyllis Kirkwood who works during the afternoon which helps relieve the congestion of intake.

The staff attorneys attended the annual conference of the National Legal Aid and Defenders Association Student Legal Service Division in Incline Village, Nevada-California in June of 1993. Thomas Betz delivered a paper and presentation on eliminating discrimination based upon Disparate Racial Impact. The conference provides continuing legal education credits for the staff attorneys but most importantly the substantive presentations focus on the
unique issues which student legal services programs deal with throughout the country.

Preventive Legal Education

The Student Legal Service Plan as adopted in 1978 mandates preventive law activities:

[The Students' Attorneys will furnish students with general information concerning management of their personal affairs under the law. The design of this assistance is to educate the student body and to enable individuals to avoid legal difficulties and promote greater concentration on academic pursuits. To this end the Attorneys may provide information to The Daily Illini or other publications in order to educate members of the student body as to their rights and responsibilities; and may speak to groups of students upon request and arrange speakers on practical aspects of the law as the need arises. The Students' Attorneys will make available to students the various informational pamphlets published by the Illinois State Bar Association, other bar associations, and other appropriate items. (SLS Plan at 4).]

This mission of the program is being met at greater levels than ever before in the history of the program. Long term retention of experienced staff and adequate staffing levels has enabled the office to devote significant time and resources to legal education. The office published 19 preventive advertisements (see III. pp. 14-15), 7 Daily Illini Forums and Letter to the Editor (see IV. pp. 16), 27 staff attorney comments/interviews were published in the Daily Illini or the News-Gazette (see V. pp.17-18). Attorneys participated in 13 housing seminars at residence halls. Attorneys also made 21 presentations before campus groups (see VI. pp. 19-20). The office now publishes 18 legal brochures which are distributed throughout the campus community (see VI. p. 21). Two new brochures are currently being prepared. The first will be entitled the "Party Pamphlet." (See Appendix VII. pp. 123-124.) It is designed to inform students of State and local laws regarding parties and their attendant problems of alcohol,
noise, etc. This pamphlet was test marketed this reporting period at fraternity and sorority seminars and was positively received. The second projected brochure is an extensive guide for students renting in the private housing market. This brochure will be a distillation of Daily Illini Forum articles along with overriding general provisions of law. We hope to have both pieces available for fall 1994 semester.

The preventive education program receives an excellent student response and should be regarded as equally important as the in-office direct provision of legal consultation and litigation. It is difficult to calculate the direct preventive impact of this aspect of the service, however, on anecdotal basis the staff believes that it is substantial. Evidence of the impact of the educational program can be seen by the very substantial increase in students using in-office services. These consultations are frequently preventive in nature and are often students seeking individual service as a result of a preventive education seminar, ad or brochure.

The University can take great pride in having an outstanding preventive legal education program.

**Housing**

The Student Legal Service and the Student Legal services Plan is committed to a focus on student housing issues. Since 1978 the program has been responsible for a significant portion of appellate case law in the field of landlord and tenant. In 1977, *Jarrell v. Hartman* (cite 48 Ill. App. 3d985, 363 N.E.2d 626, 4th District, 1977, the office established statewide precedent that tenants may affirmatively sue landlords for money damages in cases of constructive eviction. In 1980, *Rushton v. O'Mally* (cite 89 Ill. App. 3d103, 411 N.E.2d 528, 44 Ill. Dec. 406) established statewide precedent for applying State damage deposit law to all
contiguous rental units for purposes of security deposit interest and penalties. In 1978, Barr v. Cutler (cite 64 Ill. App. 3d 518, 381 N.E.2d 413, 21 Ill. Dec. 304) established the parameters of tenant liability in relation to fire insurance provisions where the leasehold is damaged or destroyed by fire.

During this reporting period the office received a unanimous decision upholding tenant rights in Vanlandingham v. Ivanow 615 N.E. 2d 1361 (1993). This appellate decision for the first time in Illinois upheld a trial court's use of "percentage reduction in the use" method of calculating constructive eviction damages. The court also upheld the right of tenants to testify and give an opinion on the diminution in value of property without resort to expensive expert testimony. The Ivanow decision will have and is already having positive impact on landlord-tenant relations at the local level. The decision is strong authority in eliminating substandard student housing.

The staff attorneys were instrumental in three other housing areas which will have major positive impact on the campus rental market; 1. City of Champaign Trespass Notice, 2. Urbana Landlord-Tenant Ordinance, and 3. Human Rights Ordinance on Age Discrimination.

1. Trespass: The City of Champaign has long indulged in a practice whereby the police department at the request of the landlord arrested tenant guests on trespass charges. The landlords were thus able to use the color of law to harass and intimidate tenants and their guests without resort to proper civil court remedies of eviction or breach of contract. The City of Champaign after extensive efforts of the Student Legal Service has formally agreed to cease its longstanding unlawful practice as of December 13, 1993. The new policy which generally adheres to the law is quoted below:
As you requested, this letter is to confirm our discussion concerning the Champaign Police Department policy regarding the requests of landlords to arrest guests of tenants for trespass. As you know, the Champaign Police Department has on occasion served "no trespass notices" for landlords of Mansard Square, Parkside and the Champaign County Housing Authority. These notices have been served on persons who are not residents of the property. As we discussed earlier, you had inquired about the situation where the Champaign Police Department may be serving "no trespass notices" for other landlords. After discussion with Deputy Police Chief Jim Luecking and Police Chief Don Carter, I would confirm that it is the policy of the Champaign Police Department that the police will not serve "no trespass notices" for landlords on non-tenants except for the landlords listed above. If a landlord, who does not live at the apartment, requests the police to arrest a non-tenant for trespass to an occupied apartment, and the tenant disagrees, that is does not wish the person to be arrested, then the general policy would not be to arrest the non-tenant for trespass. However, it is still the case that if a citizen requests a police presence at a place in order to avoid potential violence, the police will respond. The police will not serve the "no trespass notice" but may be present at the scene solely in the capacity to prevent any kind of physical violence.

The reformed policy was achieved through careful negotiation on behalf of student clients not through formal litigation.

2. The City of Urbana adopted a model Landlord-Tenant Ordinance which came into legal effect on April 1, 1994. Staff attorneys in conjunction with the Tenant Union contributed draft language, comments, and interpretive clarification to the ordinance. Thomas Betz served on Mayor Sattethwaite's community task force regarding the ordinance. The ordinance creates a greater degree of balance between landlords and tenants and perhaps most importantly requires landlords to provide each tenant with a city produced pamphlet which outlines the rights and obligations of landlords and tenants. It is anticipated that in coming years this ordinance will greatly reduce student housing problems in Urbana although
interpretive litigation will likely be necessary in several areas where vague compromises were enacted into law.

3. In the early weeks of 1994 the City of Champaign Human Rights Commission began the process of redrafting the City Human Rights Ordinance. Several proposals which strongly negated student tenant interests were drafted. Most significantly the proposals would have permitted rental discrimination based solely upon age unless the prospective renter were 40 years of age. Staff attorneys working with the Champaign Legal Department were able to persuade the drafters that given the median adult age of 23 in the twin cities that it was unreasonable and potentially disastrous to use the age of 40 for a *prima facia* housing age discrimination case. The final draft reflected the age of 18 which protects nearly all, if not all student renters.

The *Ivanow* decision coupled with the three non-litigation issues for this past year represent tremendous positive accomplishments in the field of housing. In addition to these major impact areas the office provided advice to 506 students in housing matters and opened 146 housing cases for students while also conducting 13 housing seminars in residence halls. We believe that this reporting period has been the single most successful year in the field of housing in the history of the program.

*Traffic and Criminal*

The office saw 602 students on traffic related matters and opened 297 of these matters. As of January 1, 1994, Champaign County has adopted a traffic school program for many petty offenses for first time offenders. This program as it gains a foothold will perceptibly reduce the number of traffic cases opened by the office allowing staff to give
greater attention to legal concerns of broader impact. We continue to be concerned with the large number of alcohol related traffic matters and the fact that blood alcohol content in D.U.I. cases is frequently twice the legal limit. Recent studies suggesting that binge drinking is common on university campuses seems to be borne out by the experiences of staff attorneys in dealing with students.

The office saw 128 students regarding criminal matters and opened 33 of these cases. Alcohol is a common factor in the vast majority of these cases. In most cases the student is a first offender and we have frequently been able to obtain a dismissal or Court supervision for the individual. Unlike the offenders in the community at large, the student rate of criminal recidivism is extremely low. Very few students violate terms of court supervision and remarkably few require the assistance of the office for a second offense.

*City Offenses*

For the first time in many years representation and advice regarding city offense matters substantially declined. We attribute this decline to the fact that the City of Champaign alcohol policies regarding bar raids, age of bar entrance, etc. underwent a serious re-examination during this reporting period. Campus bar raids were comparatively infrequent and thus we saw fewer students on underage drinking violations. We believe that this situation is very temporary. Once the Champaign city council resolves the various policy issues we anticipate a return to higher office use in this category. Should the Champaign City Council adopt substantially higher mandatory minimum fines it is anticipated that the office will be providing greater in court representation on these cases because of the inability of students to pay by mail higher fines and the possible temptation of the city to use city
offense tickets as a source of revenue rather than as a form of deterrence. We are optimistic that such untoward consequences can be minimized through greater preventive legal education efforts. A flyer on new penalties is being prepared as of this writing.

**General Statistic Information**

2940 students filled out intake forms and had appointments with an attorney. 622 cases were opened, although not all cases require a court appearance. The total 1993-1994 intake increased by 14% over the previous reporting period. We note that the 1992-1993 statistics were 2% higher than the previous year. 2% increases are manageable as is the current 14% increase assuming the current increase is a one time only increase. Consistent increases of such a magnitude in the future would severely strain the quality of the service given current staff levels and space limitations. See Statistics pages 11-13.

The office surveyed open case clients and advice only clients during this reporting period. Surveys were randomly sent to 1346 advice only clients (see VIII. pp. 22-30) and 354 open case clients (see IX. pp. 31-38). The generally positive results are heartening to the staff given the extremely high volume of students using the office and the consequently limited time available for individual office consultation.

As has been noted in previous reports, the statistics indicate a somewhat disproportionate in office use of the program by seniors and graduate students; however, we believe that this is not an inequitable use of the S.O.R.F. allocation. Freshmen and sophomores are clearly the primary beneficiaries of the office in terms of preventive legal education and disproportionately use the office regarding city offenses and criminal offenses. The higher grade levels directly use the office more frequently in the area of housing
because they are permitted by University rules to rent in the private rental market and more frequently have automobiles and thus receive traffic tickets.

Students learn about the program from a wide array of sources. Referrals from friends or 'word of mouth' is one of the most frequent means of learning about the program. See Statistics page 13. This referral network is a fair if somewhat crude indication that the office enjoys the confidence of the student community.

Conclusion

The University of Illinois Student Legal Service Program with the guidance of the Student Legal Service Advisory Board is committed to continuing to meet the goals and objectives of the Student Legal Service Plan to provide, "a program whereby students will receive legal counseling and advice, become better informed regarding legal procedures available to them as individuals, be put in contact with attorneys who may represent them individually and in litigation on housing problems as needs arise" (see 1978 SLS Plan I, page 1, Statement of Purpose). The staff believes that the program and its mission is being met well beyond the levels likely envisioned at the inception of the service. After 16 years of existence of the prepaid legal service plan at the University the program continues to serve the needs of the campus Community and is one of the great successes in the field of prepaid legal services. While it is true that the program is one of the few in the nation which continues to be funded by a refundable fee which is shared with other student groups and services; refund rates remain very low providing the program with stable funding and staffing.

The program is integrated into the University community and is a vital ongoing
student service. We look forward to the challenges and successes of the coming year. We deeply appreciate the dedication of the Student Legal Service Advisory Board, the Student Organization Resource Fee Board, and the University administration to the provision of a quality Student Legal Service program for the eligible student body.

Respectfully Submitted,

Thomas E. Betz
Attorney at Law

Susan Y. Hessee
Attorney at Law

John P. Popek
Attorney at Law
## II. Statistics
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<td>Law Library</td>
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<td>Novac &amp; Associates</td>
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<td>Quad Day</td>
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<td>Resident Advisor</td>
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<tr>
<td>State's Attorney</td>
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<td>Student Guide</td>
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<td>Student Services</td>
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<td>Study Abroad Office</td>
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TOTAL 2318
III. Informational Advertisements in Daily Illini

WELCOME TO THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS
   Welcome Back Issue 8/93 and 8/26/93

KEGGER'S DELIGHT
   8/31/93  9/7/93  9/17/93

PHONY IDs
   9/20/93  9/22/93  9/24/93

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE (Address, Hours, Phone)
   9/27/93 - 10/8/93

PARTY GUIDE
   9/27/93  10/1/93  10/4/93

ILLINOIS DUI PENALTIES
   10/18/93  10/22/93

SEEN ANY BAR RAIDS LATELY
   11/15/93  11/16/93  11/18/93  11/22/93  12/9/93

TIPS FOR WINTER BREAK
   12/7/93 - 12/13/93

ON THE SECOND DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
   1/12/94  (DI ran Second Day Ad in error)

ON THE SECOND DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
   1/19/94

PROBLEMS WITH LANDLORD
   1/25/94

ON THE THIRD DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
   1/26/94

WEE, CHEATHAM AND HOWE, TRAVEL ARRANGERS
   1/28/94  2/15/94  2/22/94  3/1/94

ON THE FOURTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
   2/2/94
ON THE FIFTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
2/9/94

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE (Address, Hours, Phone)
2/14/94 - 2/25/94

ON THE SIXTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
2/16/94

ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
2/23/94

ON THE EIGHTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
3/2/94

WANT A GREAT SPRING BREAK?
3/2/94

ON THE NINTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
3/16/94

LAW DAY
4/29/94

10 STEPS TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY DEPOSIT
5/9/94
IV. Forum Articles

Talking is first step for noisy neighbors
Daily Illini, August 26, 1993

Having 'fun' in C-U can get rather expensive
Daily Illini, September 30, 1993

Keep renters honest: Know deposit rights
Daily Illini, October 13, 1993

Caught with your pants down? Check the lease!
Daily Illini, January 25, 1994

A few tips for a fun but legal spring break
Daily Illini, March 3, 1994

Letters to the Editor

City proposal improves tenants' rights
Daily Illini, September 27, 1993

Show of support needed for ordinance
Daily Illini, December 9, 1993
V. Newspaper Interviews or Articles Mentioning Student Legal Service

Court ruling helps student tenants  
Daily Illini, July 9, 1993

Students debate flaws and benefits of peer guide system  
Daily Illini, September 14, 1993

Penalties for fake IDs toughened under new law  
Daily Illini, September 21, 1993

Renter rights ordinance is put on hold  
Daily Illini, September 28, 1993

Poor hurt by shortage of pro bono attorneys  
Daily Illini, October 7, 1993

Students urged not to respond to chain letters  
Daily Illini, October 26, 1993

Falling balcony cuts birthday bash short  
Daily Illini, October 26, 1993

Judge drops UI teacher's court lawsuit  
Daily Illini, October 29, 1993

Worried about getting caught?  
Illinois Technograph, Vol. 109, Issue 2, November 1993

Phone company warns of calling card rip-offs  
Daily Illini, November 12, 1993

Don't fake it  
Daily Illini, November 16, 1993

Committee proposal gives tenants more rights  
Daily Illini, December 10, 1993

Committee to resolve landlord-tenant ordinance issues  
The Champaign-Urbana News-Gazette, December 14, 1993

UI community not fond of 21 bar age  
Daily Illini, January 11, 1994
Leasing? Beware!
Daily Illini, January 25, 1994

Don't forget about security
Daily Illini, Housing Guide 1994

New bill scares some residents
Daily Illini, February 1, 1994

City fine-tuning human-rights ordinance
The Champaign-Urbana News-Gazette, February 1, 1994

Fee refund reforms struck down
Daily Illini, February 11, 1994

An easy money back guarantee?
Daily Illini, February 16, 1994

New proposals would be hard on young DUIs
Daily Illini, February 18, 1994

AIDS services accessible for UI community
Daily Illini, February 21, 1994

Reefer Madness
Daily Illini, February 24, 1994

Traffic tickets, underage drinking – all's fair in the job interview
Daily Illini, March 24, 1994

Sublet pros give advice: Use caution
Daily Illini, April 8, 1994

City to release tenant brochure
Daily Illini, June 10, 1994

Interim students' services slim
Daily Illini, June 17, 1994
VI. Speaking Engagements & Events

July 1 - July 9, 1993  
*Summer Orientation*  
All brochures available as handouts for new incoming students.

August 18, 1993  
*Office of International Student Affairs*  
Orientation/Residential Life

August 18, 1993  
*Campus Resource Fair*  
Resident Advisor Staff Training

August 22, 1993  
*Move In Day Information Fair*  
FAR/PAR Residence Halls

August 25, 1993  
*Quad Day* – Information Fair

September 1, 1993  
*Coffee Hour* – Daniels Hall

September 15, 1993  
Sigma Phi Delta Fraternity

October 2, 1993  
*Fall Conference*  
UIUC Mothers Association

October 6, 1993  
*Hate Speech and First Amendment Rights*  
Pennsylvania Avenue Residence Hall Advisor Staff

October 15, 1993  
*Activity Day*  
Panhellenic Council

October 16, 1994  
*1993 Conference of the Midwest Association of Pre Law Advisors*

November 9, 1993  
Sigma Gamma Rho Sorority

November 10, 1993  
Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity

November 22, 1993  
Phi Beta Chi Sorority

November 23, 1994  
Community Health Class #240

December 6, 1993  
Delta Upsilon

January 7, 1994  
*Spring Orientation*
International Student Affairs

January 12-27, 1994
*Look Before Lease*
Sherman Hall   FAR   Scott Hall   Allen Hall
PAR            Taft/Van Doren  Bromley Hall
Illini Tower   Busey-Evans    Garner Hall
LAR            ISR             Daniels Hall

February 22, 1994
Greek Peer Advisors

April 21, 1994
Community Health Class #240

April 25, 1994
Beta Sigma Psi

April 27, 1994
Alpha Epsilon Phi

June 10, 1994
*Office of International Student Affairs*
Orientation/Residential Life
VII. Brochures

Alcohol Laws in Illinois
Arrest Card
Changing Your Name
City Offenses
Consumer Rights
Court Supervision
Guidelines for Traffic Offenses
Information on Copyright
Know Your Legal Rights
Marijuana Laws in Illinois
Phony ID's
Sexual Violence
Student Legal Service Program
Students and the Law
Your Court Appearance
Your Security Deposit

Special Handout

Guidelines for Throwing a Party
Some General Legal Advice to International Students
VIII. Student Legal Service  
Survey – Advice Only Clients  
August 15, 1993 thru February 28, 1994

1. I was satisfied with the goal the staff and I agreed to pursue in my case:
   - Strongly Agree: 31%
   - Agree: 43%
   - Not Sure: 12%
   - Disagree: 11%
   - Strongly Disagree: 3%

2. I consider the final resolution of my case to be fair:
   - Strongly Agree: 19%
   - Agree: 49%
   - Not Sure: 18%
   - Disagree: 9%
   - Strongly Disagree: 5%

3. The outcome of my case resolved my legal concern:
   - Strongly Agree: 27%
   - Agree: 37%
   - Not Sure: 19%
   - Disagree: 16%
   - Strongly Disagree: 1%

4. The final resolution of my case was what I desired:
   - Strongly Agree: 23%
   - Agree: 32%
   - Not Sure: 17%
   - Disagree: 21%
   - Strongly Disagree: 7%

5. In my opinion, the U.S. legal judicial system as a whole is:
   a. Very Fair: 5%
      Fair: 52%
      Unfair: 30%
      Very Unfair: 3%
      No Opinion: 10%
   b. Very Understandable: 3%
      Understandable: 46%
      Confusing: 39%
      Very Confusing: 7%
      No Opinion: 5%
c. Very Unbiased 5%
   Unbiased 28%
   Biased 41%
   Very Biased 15%
   No Opinion 11%

d. Very Responsive 5%
   Responsive 30%
   Unresponsive 38%
   Very Unresponsive 11%
   No Opinion 16%

e. Very Helpful 5%
   Helpful 33%
   Unhelpful 32%
   Very Unhelpful 8%
   No Opinion 22%

6. Lawyers and other legal professionals on the whole are:

   a. Very Trustworthy 7%
      Trustworthy 54%
      Untrustworthy 17%
      Very Untrustworthy 5%
      No Opinion 17%

   b. Very Approachable 6%
      Approachable 66%
      Unfriendly 9%
      Very Unfriendly 3%
      No Opinion 16%

   c. Very Professional 11%
      Professional 63%
      Unprofessional 10%
      Very Unprofessional 4%
      No Opinion 12%

   d. Very Industrious 12%
      Industrious 58%
      Lazy 5%
      Very Lazy 5%
      No Opinion 20%
e. Very Responsible 12%
   Responsible 58%
   Irresponsible 5%
   Very Irresponsible 5%
   No Opinion 20%

f. Very Clear 8%
   Clear 37%
   Vague 34%
   Very Vague 8%
   No Opinion 13%

g. Very Concerned 8%
   Concerned 45%
   Unconcerned 23%
   Very Unconcerned 3%
   No Opinion 21%

h. Very Dependable 8%
   Dependable 48%
   Undependable 15%
   Very Undependable 4%
   No Opinion 25%

7. I respect the U.S. legal judicial system:
   Very Much 29%
   Somewhat 57%
   Very Little 14%

8. Since my recent experience with SLS, this respect has:
   Increased 14%
   Remained the Same 80%
   Decreased 6%

9. I felt I was treated with courtesy and respect by the SLS staff:
   Strongly Agree 45%
   Agree 39%
   Not Sure 8%
   Disagree 4%
   Strongly Disagree 4%
10. The staff members were approachable: I felt as though I could ask questions and discuss matters freely:
   - Strongly Agree: 46%
   - Agree: 42%
   - Not Sure: 6%
   - Disagree: 5%
   - Strongly Disagree: 1%

11. I felt the waiting period for my appointment with SLS was reasonable, given my understanding of their situation:
   - Strongly Agree: 46%
   - Agree: 46%
   - Not Sure: 2%
   - Disagree: 3%
   - Strongly Disagree: 3%

12. I felt the staff members assigned to my case were competent:
   - Strongly Agree: 36%
   - Agree: 44%
   - Not Sure: 15%
   - Disagree: 3%
   - Strongly Disagree: 2%

13. I felt the staff afforded me adequate opportunity to participate in the handling of my case:
   - Strongly Agree: 28%
   - Agree: 49%
   - Not Sure: 16%
   - Disagree: 5%
   - Strongly Disagree: 2%

14. I felt SLS gave me the same quality service as a private law office would have:
   - Strongly Agree: 21%
   - Agree: 26%
   - Not Sure: 36%
   - Disagree: 11%
   - Strongly Disagree: 6%

15. I would use SLS again if I had a qualifying legal problem:
   - Strongly Agree: 45%
   - Agree: 44%
   - Not Sure: 9%
   - Disagree: 
   - Strongly Disagree: 2%
16. Through my experience in the legal process, and because of the particular way SLS operated, I have:
   a. A better understanding of the legal process:
      Strongly Agree  7%
      Agree          35%
      Not Sure       40%
      Disagree      14%
      Strongly Disagree  4%
   
   b. A better understanding of the role and function of attorneys:
      Strongly Agree  5%
      Agree          39%
      Not Sure       34%
      Disagree      19%
      Strongly Disagree  3%
   
   c. Been motivated to take a greater interest in the law and current legal issues:
      Strongly Agree  9%
      Agree          22%
      Not Sure       25%
      Disagree      35%
      Strongly Disagree  9%
   
   d. Learned that there is not necessarily a legal remedy for every problem situation:
      Strongly Agree 16%
      Agree         36%
      Not Sure      31%
      Disagree     16%
      Strongly Disagree  1%

17. I feel the SLS represents a valuable service to students:
    Strongly Agree  52%
    Agree          38%
    Not Sure      5%
    Disagree     3%
    Strongly Disagree  2%

18. I feel support of SLS to be a good allocation of a percentage of my SORF fee monies:
    Strongly Agree  57%
    Agree          32%
    Not Sure      5%
    Disagree     4%
    Strongly Disagree  2%
19. I feel that without SLS I would have had greater difficulty in resolving my problem:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agree</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Sure</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disagree</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Disagree</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

20. In retrospect, the legal problem I had affected my:

   a. Academic Performance
      |                      | Percentage |
      |----------------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree       | 12%        |
      | Agree                | 33%        |
      | Not Sure             | 10%        |
      | Disagree             | 26%        |
      | Strongly Disagree    | 19%        |

   b. Job Performance
      |                      | Percentage |
      |----------------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree       | 7%         |
      | Agree                | 22%        |
      | Not Sure             | 18%        |
      | Disagree             | 27%        |
      | Strongly Disagree    | 26%        |

   c. Family Life
      |                      | Percentage |
      |----------------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree       | 16%        |
      | Agree                | 27%        |
      | Not Sure             | 13%        |
      | Disagree             | 24%        |
      | Strongly Disagree    | 20%        |

   d. Social Relationships
      |                      | Percentage |
      |----------------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree       | 15%        |
      | Agree                | 25%        |
      | Not Sure             | 17%        |
      | Disagree             | 20%        |
      | Strongly Disagree    | 23%        |

   e. General Well Being
      |                      | Percentage |
      |----------------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree       | 19%        |
      | Agree                | 43%        |
      | Not Sure             | 11%        |
      | Disagree             | 12%        |
      | Strongly Disagree    | 15%        |
My "case" was just research. I wasn't in any trouble. Fuck the Founding Fathers—let's start interpreting the Constitution in today's context.

I appreciated the service. It was very helpful. I think that few students even know of the SLS though. It was a fluke that my roommate had heard of it and recommended it to me.

I filled out a form and made an appointment to see a lawyer, but in the meantime my problem was resolved to my satisfaction.

I think you do a generally good job.

Need more staff to work closely with students. The staff expects the student to do the job where outcome is uncertain. At least that was the case with my problem. [Editor Note: Students are required to participate and to do leg work in their cases as limited staff necessitates this requirement.]

The Tenant Union is also a great service.

I used SLS more for advice. I had one session with an attorney. Maybe the case was insignificant.

SLS attorneys should have computers for organization purposes and should try to reach out to students more about what services are available (i.e. traffic violations).

SLS is a very valuable service. I was treated well there.

I was very satisfied with all the help I have received from SLS. I have recommended them to other students.

I have been to a seminar for new students and had 2 encounters on related matters. Hessee is nice.

My case was handled professionally and courteously, although I settled for a lower sum of money from my ex-landlords just to have the darn case over with.

Although I felt that the law regarding my situation was ludicrous—SLS was helpful in resolving my problem.

Use a less obnoxious color of paper for your next survey.
This is an excellent service. There wasn't anything the lawyer could do to release me from my lease but many alternatives were presented to me.

I didn't have a very serious case—I just had some questions—I was treated very courteously and answered satisfactorily.

Tom was quite helpful and encouraging! Thanks!

Having to come in and I.D. checked is an annoyance to MAKE an appointment is annoying. Should be able to do this over the phone with computer check that applicant is in good standing with SLS. As a foreign student SLS is first point of entry with law threshold. I would not know where to go otherwise.

No follow up from the attorney assigned, I had to follow up with the parties involved. The problem was never resolved.

I was happy with SLS—I went in to discuss how I could speed along an insurance claim and received some good advice about my situation.

Student Legal Services is undoubtedly one of the best programs working for the students in this University. I personally found attorneys to be highly qualified and professional in their attitude. They know their job and are very helpful in providing guidance in case legal help is not necessary. Also, I like the articles in the Forum of the DI contributed by your attorneys. Some of these articles were very interesting especially by John Popek like the one on Spring Break. All in all, SLS is doing a fine job. Keep it up!

SLS is excellent, however, you need someone who does visa and immigration stuff. It really wouldn't be that hard to do this, I, myself, am practically an expert since I had to do all the investigating myself when you all couldn't. SLS is good because I don't have the time to do legal work myself and because many jerks who try to screw you over (landlords, etc.) fear lawyers.

I have no experience in requiring services from a private law office, so I cannot compare with the SLS. However, I think the SLS has a very important role in particular for those who cannot afford to pay a private office.

My case was resolved out of court but being able to prepare for court not only gave me more confidence but also frightened the other party involved resulting in out of court settlement.

Why waste paper and send me a questionnaire when all I got was notarization.

Good job was done overall.
I was very pleased by my experience with SLS.

Things turned out OK -- Thanks!

I inquired by phone about representation for a personal injury lawsuit and was told to come in and fill out a form for an appointment. I did. I went to my appointment and was only then told that you didn't handle personal injury lawsuits. Couldn't the receptionist have just said that in the first place?

The reason I disagreed on #16 is because I already had a good understanding of the judicial system. I feel the SLS is an excellent service, especially to those who aren't familiar with the judicial system.

Your office needs to know much more about sexual assault and harassment. You were absolutely no help and sent me to someone in judicial services that was also no help. Also, being a law student this survey doesn't seem like it asks the right questions.

You run an excellent service worth the SORF dues charged to students. It could be helpful for your office to establish a higher level of competence on international law, at least for some of the countries which have some reasonable representation in the student population.

Attorneys ought to be more receptive toward minority students. Consistent with their answers regarding certain legal issues. While being concise. Please also be precise.

Good Job!

I had only one meeting for advice from an SLS attorney concerning patents. The SLS attorney was very much an advocate and quite helpful. Keep it up!

Outstanding services!

Student Legal Service did not represent me in a case. They only provided advise for dealing with my private lawyers--case is still pending.

It is sad that only the very rich the very poor can afford legal service in the U.S.
IX. Student Legal Service
Survey – Open Cases
August 15, 1993 thru February 28, 1994

1. I was satisfied with the goal the staff and I agreed to pursue in my case:
   - Strongly Agree 61%
   - Agree 37%
   - Not Sure
   - Disagree 2%
   - Strongly Disagree

2. I consider the final resolution of my case to be fair:
   - Strongly Agree 51%
   - Agree 38%
   - Not Sure 7%
   - Disagree
   - Strongly Disagree 4%

3. The outcome of my case resolved my legal concern:
   - Strongly Agree 57%
   - Agree 32%
   - Not Sure 7%
   - Disagree 2%
   - Strongly Disagree 2%

4. The final resolution of my case was what I desired:
   - Strongly Agree 45%
   - Agree 31%
   - Not Sure 13%
   - Disagree 9%
   - Strongly Disagree 2%

5. In my opinion, the U.S. legal judicial system as a whole is:
   a. Very Fair 2%
      Fair 73%
      Unfair 11%
      Very Unfair 4%
      No Opinion 10%
   b. Very Understandable 2%
      Understandable 57%
      Confusing 31%
      Very Confusing 2%
      No Opinion 8%
c.                                |  
| Very Unbiased       | 2%  |
| Unbiased           | 39% |
| Biased             | 43% |
| Very Biased        |     |
| No Opinion         | 16% |

d.                                |  
| Very Responsive     | 2%  |
| Responsive          | 47% |
| Unresponsive        | 32% |
| Very Unresponsive   |     |
| No Opinion          | 19% |

e.                                |  
| Very Helpful        | 2%  |
| Helpful            | 60% |
| Unhelpful          | 17% |
| Very Unhelpful     | 4%  |
| No Opinion         | 17% |

6. Lawyers and other legal professionals on the whole are:

a.                                |  
| Very Trustworthy     | 4%  |
| Trustworthy         | 67% |
| Untrustworthy       | 10% |
| Very Untrustworthy  |     |
| No Opinion          | 19% |

b.                                |  
| Very Approachable    | 10% |
| Approachable        | 67% |
| Unfriendly          | 4%  |
| Very Unfriendly     |     |
| No Opinion          | 19% |

c.                                |  
| Very Professional    | 17% |
| Professional        | 74% |
| Unprofessional      | 2%  |
| Very Unprofessional |     |
| No Opinion          | 7%  |

d.                                |  
| Very Industrious     | 14% |
| Industrious         | 56% |
| Lazy                | 2%  |
| Very Lazy           |     |
| No Opinion          | 28% |
e. Very Responsible 12%
   Responsible 67%
   Irresponsible 6%
   Very Irresponsible 15%
   No Opinion

f. Very Clear 8%
   Clear 62%
   Vague 22%
   Very Vague 8%
   No Opinion

g. Very Concerned 2%
   Concerned 66%
   Unconcerned 16%
   Very Unconcerned 16%
   No Opinion

h. Very Dependable 4%
   Dependable 69%
   Undependable 2%
   Very Undependable 2%
   No Opinion 23%

7. I respect the U.S. legal judicial system:
   Very Much 34%
   Somewhat 60%
   Very Little 6%

8. Since my recent experience with SLS, this respect has:
   Increased 18%
   Remained the Same 78%
   Decreased 4%

9. I felt I was treated with courtesy and respect by the SLS staff:
   Strongly Agree 65%
   Agree 29%
   Not Sure 4%
   Disagree 2%
   Strongly Disagree
10. The staff members were approachable: I felt as though I could ask questions and discuss matters freely:
   - Strongly Agree: 68%
   - Agree: 28%
   - Not Sure: 2%
   - Disagree: 2%
   - Strongly Disagree

11. I felt the waiting period for my appointment with SLS was reasonable, given my understanding of their situation:
   - Strongly Agree: 46%
   - Agree: 50%
   - Not Sure: 4%
   - Disagree: 2%
   - Strongly Disagree

12. I felt the staff members assigned to my case were competent:
   - Strongly Agree: 60%
   - Agree: 34%
   - Not Sure: 4%
   - Disagree: 2%
   - Strongly Disagree

13. I felt the staff afforded me adequate opportunity to participate in the handling of my case:
   - Strongly Agree: 39%
   - Agree: 47%
   - Not Sure: 10%
   - Disagree: 2%
   - Strongly Disagree: 2%

14. I felt SLS gave me the same quality service as a private law office would have:
   - Strongly Agree: 48%
   - Agree: 20%
   - Not Sure: 26%
   - Disagree: 4%
   - Strongly Disagree: 2%

15. I would use SLS again if I had a qualifying legal problem:
   - Strongly Agree: 66%
   - Agree: 30%
   - Not Sure: 2%
   - Disagree:
   - Strongly Disagree: 2%
16. Through my experience in the legal process, and because of the particular way SLS operated, I have:
   a. A better understanding of the legal process:
      Strongly Agree 6%
      Agree 45%
      Not Sure 30%
      Disagree 19%
      Strongly Disagree
   b. A better understanding of the role and function of attorneys:
      Strongly Agree 7%
      Agree 54%
      Not Sure 22%
      Disagree 17%
      Strongly Disagree
   c. Been motivated to take a greater interest in the law and current legal issues:
      Strongly Agree 4%
      Agree 24%
      Not Sure 20%
      Disagree 43%
      Strongly Disagree 9%
   d. Learned that there is not necessarily a legal remedy for every problem situation:
      Strongly Agree 7%
      Agree 30%
      Not Sure 33%
      Disagree 28%
      Strongly Disagree 2%

17. I feel the SLS represents a valuable service to students:
      Strongly Agree 72%
      Agree 24%
      Not Sure 2%
      Disagree 2%
      Strongly Disagree 2%

18. I feel support of SLS to be a good allocation of a percentage of my SORF fee monies:
      Strongly Agree 76%
      Agree 20%
      Not Sure 2%
      Disagree 2%
      Strongly Disagree 2%
19. I feel that without SLS I would have had greater difficulty in resolving my problem:
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Response</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Agree</td>
<td>66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agree</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Sure</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disagree</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strongly Disagree</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

20. In retrospect, the legal problem I had affected my:

   a. Academic Performance
      
      | Response       | Percentage |
      |----------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree | 7%         |
      | Agree          | 17%        |
      | Not Sure       | 19%        |
      | Disagree       | 33%        |
      | Strongly Disagree | 24%    |

   b. Job Performance
      
      | Response       | Percentage |
      |----------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree | 6%         |
      | Agree          | 9%         |
      | Not Sure       | 19%        |
      | Disagree       | 38%        |
      | Strongly Disagree | 28%    |

   c. Family Life
      
      | Response       | Percentage |
      |----------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree | 4%         |
      | Agree          | 25%        |
      | Not Sure       | 8%         |
      | Disagree       | 40%        |
      | Strongly Disagree | 23%    |

   d. Social Relationships
      
      | Response       | Percentage |
      |----------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree | 4%         |
      | Agree          | 11%        |
      | Not Sure       | 19%        |
      | Disagree       | 44%        |
      | Strongly Disagree | 22%    |

   e. General Well Being
      
      | Response       | Percentage |
      |----------------|------------|
      | Strongly Agree | 15%        |
      | Agree          | 39%        |
      | Not Sure       | 5%         |
      | Disagree       | 26%        |
      | Strongly Disagree | 15%    |
John Popek did an excellent job with my case! He helped me tremendously and I am real appreciative to him.

You did a very good job. Thanks.

A good resource for student and staff; along with the Tenant Union.

I was extremely pleased with SLS. I recommend them to my friends and would use them again if necessary.

The SLS is a good organization. But my comments/responses might be biased because I had an intimate role in SLS as a member of SLS Advisory Board years past.

As an international student whose native language is not English. I had a hard time understanding what the counselor said. Please do not use law words, use plain words.

Some lawyers working there must be replaced more objective and less biased ones. Some gave wrong information about insurance companies, as if they were working for them!!

SLS really helped me out when I needed it. Just because I was Aided doesn't make me understand the U.S. legislative any better. I would have been in a lot of trouble if it weren't for SLS, so I'm very grateful. Thank you!!

Get interns that actually want to work. Part time legal assistance can be very annoying. Most people have many questions and cannot make an appointment every time they do so.

I'm tired of the legal system jerking me around with traffic violations when the officers services are needed much more elsewhere. I also feel that a DUS should not hold same penalties as a DUI.

Being a law student, I have not answered #6 because of my bias.

Best Wishes!

I think SLS is very good and I think my case was much better handled than at a private office. May small problem (a moving vehicle citation) received more attention than it would have otherwise.

Susan Hessee was a great help. She was very receptive to my questions that I had
about my case. Thanks much for all your help Susan!

Wonderful work! I felt that Student Legal Service really was concerned about my situation. I was very pleased with the outcome.

My "legal problem" was a landlord thing and without the SLS I really didn't know what I could do about it. Thanks to you, though, everything turned out ok!

Thank you!

Tom Betz is a very efficient attorney and should be generously compensated.

Responses to QNs 5 & 6 are based on previous experience with the legal system involving police, public defenders and the DA's office. The SLS was God sent.

Everything ended ideally.

SLS is a very beneficial service I discovered my sophomore year. I wish I'd known about it the first year. But recently, I think publicity is better for it. Great Service!

I feel that the SLS is definitely a useful service to students and worthy of SORF support. However, it is unfortunate that the attorneys have such a full caseload and are unable to dedicate themselves to each particular case in a more proficient manner. I also feel that the attorneys at the SLS should be mindful that they are there to serve the students. In such, I feel that the attorneys should try not to be condescending to students as they become engulfed in professionalism.

Thomas Betz did an excellent job of handling my traffic case. I wish I would have known of these services earlier. Thank you!

Keep up the good work!
X. Special Letters of Acknowledgement

Student Legal Service/University of Illinois at Chicago

Client Letter

Clients Letter

Student Letter

Office of International Student Affairs

Client Letter

Client Letter

Client Letter

Panhellenic Council

Client Letter

Client Letter

Client Letter

Office of International Student Affairs

Client Letter

Office of the Dean of Students

Client Letter

Client Letter

(names have been deleted to protect attorney-client privilege

40
XI. Special Requests for Brochure Distribution

*Summer Orientation Information Fair*
July 1 - July 8, 1993

*Fifteenth Annual Campus Resource Fair*
August 18, 1993

*Move In Day – FAR/PAR Residence Halls*
August 22, 1994

*McKinley Health Center*
September 15, 1993

*UIUC Residence Halls Mailbox Distribution*
September 27, 1993

*Hate Speech and First Amendment Rights – PAR Residence Hall*
October 6, 1993

*UIUC Residence Halls Mailbox Distribution*
February 18, 1994

*Summer Orientation Information Fair*
June 1 - June 30, 1994
XII. Student Legal Service Listings

UIUC Student/Staff Directory  
1993-1994

Illinibook  
1993-1994

Unofficial Student Guide  
93-4

Help Book Human & Social Service Directory  
October 1993

Women's Resource Directory  
Spring 1994
WELCOME TO THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

Student Legal Service Program at the University of Illinois becomes you to campus. Each year our office serves nearly 3,000 students regarding various legal problems. The office is staffed by the full-time attorneys. The purpose of the program is to inform students of the practical aspects of the law as applied to their individual problems. Representation in court is available in many cases.

WHO IS ELIGIBLE?

Students enrolled at the University of Illinois who have not received a refund of the $5.00 Student Organization Resource Fee (SORF) are eligible to use the service. The Student Legal Service cannot even give you general advice if you have refunded your SORF fee.

WHAT KIND OF SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE?

The office provides counseling and representation in landlord-tenant, traffic, misdemeanors, name changes, oll claims, city ordinance violations and in many other areas too numerous to list. All questions and concerns kept completely confidential.

HOW TO USE THE SERVICE

To use the office you must come to the office in person, show your student identification, and necessary research done prior to your appointment. Legal advice will not be given over the telephone. This policy is for the protection of your privacy.

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE

324 ILLINI UNION

333-9033

Hours: 8:30-12:00
and 1:00-4:30
Monday through Friday

Paid by SORF

Ad -- Daily Illini

Welcome Back Issue 8/93

8/26/93

III.i.
STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE PRESENTS in widescreen presentation

KEGGER'S DELIGHT a Kafkasque tour de farce

规则 by:
Champaign City Council
Assistant Director and Enforcement
Assistance by: Champaign Police Department
Production Assistance: Champaign County Circuit Court

Fines so high they hit Jupiter

★ Starring: Bill DiNyro Murl Strep
★ Costarring a cast of student back lot extras

The Critics are Raving

"A rollicking romp through the labyrinth of local government... truth is stranger than fiction."
Gene Shallot

"Frightening... Why wouldn't students get a free 'K' license and avoid $3,600 in fines?"
Jean Ziskol

"Two thumbs down... The plot goes beyond absurdist theater, it is impossible to believe that students would not obtain a free 'K' license to prevent getting hit with thousands of dollars in fines."
Roger Egbert

"A refreshing dose of cinematic emotionalism... the performance of DiNyro feigning ignorance of the 'K' license law makes him an Oscar contender."
Pauline Cool

What Theatergoers Are Saying

"Before I had my keg party, I went to Student Legal Service. I obtained my free 'K' license at City Hall and never saw hide nor hair of the cops."
T.B., UIUC undergrad

"I'll go to City Hall for a free 'K' license before my next party. I can't afford a $310 minimum fine.
S.H., UIUC grad student

"I laughed, I cried, I kissed $310.00 goodbye; next time I'll go to City Hall for my 'K' license."
J.P., UIUC law student

Rated K - get your keg license

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union
333 1065

Paid for by SORF

Ad Daily Illini
8/31/93
9/7/93
9/17/93
PHONY IDs: The law has changed

Possession or use of a false ID card now carries up to 1 year in jail and a mandatory fine of $500 or 50 hours community service. The second time it is a class 4 felony.

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union
1401 W. Green St., Urbana
(217) 333-9059
Paid for by I.O.R.P.

Ad -- Daily Illini
9/20/93
9/22/93
9/24/93

III.iii.

45
Ad -- Daily Illini
9/27/93 - 10/8/93
STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE PRESENTS ITS
PARTY GUIDE
(OR HOW TO STAY OUT OF JAIL WITH MINIMAL EFFORT)

- Plan it around a theme other than booze, (i.e. dress-up as your favorite administrator);
- Serve no-octane drinks too; do snacks;
- It's ILLEGAL to charge or pass the hat to pay for booze;
- Keep the noise down;
- Get a K-License for all kegger partles;
- Check IDs for age;
- Set limits on how much booze is served;
- Do a last call and then cut everyone off an hour before you kick them out;
- Be a Bud! Get Intoxicated guests home safe, (or let them sack-out on your floor or bathtub);
- Don't drive drunk, don't park drunk- stay the %@!*!@% off the grass with your car.

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 ILLINI UNION
1401 W. GREEN ST., URBANA
(217)333-9053
PAID FOR BY S.O.R.F.

10-1-93

Ad -- Daily Illini
9/27/93
10/1/93
10/4/93

III.V.

47
ILLINOIS DUI PENALTIES

PENALTIES

DUI CONVICTION
AGE 21 & OVER
FIRST CONVICTION
- Minimum one-year loss of full driving privileges.
- Possible imprisonment for up to one year.
- Fine of $1,000.

DUI CONVICTION
UNDER AGE 21
FIRST CONVICTION
- Minimum two-year loss of full driving privileges. (Offender may not apply for a restricted driving permit until the second year of revocation.)

SECOND CONVICTION
- Loss of full driving privileges for a minimum of three years or until reaching age 21, whichever is longer.
- Mandatory 48 hours in jail or 10 days community service for a second conviction in a five-year period.
- Possible imprisonment for up to one year.
- Maximum fine of $1,000.

SUMMARY SUSPENSION
FIRST OFFENSE
- A chemical test indicating a blood alcohol concentration of .10 or greater results in a mandatory three-month drivers' license suspension.
- Refusal to submit to or failure to complete chemical testing results in a mandatory six-month license suspension.

SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE
- A chemical test indicating a blood alcohol concentration of .10 or greater results in a mandatory 12-month drivers' license suspension.
- Refusal to submit to or failure to complete chemical testing results in a mandatory 24-month suspension.

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 ILLINI UNION

Paid for by SORF

Ad -- Daily Illini
10/18/93
10/22/93

III.vi.

48
SEEN ANY BAR RAIDS LATELY?

Phony Driver's License Means:

- Any use or possession by a student of someone else's driver's license, or
- Any use or possession of an "artistically revised" current driver's license,
- To obtain alcoholic beverages; PENALTIES:
- "Class A" Misdemeanor, and
- Up to a 365 days in JAIL, and
- A MINIMUM $500.00 fine, and
- Suspension of your Driver's License.

AS OF NOVEMBER 4TH THERE HAVE BEEN NO POLICE RAIDS AGAINST STUDENTS IN BARS--- PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT THIS CAN'T LAST.

Paid for by S.O.R.F.
Student Legal Services
1401 W. Green Street, 324 Illini Union.
333-9053

The Above Ad Ran in The Daily Illini
11/15/93
11/16/93
11/18/93
11/22/93
12/9/93
tips for winter break

Before you take off on your hard earned winter break, please:

1. Make sure you have renter's insurance. Winter Break is a prime time for burglars. If you can't afford insurance, take your valuables with you!
2. A common means of breaking into apartments is the use of the pass key; however, you should still lock all doors and windows.
3. Don't shut off the heat in your apartment! This will lead to frozen pipes and major destruction. Check with your landlord to see what temperature you should maintain and leave the thermostat at least 2 degrees higher than what the landlord recommends. Tenants in past years have been billed as much as $14,000 for frozen pipes.
4. Inventory your personal items which have quick sale value. Keep a written list of serial numbers of TVs, stereos, CD player. If a theft takes place this information can help police investigate, brand your CDs.
5. Don't leave your car parked on the street while you're on break. Streets are routinely plowed/cleaned during break. Your car will be towed/ticketed and unavailable when you return to campus. You can expect a minimum charge of $50 to rescue your vehicle.
6. Check your lease. If you are going to return on January 3, 1994, you may accumulate two days of late charges unless you prepay rent or your lease provides for a free grace period.

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union
Hours: 8:30 a.m. - 12 noon and 1:00 - 4:30 p.m.

Paid for by SORF

The above ad ran in the Daily Illini the following dates:

12/7/93
12/8/93
12/9/93
12/10/93
12/13/93

III.viii.
On the second day of lease hunting my attorney gave advice to me:

Do not give a deposit or sign until certain you want the apartment; you won’t get your money back if you change your mind.

If you give a deposit to “hold” an apartment you will not get it back if you change your mind later. The landlord will stand on the lease.

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 Illini Union
paid for by SORF

© STUDENT LEGAL SERVICES 1994

1-12-94

First DAY of lease hunting Ad did not run
Nancy @ DI will credit us for that ad.

III.ix.

51
On the second day of lease hunting my attorney gave advice to me:

Do not give a deposit or sign until certain you want the apartment; you won’t get your money back if you change your mind.

If you give a deposit to “hold” an apartment you will not get it back if you change your mind later. The landlord will stand on the lease.

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 Illini Union
paid for by SORF

© STUDENT LEGAL SERVICES 1994
STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 Illini Union
1401 E. Green Street
Urbana, IL 61801
(217) 333-9053

Office Hours:
Monday-Friday
8:30-12  1-4:30

Problems with your landlord?
Seek Student Legal Service!!
On the third day of lease hunting my attorney gave advice to me:

Read the lease carefully.

The landlord's obligations to you are only what is contained in writing in the lease. So are yours. Take the time to read what it says. "I did not know" equals "big disappointment."

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 Illini Union

© Student Legal Services 1994  Paid for by SORF
WEE, CHEATHAM AND HOWE, TRAVEL ARRANGERS
PRESENTS
SPRING BREAK 1994
CHECK OUT THESE SUN-HOT SPECIALS:

CANCUN: 7 days, 2 nights - $398.00 inc.: RT air from Ecuador, 2 nights hotel stay.++
FORT LAUDERDALE: 5 days/4 nights - $259.00 inc.: RT air from Orlando, sleeping accommodations on the beach and buffet feast.++
SOMALIA: Food Fest Escape Weekend, RT air from Rantoul A.F.B.+++
SOUTH PADRE ISLAND: 7 days/6 nights or 14 afternoons. $429.00 inc. air fare on Midway Airlines or Takeaive Air Club, Avenue sailing, meals and lodging.++++
BOSNIA: From $400.00 hiking and winter sports tour.++++

KEY TO FOOTNOTES:
++ Based on 40 person occupancy per room, Dr. Scholl's not included and 5 nights at the Cancun City Animal Shelter.
+++ Accommodations include sleeping bag and 4 foot square spot on sandy beach, bag look extra; feast held at Fort Lauderdale Salvation Army Headquarters - reservations recommended.
++++ Includes international buffet at Mogadishu Port Authority; ground transportation arranged through Warford or U.N. Escort services.
+++++ Rating dependent upon weather conditions; meals are catch-your-own with fishing pole included - bait, line, & net extra. (No guns or dynamite allowed.)
++++++ Proof of ethnic cleansing required.

Although the above may be a bit exaggerated, we at Student Legal Services hope you take notice of the following in making your plans, and wish you pleasant travel wherever you may go.

WHAT TO WATCH OUT FOR:
1. The package trip lists a post office box as the headquarters of the agency.
2. The price is just too good to be true.
3. Lodging near the ocean (near is a relative term and may mean miles).
4. Very inexpensive lodging (the price doesn't include the security deposit which you discover when checking in and no longer have money left to eat on). Rarely will your damage deposit be returned!
5. Advertisements giving you cash or a spring vacation for signing a residential lease. You are paying for the trip in your rental payment price.
6. Means of transportation - find out exactly how and when you are to arrive at your destination and get this in writing. A bus to Florida may take you to Iowa, Wisconsin, Ohio, etc., picking up other students before heading South.
7. How many people are in your lodging - get this in writing.
8. Beware of student travel agents working on commission; it is rare that student travel agents really know anything about the travel company.

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 ILLINI UNION
1401 WEST GREEN STREET
(217)333-9053

Paid for by SORF

Office hours: 8:30-12:00 and 1:00-4:30 Monday through Friday

This ad ran in the Daily Illini on the following dates:
1/28/94
2/15/94
2/22/94
3/1/94

III.xiii.
On the fourth day of lease hunting my attorney gave advice to me:

**Take the lease to Student Tenant Union before you sign it.**

The Student Tenant Union is experienced in explaining lease terms and can help you write in terms you want. Before you sign is the only opportunity you have to do this. After is too late.

**Or Come To Us:**
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union

Paid for by SORF
© Student Legal Services 1994

DF 2-2-94
On the fifth day of lease hunting my attorney gave advice to me:

Check out the landlord.

The Student Tenant Union has files containing complaints made against landlords by students. A quick review of a pertinent file may illuminate a landlord's history of treatment of tenants. A fully informed tenant increases his/her chances of a better living environment.

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union

Paid for by SORF

© Student Legal Services 1994
On the sixth day of lease hunting my attorney gave advice to me:

*Choose your roommates carefully; if they leave, you still owe all the rent.*

It’s your decision with whom you choose to live. But remember, if a roomie leaves for whatever reason mid-semester your are stuck with their share of the rent as well as yours; and eviction if you fail to do so.

---

**Student Legal Service**

324 Illini Union

Paid for by SORF

© Student Legal Services 1994
On the seventh day of lease hunting my attorney gave advice to me:

Insist on seeing the apartment you are thinking of renting before you sign; not one just like it or a "model."

A "model" is supposed to look good. A model may or may not be "exactly" like the apartment you are interested in. Why take the chance that it is not?
ON THE EIGHTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING
MY ATTORNEY GAVE ADVICE TO ME:
Get all landlord promises in writing on the lease itself,
including promises to repair.

"A man's word is his bond"
unfortunately went out in the late
1800's. Because of forgetfulness and
other reasons it is now imperative
that whatever you agree to or with
be in writing on the lease itself. If
the terms are lengthy, write an
"Addendum to the Lease," and
attach it to the lease.

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union

© Student Legal Services 1994
Paid for by SORF

III.xix.
61
WANT A GREAT SPRING BREAK?

BEFORE YOU GO:
1. GET RENTER'S INSURANCE. EVERYONE IN C.I.'S KNOWS WHEN BREAK IS; INCLUDING THOSE WHO BELIEVE THAT WHAT IS YOURS IS THEIRS (E.K.A. SOCIALISTIC CRIMINOLOGY). OR, TAKE YOUR VALUABLES WITH YOU.
2. LOCK UP YOUR APARTMENT.
3. USE ONLY RELIABLE TRAVEL AGENCIES TO BOOK YOUR PLANS.
4. GET A TIMER FOR LIGHTS IN YOUR APARTMENT -- IT DOES MAKE BURGLARS THINK TWICE.

WHEN YOU GO:
1. CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES THAT ARE ILLEGAL HERE ARE ILLEGAL EVERYWHERE; A BUST IN FLORIDA OR TEXAS WILL FOLLOW YOU HERE TO ILLINOIS; AND WILL AFFECT YOUR STUDENT LOANS. ALSO YOUR CONCEPT OF WHAT AMOUNT IS FOR PERSONAL USE VERSUS DISTRIBUTION IS NOT HOW THE POLICE SEE IT.
2. YOU HAVE TO BE 21 YEARS OLD TO LEGALLY DRINK -- SPRING BREAK IS NOT A LEGAL DEFENSE. FALSE DRIVERS LICENSE LAWS EXIST EVERYWHERE AND THE POLICE DO NOT LIKE "BREAKERS" IN THEIR TOWNS, ENOUGH SAID.
3. A VAN, 15 PEOPLE AND A TAPPED KEG IS ILLEGAL TRANSPORTATION IN EVERY STATE FROM HERE TO FLORIDA OR TEXAS.
4. BOTTOM LINE: ALTHOUGH TOURISM IS IMPORTANT TO EVERY STATE IN THE UNION, NO STATE SUSPENDS THEIR LAWS FOR THE HOLIDAY. BE CAREFUL.

PAID FOR BY SORF
STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
324 ILLINI UNION
1401 W. GREEN STREET
URBANA, IL 61801
217/333-9053
ON THE NINTH DAY OF LEASE HUNTING MY
ATTORNEY GAVE ADVICE TO ME:

Zoning in Urbana allows only 4 unrelated people to
live together.

Most housing in Urbana is zoned like this. If your landlord says
that it is alright for more than 4 unrelated (i.e. blood or
marriage) to live together- call the City. If you sign a lease and
the City requires that some of you must leave, the landlord will
not reduce the rent, the rest will have to pay a higher share.

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union

Bill Joe
Rich John

See Bob and Sam go.
See Urbana evict them.
See the rent stay the same.
WHEN YOU'RE IN TROUBLE, WHO YA GONNA CALL...

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE

LAW DAY U.S.A.
MAY 1, 1994
10 STEPS TO PROTECT YOUR SECURITY DEPOSIT

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
At the University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign

STEP 1: Call the owner or manager two weeks before you move out to arrange joint inspection of the apartment.
Be sure to clean your apartment completely and have all your belongings removed before the time of the appointment.

STEP 2: Before the appointment, prepare a complete, written inventory of the condition of the rental unit. Be sure to list each item in each room. Make two copies of the inventory. SAMPLE INVENTORY FORMS ARE AVAILABLE AT THE TENANT UNION AND STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE.

STEP 3: Call a carper and a witness. A witness can be anyone 18 or older who is NOT a roommate or a family member.

STEP 4: If the landlord appears for the appointment to check you out, be sure to ask him to sign and date your inventory form. This will protect you if the landlord later decides to charge for damage that did not exist. YOU MUST KEEP A COPY OF THE INVENTORY.

STEP 5: If the landlord does not appear for the inspection, or if she refuses to sign your inventory form, walk through the apartment with your witness and have him take notice of the condition.

STEP 6: Before you give back the keys, take photographs, in the presence of your witness, that show the oven, refrigerator, kitchen area and bathroom are clean, that the walls are clean and not damaged, that the carpet is clean, etc. The picture, along with your witness' notarized signature on the inventory form, are your proof that the place was clean.

If there was any damage, you are responsible for, take a picture of that too. You do not want the landlord claiming that a hole the size of a quarter was only 4 feet wide.

STEP 7: If you sublet your apartment for the summer, return at the end of the sublease period to follow these procedures with your subtenant. Lack of proof of the condition they leave the place in may result in deductions from YOUR deposit.

STEP 8: Be sure that you return ALL keys to the apartment, mailbox, laundry room, etc. Return keys in person and/or get a receipt to avoid being charged for lost changes. It is best to have one person in your group responsible for returning all keys.

STEP 9: When you get your deposit refund, contact Student Legal Service if you have any questions or complaints about the amount deducted.

STEP 10: DO NOT TAKE A SCROF REFUND. If you want us to use Student Legal Service to pursue settlement of a problem, our office cannot help you if you take a SCROF refund. It will be very helpful to have your witness sign the inventory form in the presence of a NOTARY PUBLIC. This will prove that you and your witness were really together on the date of the inspection. Student Legal Service has a Notary Public.

5.9.94

PAID FOR BY SCROF

STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE
244 ILLINI UNION
333-6033

III.xxiii
Talking is first step for noisy neighbors

It's 4 a.m. and they're still at it upstairs, bawling, shrieking, moans piercing the night like an organic Banehees. Three times in two hours! Each extended foreplay more raucously, their voices loafing in rafter shaking spasms that reverberate through your ceiling and walls.

My God, you think to yourself, what record are they trying to set, don't they know that some people have 8 a.m. classes! You are not just a jealous prude, you would simply like to occasionally enjoy a good night's sleep in your downstairs apartment that has the soundproofing of a box of Hydrox cookies. An occasional Friday night orgy or wild party is one thing, but the nightly escapades accompanied by the voice of Whitney Houston warbling like an operatic diva with tuberculosis is more than anyone should have to tolerate.

You resolve that you are going to call the police regardless of how foolish this makes you feel. Before you make the call, consider some of the following approaches first.

This writer readily concedes that bad taste in music fully warrants criminal prosecution—the death penalty is insufficient sanction for such torture. Tasteful being subjective, the police cannot exercise their authority based upon aesthetic discretion, but only based upon decibel levels. In the clear-eyed morning there are several practical steps you can take. Politely talk to your offending neighbor in a non-threatening manner about "late night noise." Yes, they will be embarrassed (all pleasures have penalties). It is likely in their passion they were unaware of the volume of their excitement. Ninety percent of the time this will solve any noise problem in apartment living.

Amazingly, most people fail to take this basic step and immediately get third parties involved—the landlord or the cops. Failing to contact the noisemaker before taking other action serves to irritate the landlord and interrupts the cops in the middle of eating a chocolate donut, but most importantly, it might permanently alienate you from the neighbor. Civility becomes strained at best.

The court system is filled with petty disputes between neighbors and, for that matter, roommates who have not bothered to talk with one another about their grievances, leading to congested dockets and great taxpayer expense. While it is preferable to resolve things in court rather than by fist or lethal weapon, it remains true even in today's "my rights are all that count" world that discussing problems tends to resolve them.

In nine years of dealing with this issue, I continue to be flabbergasted by the excuses I've heard for not talking with neighbors. "Well, they'll think I'm racist because it's rap music," or "Their friends all wear X caps." Unfortunately, the opposite side of this paranoid coin of false sensitivity also raises its transparent face. When there is a rational reason not to make contact, or where friendly discussion has failed, then only then should you call in Big Broner, keeping in mind that sometime you too may want to have a party where Montavani elevator music is not the accompaniment.

In contacting the landlord, keep in mind that the landlord has a legal duty not to breach the covenant of quiet enjoyment of your unit; however, it is doubtful whether there is any legal duty for the landlord to control the behavior and noise of co-tenants in your building. Examine your lease carefully as some contracts do contain provisions that you can compel the landlord to enforce. In the absence of a legal duty, most landlords will nonetheless send around notices to tenants regarding noise levels and have been known to directly contact the offending tenant. Both measures are usually effective.

As a last resort, you should contact the police. Do not make a nuisance of yourself by calling every time you are irritated by some dissonant noise or loud conversation. Keep in mind that you are living in a loud, congested campus community and knew this when you signed your lease. I have had many very studious students confess to me that they cannot sleep in the silent "burbs after a semester or two enjoying the campus cacophony of the night. Be tolerant before calling in the gendarmes, but also keep in mind that a noise ordinance exists and is readily enforced, so you are not obligated to become a nuisance.

Those of you who have just purchased the latest Medesistas album do not really have to play it on high volume at 1 a.m. The cost of paying a noise ordinance minimum fine of $125 would allow you to buy at least nine CDs or better yet, one nice set of headphones, perhaps even your share of the rent. No, I am not some stuffy gray-haired parent giving you a lecture, although I am starting to go a bit bald. I love rock music, and it is definitely at its best when played at window-shattering levels, but rarely is the penalty worth the pleasure.

Last year, the Student Legal Service dealt with 116 city offense cases; most of them were noise violations. Keeping in mind that the office sees only a small fraction of student noisemakers, one can easily see that the city of Champaign treasury is the real winner.

The most common question the office is asked is "Where do I get a permissslicense to have a party so the cops won't bust me for noise?" Neither Urbana nor Champaign issues party permits for noise, although a license is required if you plan on having more than one keg. Failure to obtain a keg license will result in a $310 fine. The Twin Cities do not write noise ordinance variances for personal parties. You are wasting your time calling the city for permission to violate this law, although you might be helping the police by letting them know where to go to write their tickets. The best advice I can give you is to maintain sound at human levels before 10 a.m. and after 10 p.m., and make sure that the noise cannot be heard outside of your unit. If you cannot live with this restriction, then please be prepared to make a non-tax-deductible contribution to the city treasury.

Thomas E. Betz is director of Student Legal Services
Forum

Having 'fun' in C-U can get rather expensive

Welcome back to the world of Champaign-Urbana! Nothing has changed since you were gone, in case you've wondered—that's the bad news. You are still regarded by many locals to be on four, or in some cases, seven year vacations from your parents. Because of such attitudes, most things that freshmen, sophomores, and juniors want are still illegal (one man or woman's fun is another's misdemeanor, or so goes the saying). Let's review.

Underage Drinking: You must be 21 years of age to imbibe in alcoholic beverages—anywhere. (The moon is the exception 'cause it's not a U.S. territory yet). However, 19-20 year olds can go into bars and watch 21 year old drink. This means that if caught, you are subject to the City of Champaign Municipal Violations, which are fine-only matters, but those fines are extraordinary, i.e., one beer could cost you $50.00 and up. Nothing brewed today tastes that good. Students are also charged under the State of Illinois Criminal Code for underage drinking, which is a Class C misdemeanor; meaning up to 30 days in jail and up to a $500 fine.

False ID Cards: Use a false ID card? That's a Class A misdemeanor—up to a year as a guest of the County and up to a $1,000 fine; false ID convictions now carry a minimum fine of $500. The Secretary of State can and will suspend your driver's license and perhaps that of the person who supplied the fictitious ID card.

Theft: Next we turn to the subject of the property of another for an extended period of time without the owner's permission. This applies to food and department stores, convenience marts and your neighbor. If you're not the greedy type, meaning the value of the goods is less than $500, it's a Class A misdemeanor; over $500 and it's a felony. The store can also sue you civilly under a provision in the civil liability statute, the alleged shoplifter of a pack of smokes faces liability consisting of the value of the cigarettes, plus between $100-1,000 penalty plus attorney's fees. Bergner's Department Stores relies heavily on this provision and has been using downtown Chicago law firm to enforce it. Many scams are attempted by students; few with great success.

At the end of last semester, a student came up with a "brilliant idea" to make some quick cash by stealing some book return vouchers at Follett's Book Store on campus. He then filled in the vouchers with bogus numbers and amounts, returned to the store and received cash. It took less than two days for Follett's to recover the vouchers and contact the Champaign Police Department, who in turn found the individual. The student faced felony charges because of the amount.

Or another example: a student received CDs from a "friend" in payment for a debt. The student went to the music store on campus and tried to sell them for cash. The store is regularly alerted by police when burglaries involving CDs occur. "Scare off," the CDs the student had were on the "watch list," meaning there was lots of explaining to do to the police.

These are but two examples of many that we encounter. Remember, stores do protect themselves from theft, scams and stupidity. Further thought, any of the above gets you a ringside seat as guest of honor at a student disciplinary hearing. No, Student Discipline has not withered away like an icicle in the sun despite all of the controversy and criticism of this system.

Parties: The City of Champaign has an ordinance that makes it a "crime" to throw a party where more than one keg is present as the main source unless you first obtain a K-license. Face it—college students' ability to party is only surpassed by the quantity of beer they devour. They're a generous lot, too. What began as a one keg bash becomes a two keg fiasco when one more keg is added to the mix, usually with disastrous results. When too much alcohol is consumed it's time to leave.

If the police show, they count one, two and write up one ticket, worth $310, for EACH tenant on the lease. The multiplication for a four-tenant lease is four times $310, which equals $1,240 in total fines. I kid you NOT. Get a K-license for ANY keg party FIRST, at Champaign City Hall—it's free. Tell the Mayor that Student Legal Services sent you.

Just a quick mention of other "fun" behavior that is looked upon with frown and fine. You can't urinate in a public place, be you male or female, and NO excuse gets you off (no pun intended). Walking on parked cars, especially someone else's, is still a no-no. Loud noisy parties get you a big fine—not more guests. Face it, civilized society extracts a price—regulation and conformity. However, you will do a lot better if you regulate yourself rather than make the court system do it for you.

What's the good news? Well, if you do happen to be foolish or do foolish things, come to Student Legal Service and we will try to help you through it.

Forum submitted by John P. Poggi, attorney at law, Student Legal Service
Forum

Keep renters honest:
Know deposit rights

While the start of a new semester means that a lot of your cash is leaving your possession, you might be in a position to expect some money coming your way from last year's landlord. Yes, that security deposit could be on its way to you even as you read this. In fact, if you lived in a building that contained five or more rental units, you should already have at least some idea of what kind of refund to expect if not the actual check in your hand. That's because your landlord has to provide you with the very least notice of what he or she intends to withhold from the deposit within 30 days of the expiration of your lease. If all you got was a list of estimated deductions, then your landlord has to provide you with proof of legitimacy of these deductions, plus a check for the balance (if any) of your deposit within another 30 days.

That's what the law says, for buildings of five units or more. If you live in a house, for example, these time constraints do not apply, and your landlord only needs to act on your deposit in a reasonable amount of time. In either instance, though, if your landlord has made deductions from your deposit it's important to take a close look at them and see if they're accurate, rational or even real. For instance, you might have thought you left your apartment in stupendous condition, having cleaned every inch of every surface, dusted light bulbs and vacuumed windowsills. Ah! You forgot all about the little Tidy-Bowl beat in your toilet tank. The slipper was smoking at the top of his little lungs, "change me, change me," but you couldn't hear him because of the drone of the vacuum cleaner. That means the landlord's cleaning service had to do the job, and one year tenants were charged $4 a pop for this delicate and difficult labor. Consider the time it takes and what hourly rate these people are earning. It's enough to make you scuttle your plans for medical school.

Of course, when you moved in you noted in detail what came with your apartment, and what didn't. Refer to that check-in sheet if you are now charged for missing closet doors, microwaves, Nordic Traks, etc., which were never there to begin with.

The flip side of this business practice is something to be aware of as well. If you were charged, say, $200 to have your old unit repainted, run, don't walk, back there to see if it was, in fact, painted. If it wasn't, why are you being charged? The landlord might say that painting is "planned," and he she just hasn't gotten to it yet. That is simply an inadequate explanation, and you should get your money back.

Then there are charges that are just too strange to be believed. What do you make of a $20 charge for "26 holes with liners" or $7.50 for "bush abuse"? And is it possible for it to cost $25 to have someone pick up a plastic bag of trash and place it in a dumpster? We are not making this up.

Of course, not all deductions are absurd or even particularly arguable. If there is a hole in one of your walls that just happens to be the size and shape of your roommate's, your landlord is entitled to charge such repairs against your deposit. And if you left your rot-tweiler in your apartment while you went to St. Louis for the weekend, you're going to have to pay for Fido's damage.

If you sublet your apartment over the summer consider the damages they might have caused. You might have left the place spotless in May; however, your sub-tenants could have undone all your good work. The landlord can hold any and all of you responsible. If it goes to court the judge might be sympathetic, as in the case of tenants whose subs trashed the house over the summer, leaving behind among other party favors, wall ornaments consisting of condoms.

The judge found the tenants liable but did observe that the subs, while slovenly, appeared to have had a pretty good time.

State law and local ordinance provide that, under certain circumstances, landlords who fail to properly account for and return security deposits can be punished for their shortcomings. No, you can't send them to their rooms, make them live in their own rental units or publish written apologies in the DI. What you can do is hit where it really hurts: in the wallet. For properties containing five units or more, the landlord must provide at least written estimates of damages within 30 days of the termination of the lease. That buys them an additional 30 days to provide proof of the repair of the damage and a check for the difference, if any. If this is not done, then the landlord must refund the deposit in full. That in itself can be a penalty; but wait there's more. If you feel that your landlord refused to provide a statement of damages or has provided you with one in bad faith, and one of our local judges agrees with you then the landlord is liable to you for your deposit times two, plus court costs, plus your attorney's fees.

But wait there's more. For properties containing more than 25 units state law provides that the landlord must account for and pay interest on your deposit at the prevailing rate of interest. If this is not done and paid to you within 30 days of the termination of your lease the potential penalty is an amount equal to your deposit, plus interest, plus court costs and attorney's fees. However, there's a catch. YOU CANNOT be in default in your obligations under the lease. Therefore, if you or any of your roommates owe rent you have no legal right to seek this remedy.

If you live in Urbana almost all rental property is subject to an Urbana city ordinance which provides identical protection for tenants. But some limitations exist: The deposit must be at least $100 and the property must not be owner-occupied containing three units or less. However, the Urbana ordinance requires an interest rate of 5 percent, which is currently greater than that required by state law. The point here is to read security deposit accounting with a critical eye, following up whenever possible to verify the alleged repairs, and be suspicious of deductions that just don't make sense, no matter how small the charge. Student Legal Services is available to discuss all these items with you and to assist you in getting a fair return.

Forum submitted by Susan Y. Hazen, attorney at law, Student Legal Services.
Caught with your pants down? Check the lease!

It's Tuesday at 10 a.m. Your three roommates are in class, luckily you don't have class until 1:30. Finally, you have your two uninterrupted hours that belong to you and your girlfriend. No snoppers, banging doors or other interruptions. Together you head for the bedroom and the throes of passion. As your romance enters its final phase you suddenly have a sense of foreboding. No, you haven't forgotten your condom. Your girlfriend whispers, "I don't think we're alone."

You quickly grab the blankets in a limp gesture of modesty just as you see the landlord swanning the pass key around his index finger. The landlord proceeds down the hall with prospective tenants for the '94-'95 lease. Your girlfriend is in shock, you are in a state of impotent rage. All you can scream is, "Whatever happened to privacy? Ever heard of a goddamn phone call before you show the place? A loud knock at least would have been appreciated!"

If this scenario ever seems remotely familiar you are not alone. While most invasions of tenant privacy are not so graphically extreme as in the above incident, any invasions of your home by an invited third party is an invasion of your personal solitude and the quiet enjoyment of your tenancy.

Perhaps no single issue produces more outrage and trouble than the seemingly pervasive abuse of access to apartments exercised by local landlords and their agents. The practice is blithely tolerated by state and local law. Unfortunately, most lessors virtually guarantee free access to the landlord, usually without any notice requirement. While many landlords seem to intellectually recognize that a person's home is his castle their hearts still dictat that they own the property and will do as they please, after all tenants are "just kids" and should be good anyway and shouldn't be doing anything that might be embarrassing in the first place.

The notion that the landlord might be committing the felony of breaking and entering does not seem to register. What is even more peculiar is that some landlords who enter without notice or even a knock seem to lack the basic animal instinct of self-preservation. Could there be a petrified tenant holding a gun crouched next to the door, who has been awakened by the sound of the door creaking open? I lived as a tenant for many years in Detroit where landlords necessarily developed a keen sense of self-preservation. While Champaign-Urbana is not Detroit, a human instinct of such a profound nature logically should be universal in all landlords.

The privacy protection issue remains bleak in this community, however, Urbana is now in the process of legislating very modest notice requirements as well as setting broad time parameters of when a unit can be shown to prospective tenants. Assuming the ordinance passes in its present form it will be not be effective until April 1, 1994, and will have no impact on leases signed before that date. Champaign and Illinois do not provide any statutory protection of tenant privacy, but Illinois continues to recognize the common law Covenant for Quiet Enjoyment. The Covenant for Quiet Enjoyment minimally protects the tenant's right to possession of the premises in peace without hostile disturbance by the landlords. The covenant does not require notice before entry. It protects landlords when they are engaged in non-hostile entries for repairs, maintenance, rent-collection and showings. An excessive number of showings at unreasonable hours could rise to the level of a breach of quiet enjoyment necessitating the tenant to take time consuming legal action in court. The covenant does not establish clear standards of conduct for landlords and therefore is at best an aspiration for privacy and a mild general deterrence against the most egregious landlord contact.

Tenants and prospective tenants have several strategies they can take to protect their privacy despite the lack of strong legal protection.

1. As a prospective tenant looking at a unit, carefully observe whether the landlord is knocking before entry. Do the current tenants appear surprised that you are in their unit? If the landlord doesn't respect the current tenants' privacy, he won't ensure yours. When the landlord leaves ask the current tenants if their privacy has been respected.

2. Many landlords have drafted leases that contractually provide tenants with notice before entry. This is a positive sign that the landlord recognizes the paramount importance of this issue. Read the provision carefully as often the language is very deceptive, e.g. "Whenever practicable the landlord will provide notice before entry except in cases of emergency, etc."

The determination of the meaning of the term "practicable" is at the sole subjective discretion of the landlord. This is not a privacy clause at all. Look for leases that state, "The landlord shall provide 24 hours notice before entry except in cases of..." This type of provision has a greater likelihood of being enforced in the Courts, but more importantly it is an excellent indicator of the landlord's sensitivity to tenant privacy. Carefully examine the entire lease because even strong privacy clauses are often severely diluted by other clauses of the agreement.

3. Before you sign the lease have it examined at the Tenant Union. That office maintains extensive records of complaints about landlords on all sorts of issues including privacy. Regardless of price and location, it is never necessary to rent from a notoriously poor landlord or even one with a mediocre record when the vast majority of landlords have either a good or excellent history.

4. Many landlords are willing to negotiate a privacy clause into their lease. Those who are totally unwilling to even put a " knock before entry" clause into your lease tend to be landlords who will orally tell you that, "it goes without saying that we respect your privacy." If the landlord won't put it in writing all of the verbal representations become little more than hot air forgotten in the winter breeze. Student Legal Service recommends that all tenants make an effort to secure in writing some form of notice before entry clause in the lease if privacy is of concern. Privacy cannot be negotiated after the lease is signed.

5. If your privacy is invaded, by all means file a complaint with the Tenant Union. At the least this can protect future tenants but more importantly will often change the landlord's behavior. If the invasion is particularly egregious, i.e. repeated late night entry without any apparent emergency, tenants should not hesitate to contact the police. Unfortunately, it is unlikely that the police will arrest the landlord for what would otherwise be a felony, nonetheless, the landlord probably will not repeat the behavior once your resolve is made apparent and he has to embarrassingly explain the circumstances to the police officer.

It is important that tenants protect their privacy. It is also on balance important that tenants not unreasonably deny landlords access to the unit to make needed repairs and inspections, after all, tenants are the primary beneficiaries of properly maintained property. Mutual respect and courtesy can resolve most privacy conflicts if both landlords and tenants adopt such an outlook. I urge all parties to try this approach a try. It works more often than not.

Forum submitted by Thomas Betz, attorney, Student Legal Service.

Illustration by Dave Stinton, Daily Illini Graphics Department.
Forum

A few tips for a fun but legal spring break

It is once again—and finally—spring break time. You have taken all the necessary precautions to safeguard your apartment and personal property. You have renter's insurance to cover your stereo, TV and CDs in case of burglary, theft or fire. You locked up all your windows and took all your cash from under the mattress and put it into a bank account. And you have purchased the potty-trained killer aardvark, and it is locked up in your apartment with only one day of food and a can opener. You have not turned off your heat—your pipes can freeze during March and then you will be billed by the landlord for all damage results from the flood.

Your travel arrangements have been made through a reputable agency, you have your tickets and transfers and your cash has been transformed into traveler's checks. Your articles de toilet and spare clothes are neatly packed and your prophylactics are new and not punctured. YOU ARE READY!

Not yet. There are some fine points that you have to arm yourself with, before going, to help in the practice of having a safe spring break.

First, remember that chemically enhanced vacations are illegal. BOO! HISS! Not only do law enforcement agencies frown deeply on such behavior and/or possession, but they do tell. Your enhanced condition can follow you to this University after-the-fact. A drug bust will cancel out your prospects for student loans. The explanation to your parents as to why you are not eligible next year would be more than a little embarrassing.

Secondly, 21 is the magic number for drinking alcohol everywhere, and that you are on your first Spring Break ever will not be a defense if picked up for public urination, public indecency or taking advantage of a small furry mammal, whether in water or in public areas. Nor may you rely on that driver's license you "found" that kind of looks like you. Some state laws carry heavier penalties than those of Illinois. Should you not have enough cash for bail or be able to find your friends, you might well spend the week rooming with someone named Bubba.

male, female or whatever. Lastly on this subject, that the idea seemed a good one at the time is a weak defense before a judge who is not there to appreciate the brilliance of your artistry. I am not preaching, but this all becomes clear to you, if you remember that most of the people with which you come into contact on break did not, do not, nor will not go to college.

If you rent a car, read your policy carefully! If the rental agent states that you only owe up to $200 in case of accident, your policy might (probably) read differently. When the $200 damage waiver was enacted, insurance companies were allowed to make specific conditions on the renter in order to invoke the waiver. Specifically, when an accident occurs you must report the accident to the law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the accident occurred. It cannot wait until you get to your destination. If not reported immediately to the cops, then the rental agency will not waive the cost to repair above the $200 mark—you are responsible for it. Also, most policies state that you have to inform the nearest agency of the accident as soon as possible. To be safe, take that to mean immediately. Hurt yourself to comply. These agreements are contracts and your signature means you agree to the terms; no matter what the rental person says—the written terms control.

Get some damage check-in forms from the Tenant Union. When you check into your hotel room—fill out the form, have a hotel employee sign it and keep the original. If the hotel tries to come after you for damages or your security deposit, this check in is some protection for the damages the room came with.

Last, but not least, take copies of your contracts and correspondence reserving your accommodations with you in case there is a dispute. Leave the originals at home in case your dispute requires Student Legal Service to help when you get back to the U of I.

Have fun. Now, you are ready.

Forum submitted by John P. Popek, attorney, Student Legal Service.
City proposal improves tenants' rights

To the editor:

Tonight the Urbana City Council will begin its consideration of a revised landlord-tenant ordinance. The proposal contains many positive measures to balance the rights of landlords and tenants. It will require landlords to give 24 hours advance notice to the tenants prior to entering the rental unit; prohibit charges for late fees; improve tenants' remedies when landlords fail to make repairs; protect tenants from intentional deception by landlords in zoning restriction matters and provide remedies for tenants who rent houses and small buildings from unfair security deposit deductions.

The proposed ordinance also gives each party, tenants as well as landlords, the ability to be represented by an attorney when disputes arise and be awarded attorneys fees to enforce their rights. At this time, only the landlord is granted attorney's fees by the lease contract; this is a powerful bargaining tool for use against tenants. If passed, then tenants would also have that powerful leverage to settle matters and enforce rights. In sum, the proposed legislation will go a long way toward putting landlords and tenants on more equal footing.

As three out of five Urbana residents are tenants, 22,000 of them are U of I students, this ordinance is very important to making life as a renter easier when problems develop and provides more protection. Tenants are citizens of Urbana, their vote counts and need not only to be heard from, but also listened to by the council. It is in your best interest to be at the council meeting to support the ordinance. Do not assume that others will speak for you and do the right thing. Be there yourself and support your rights.

THOMAS E. BETZ, SUSAN Y. HESSEE
AND JOHN F. POPEK
STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE

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Show of support needed for ordinance

To the editor:
On Monday, Dec. 13, the Urbana City Council will be taking final committee action on the proposed landlord-tenant ordinance. As one who spent countless hours working on the proposal I am pleased to see that the council will be conducting this public hearing. Numerous landlords directly participated in revising the initial proposal. Esther Patt from the Tenant Union, I and other tenant advocates participated in a series of negotiation sessions with local landlords to bring about this compromise proposal.

Like all compromises, it has its flaws. For example, the proposal allows sublet fees; why should tenants pay the landlords for tenants already legally guaranteed to sublet? Despite this and several other virulently anti-tenant compromises, the proposed ordinance remains a vast improvement over the current local law and is light years ahead of state law governing landlord-tenant relations. Most significantly, the proposed ordinance will provide a legal means for tenants to obtain 24 hour notice before the landlord may enter the rental unit. We might see the beginning of the end of the pervasive violations of tenant privacy which has infected this community for decades.

Because of the exam schedule most students will be unable to attend the council meeting; however, every Urbana tenant can and should take five minutes to write to Mayor Satterthwaite urging prompt adoption of the ordinance without further amendments which dilute tenant rights. Tenants are a majority in both Urbana and Champaign. Make your voice heard.

THOMAS E. BETZ
ATTORNEY AT LAW, STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE

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Tenants will enjoy more power during landlord disputes because of a recent court decision involving three former University students.

The Fourth District Appellate Court of Illinois set a judicial precedent June 30 when it handed down a ruling favoring three students who testified on their own behalf that the house they rented was unliveable.

The decision is important because it allows tenants to testify on the living conditions and loss of use of the rental property. Prior to the ruling, an expert witness had to be hired to testify—at considerable cost to the defendants, according to Thomas Betz, University Student Legal Service director. Betz defended the students with attorney John Popok.

"My real hope is that the effect of this case is that landlords who are lazy and are not taking care of their property know now that they are taking a risk," Betz said. "This case will have more impact on the average student renter in this town than any case we've seen in 10 years."

All other cases allowing tenant testimony of living conditions had been overturned at the appellate level, Betz said. "I'm excited. It's not everyday that precedents are set, especially favoring tenants," said Esther Patt, director of the University's Tenant Union. "I think this will give tenants more confidence when they are involved in a similar type of struggle when trying to get landlords to do repairs."

This decision will affect tenants and landlords all over the state but even more so in Champaign-Urbana and other college towns because of the high number of renters, Betz said.

The case was originally filed in June of 1989 by landlord Lester Vanlandingham of Newhouse Enterprises against three University students—Maria Ivanow, Thomas Tecza and Kenneth Gearin.

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**Tenant**

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The three students, with two others, had stopped paying the $900 a month rent on a Vanlandingham-owned house at 711 W. California Ave., Urbana, because they said it was unliveable. Vanlandingham sued the tenants for $1,800 in back rent.

The court, however, ruled that the tenants had lost more through not being able to use the house than they owed in back rent, Betz said.

According to court records, the students stopped paying rent because the house was falling apart, and the landlord would not repair the damages. They testified that the refrigerator was unreliable, one bathroom flooded twice because of bad pipes, and the heat to one room did not work.

Furthermore, because of unfinished construction to the house, they said animals were able to get inside.

On June 15, 1989, Michael Nichols, Urbana housing inspector, looked through the house and found 43 building code violations, according to court records.

"You don't realize these things until you move in," Tecza said. "If he (Vanlandingham) would have came in and fixed things, we would have paid the rent. The house could have been made habitable, but he just wouldn't do it."

Vanlandingham could not be reached for comment.

The students moved out of the house in May 1989. Betz said that before the ruling, the fact that they had remained in a dilapidated structure would have been used against them. The courts would have said that they should have moved out long ago if the house was so bad, he said.

However, the defendants argued that it is difficult to find suitable housing after already signing one lease.

The case can be appealed to the Illinois Supreme Court, an option the plaintiffs are planning to follow, said Vanlandingham's attorney Robert Kirchner.

"To say that they won is looking at it very simplistically," Kirchner said. "We're pursuing our options. The case itself won't be over for another year."

John Barr, owner of Barr Realty, 1710 S. Neil, Champaign, said the court decision was "a new concept" on which he really didn't have an opinion.
Students debate flaws and benefits of peer guide system

BY CORI FAKLARIS
Higher Education Reporter

Students and faculty said Monday that a proposed peer guide service for campus discipline defendants is a good-intentioned but legally flawed idea.

Graduate student Adam Balon, who acted as a peer guide while an undergraduate at Pennsylvania State University in University Park, and SGA President Joe Frederick, junior in LAS, represented respectively the position of a student and the position of the Urbana-Champaign Senate—the campus' academic policy board.

As part of its August report, the Senate Council's Ad Hoc Student Discipline Review Committee suggested instituting a SGA-run peer counseling office, staffed by volunteer students trained by the Office of the Dean of Students, that would help defendants understand the system and educate incoming freshmen.

Malone supported instituting the peer guide system because he said the presence of another student who knows how the discipline system works can help prepare the defendant adequately for discipline hearings.

Penn State students who faced the process without the "student advocate" were not prepared to defend themselves either through ignorance of the process or intimidation from the setting, which often involves facing a large panel of faculty or administrators, Mal

Discipline
continued from 1

one said.

"There's a huge disparity in the power relationships. The University really has the upper hand," he said.

But Frederick was concerned that any information about the case that defendants would confide to the guides could be used against them, because peer guides are not legally protected from being subpoenaed. "I think that kind of stinks," he said.

Frederick said he was also concerned that a student peer guide would not be taken seriously by the campus discipline committees and that SGA's role as the representative of the student population would be compromised.

"It's a no-win situation," he said. Administering a peer guide program, especially in a politically charged case, could lead SGA to be viewed as taking the side of the student using the advice of a peer guide.

But whether or not SGA runs the service, Frederick said, "we have to make sure the administration's role is limited in an advocacy program."

Committee Chairperson James Dengate, classics professor, said peer guides are only intended to educate other students about their rights and the discipline system's procedures—to "hold the student's hand when hand-holding is needed"—and not to dispense legal advice about a specific case.

Sen. Stephen Bainbridge, associate law professor, said he had reservations about the system because of the defendant's inclination to see the guide as an attorney, who later could be subpoenaed.

"There's going to be a natural reaction to tell this person what's going on," he said.

Dengate said a student seeking a peer guide's services would probably have to sign a disclaimer stating that the student knew the guide could not advise them on a specific case and that SGA is not liable for any problems that cropped up between the student and the peer guide.

Student Legal Services is run by the University and could not advise a student on their discipline case independently, though they can offer the same information now as a peer guide would, Dengate said.

"Our purpose (in creating the peer guide service) is to help make it more present in students' minds," he said.

Frederick said he had a problem with having students sign disclaimers for SGA help. "I don't want students feeling that if they come to us, they have to sign a disclaimer form," he said.

He suggested that administrators rewrite and redesign the Code on Campus Affairs to make it more readable and attractive to students as one additional way to educate students on the discipline process.

A steering committee will accept comments about the discipline report from the University community, and other Senate committees will also review the report this semester before sending it to a vote in the full Senate.
Penalties for fake IDs toughened under new law

BY JASON WEILE
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

State government officials have just made life tougher for underage people using fake IDs.

The Illinois General Assembly recently increased the penalty for carrying a fake ID card, imposing a minimum fine of $500 or 50 hours of community service and making a second time offense a class four felony.

Tom Betz, attorney for Student Legal Service, said the previous law carried no minimum fine and usually resulted in much less significant fines.

The new provision, which was signed into law by Gov. Jim Edgar on Aug. 5, “is one of a very few class A misdemeanors to carry a mandatory fine,” Betz said.

The change in second-time offense penalties to a felony means that second-time offenders can be brought into state prisons under the Illinois Department of Corrections, instead of being placed in a lighter security county prison, Betz said.

“A felony can have a dramatic impact on you. It is not something to take lightly,” Betz said.

The 50 hours of community service, which can replace the mandatory fine, is recommended to be served at drug or alcohol rehabilitation sites, Betz said.

Champaign Police spokesperson Rebecca Hall said the Champaign Police Department will have to decide whether to enforce the state law or to abide by the present city ordinance, which carries a much lighter penalty.

Hall said this change “gives law enforcement another option.”

Betz said, “City police can still issue city offense tickets, and those are usually under $135, but University Police issue state tickets and therefore will enforce the new state law.”

Students had mixed reactions to the new law. Eleni Hadjikyriacou, junior in commerce, said, “I believe it is a good law. Hope...”
Renter rights ordinance is put on hold

by Kelly McEvers
Urbana city reporter

After a lengthy review of public opinion, an Urbana committee decided Monday night not to act on a newly drafted tenant’s rights ordinance rather than forward it to the city council.


Democrat Mayor Tod Satterthwaite said the committee needs to meet with people on both sides of the issue. “We want to get more input and consider all the possibilities,” he said.

Tom Betz, who has dealt with landlord-tenant concerns in Urbana, said it is important to remember the issue is not one-sided. “This is not a tenant ordinance, it is one that will create a better balance between landlords and tenants, he said.

Larry Wingate, manager of Town and Country apartments, 800 Oakmore Urbana on 6

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land Ave., reminded the committee that any decisions they make will affect a large section of the Urbana business community. “Having a large number of renters in Urbana also means there are a lot of landlords,” he said.

One of the main concerns of the tenants is privacy, according to Esther Patt, director of the University Tenant Union. “This ordinance does one thing—and that’s protect tenants from abusive behavior.”

The ordinance, if passed, would require landlords to provide a 24-hour notice before entering the rental unit.

Lori Blewett, an Urbana resident who did not want to provide her address, said that she has experienced several unannounced landlord visits. “Our protection should be a basic right, and we (tenants) should enjoy them regardless of whether we can afford an attorney,” she said.

Margaret Caldwell, a graduate student and former three-year Urbana resident, expressed similar concerns. She said that she experienced “repeated and grotesque violations” of her privacy while renting from an Urbana landlord.

And the violations have not been restricted to women, according to Craig Lassy, who now lives at 2801 E. Illinois St., but formerly rented from James L. O’Malley Jr., 303 E. Green St., Champaign. “I returned to my apartment one day to find it emptied, and my mail gone through,” he said.

But the landlords do not see the 24-hour notice as practical. John Marlin, owner of several apartment complexes, said it is “unworkable.”

Jeff Wampler, local attorney and president of the Champaign County Apartment Association, said that most area landlords are not “anti-ordinance,” and the group will continue to work with the council to come up with a basic compromise.

The ordinance, which will be discussed at the next committee meeting in October, also deals with security deposit guarantees, repair-and-deduct provisions and unclear lease clauses.
Poor hurt by shortage of pro bono attorneys

BY UMBREEN QADEER
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

Many Champaign county residents who cannot pay for legal services are left unrepresented and unable to obtain their legal rights, according to local attorneys.

People involved in civil cases such as divorce and custody hearings or landlord-tenant disputes must find representation from private sources, but not all people can afford to retain an attorney, said George Bell, senior staff attorney at the Land of Lincoln Legal Assistance Foundation.

The foundation, which is a private organization partly funded by public grants, provides legal service and refers individuals to private attorneys who provide uncompensated, or pro bono, services, Bell said.

But "there are more people who need legal services than can be represented by the program," said William McGrath, director of the locally based Illinois Pro Bono Center. The center is a six-month-old organization that coordinates attorneys and tries to increase pro bono services, but does not provide legal services itself or refer clients to attorneys, McGrath said.

Only 20 percent of the Land of Lincoln Foundation's potential clients obtain representation, Bell said.

Currently the Land of Lincoln Foundation refers about 100 pro bono cases a year and directly handles about 1,000 cases, Bell said.

People who do not find representation have the limited choices of borrowing money to pay for an attorney, forsaking court cases or representing themselves, Bell said.

Individuals who choose to represent themselves end up with "generally very disastrous results," said Barbara Slanker, chair of the county bar association's committee on pro bono services.

In custody hearings and tenant issues, self-representation usually translates into losing custody or being evicted, Bell said. Legal rights are often left unrealized when a person is self-represented, he added.

Lack of available services can be attributed to insufficient funding and a lack of interest from private attorneys, Slanker said.

Only one third of local attorneys offer to provide pro bono services, Slanker said. "If every attorney in town would take one pro bono case per year, the problem would be gone," she said.

While it is a serious problem for the general public, lack of representation does not affect University students.

Student Legal Service provides counsel for every student who does not refund the annual five dollar SORF fee, said Thomas Botz, director of the program.

Student Legal Service provides advice and representation for both civil and non-felony criminal cases, Botz said.
Students urged not to respond to chain letters

BY REBECCA JOHNSON
DAILY ILLINOIS READER

Chain letters are once again circulating on campus, but a new batch of letters are out to rip off University students, according to Student Legal Services.

Thomas Betz, an attorney in the Student Legal Services office, said their office has received complaints from a few students since the beginning of last week.

"For every one complaint we receive, there are probably 10 people who are affected. For every two there are 30. For every three there are 50," Betz said.

The new crop of letters instruct the receiver to send $5 to four different addresses to purchase "reports." The receiver is then to send out dozens, hundreds or thousands of letters to tell the same "report" to others.

The reports consist of a photocopied page that describes how to make money through the mail, where to get mailing lists or techniques of multi-level sales, which is what the chain letter is called.

Although these letters are not technically illegal, because they are mailing the "report" through the mail, Betz said they are a "rip-off," which is paying off only to the originators of the letter, not the respondents.

While the originators of the letter will probably never be tracked down, Betz suggests that students try to stop the letters by throwing them away, or better yet, recycling them.

Betz emphasized the risk to international students, who are more prone to receive these letters because they are "easy targets" for the mail schemers.

While Americans are used to getting "junk mail," and will usually not respond, international students might never have heard of a chain letter, Betz said.

Betz said this is especially appealing to international students' spouses who want to make some extra money, but do not yet have green cards enabling them to work in the U.S.

Ivor Emmanuel, director of the Office of International Student Affairs, said international students, as well as other University students, have been plagued by these letters often in the past.

The chain letter attempts to look legitimate by terming itself "multi-level marketing" and outlining steps to follow for selling the "reports."

It also contains quotes from people with names and addresses who have made thousands of dollars. However, attempts to contact these people ended with no phone listings for them in the city they were attributed to, and even a listing for a town that does not exist in Illinois.
Falling balcony cuts birthday bash short

BY JOHN AMBERG
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

A birthday party came to an abrupt end early Sunday morning when a third-floor balcony collapsed, spilling 14 to 18 people to the ground and injuring at least eight.

The apartment balcony at 705 W. Stoughton St., Urbana, crashed into the second-floor balcony before landing in the backyard of the six-unit complex.

"I remember thinking, this is too weird; I could die right now," said Mike Blade of his fall.

Blade, a sophomore at Parkland College who was treated and released from Carle Foundation Hospital in Urbana, said he sustained a bruised left leg and a sprained left ankle in the fall. He said the scene was "pretty chaotic" with people "screaming and crying."

Those who fell and partygoers who watched the deck collapse estimated that between 14 to 20 people were on the balcony when it fell.

A Carle spokesperson said that nine individuals arrived but only eight were treated Sunday morning for injuries sustained in the incident.

More Balcony on 6

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accident. All eight patients have been released. Covenant Medical Center provided no patient numbers.

Matt Schlosser, who was also on the balcony when it fell, said he knew what was about to happen an instant before it did.

"There was an initial crack of the wood, then the balcony started moving down," said Schlosser, sophomore in LAS. He said the fall "seemed really slow." And he added he couldn't remember how he landed, although he said he later needed about 15 stitches to close a cut on his lower chin.

Most of the injuries were not serious, according to Jon Proctor, who said he broke his right forearm in the accident.

"Two other people fractured an ankle and one person had ankle tendon damage," he said. Proctor noted that there was no jumping or dancing on the balcony, and that there was no noticeable forewarning of the collapse.

Craig Grant, Urbana's building safety division manager, said the city ordered the apartment building's manager, Barr Real Estate, 1710 S. Nell St., Champaign, to lock all the patio doors that lead to the complex's balconies as a result of the accident. Grant said he also requested that the agency have the building's balconies and front stairwell inspected by a structural engineer.

John Barr, president of Barr Real Estate, said, "The insurance people are kind of in charge now."

"I think they have contracted one or two contractors to rebuild (the balconies)," he said.

"We're extremely happy that the people were not hurt worse than they were," added Barr.

Grant added that residents will be permitted to live in their apartments as long as no one in the area is in danger. He said the city would not issue a citation to the building owner unless existing conditions are not upgraded.

The apartment building had not been inspected by the city in eight years, said Grant. He noted that aside from the city's systematic inspection which occurs about every seven to eight years, apartment buildings are only inspected after a complaint is filed.

He said it would be a "good idea" for individuals to get their balconies examined by an architect or structural engineer periodically.

Student Legal Service Director Tom Betz said those injured in the fall might have the option of legal recourse. "If they can establish that (the balcony) was negligently maintained or built, or if the landlord failed to post capacity notices, etc., it would be quite possible for them to sue for damages," he said.

The third-floor deck at 705 W. Stoughton St., Champaign, fell shortly after 2 a.m. Sunday morning. The deck crashed through the second-floor deck before hitting the ground. Approximately 18 people were on the deck when it fell and at least 8 were injured.

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Judge drops UI teacher's court lawsuit

by Matthew Goldfeder
Daily Illini reporter

A Champaign County judge dismissed a case Thursday of a University professor trying to sue a former student for car damage incurred during a field trip to Chicago.

Carlos Aguirre, associate journalism professor, sued Catherine Wisniewski, senior in communications, in small claims court for $700 in damages to his car that happened during a field trip last semester.

"Every semester I take my Journalism 360 class on a field trip," Aguirre said. The students were informed that they were going to help in the driving responsibilities on the trip, he said.

At a gas stop near Kankakee, two students who were riding in the car were asked to drive, Aguirre said. Wisniewski volunteered, he said.

The car has a manual transmission which the student was unfamiliar with, Aguirre said, and had a problem starting the car and shifting gears.

"She said it had been a long time since she had driven a stick shift, but I said driving was like riding a bicy- cle," Aguirre said during cross-examina-
tion.

When Wisniewski began driving north on Interstate 57, she had problems shifting to a higher gear, Aguirre said. "I asked her to attempt to shift again, and she was unable to do so," he said.

At this time, the transmission apparently broke and the car was pulled over to the shoulder, Aguirre said. The car could not be restarted, he said.

Wisniewski paid for the tow truck to take the car back to Shelby's in Urbana, 104 E. University Ave., Aguirre said.

Representing Wisniewski was Thomas Betz, attorney with University Student Legal Service. After the plaintiff presented his case, Betz moved for dismissal against Aguirre because it was his negligence that caused the damage.

Judge Harry Clem ruled against Aguirre for negligent entrustment of his car to Wisniewski, who he determined was obviously unable to drive the car.

Clem said Aguirre had three opportunities to stop the defendant from driving.

First, when she had problems starting the car, second, when she was starting the car in the parking lot; and finally, when she was first not able to shift into an upper gear on the highway, Clem said.

Wisniewski said she was glad the trial was all over and that the case was "not appropriate from the beginning."

Aguirre was displeased with the verdict and said people in general have more sympathy for the student.

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Worried about getting caught?

Legal Ramifications

Besides the physical dangers to stunnelers, there is also the possibility of getting caught. According to Investigator Hamlin, students would be arrested for being in the tunnels. "They would be charged with criminal trespass," he says. "It might also be burglary of state-supported property, depending on what they were doing."

"The sentence depends entirely on the judge," he adds. "It may involve a jail term, depending on the situation." University Police doesn't patrol the tunnels, but they may get tipped off by people who see students entering or leaving them.

"I can conceive of situations when [the charge] would be reckless endangerment," says Tom Betz, director of Student Legal Services. "No one is likely to go to jail. They're most likely to get probation or court supervision." Student Legal Services deals with a couple of steam tunnel cases about every one-and-a-half to two years. Mr. Betz believes that intoxicated people are most likely to get caught. "It's a silly kind of activity," he says. "Ooh, this is neat, let's play Beauty and the Beast."

"If you were to get caught doing it again," he adds, "it would be highly likely for you to get dismissed from the University."

According to Richard Justice, executive director of Student Judicial Affairs, stunneling may violate several sections of Rule 12 in the Handbook of Policies and Regulations Applying to All Students (published this year with the Code on Campus Affairs). These sections of Rule 12, which addresses disruptive and coercive action, include the unauthorized entry to University facilities and endangering someone's safety (including one's own). "Each case has taken on its own merits," says Mr. Justice. Probation is the most likely reprimand, but a past history of campus offenses may make it worse. Student Judicial Affairs dealt with no stunneling cases last year, and only one the year before that. Mr. Justice also believes that a large percentage of stunneling cases probably involve alcohol. Some avid stunnelers would disagree: "Well, the tunnels aren't a very fun place to be under the influence of anything," says Ken, "so it's usually clean 'n' sober."

This is the "expansion room" just under the steam tunnel port on the corner of Loredo Tall Drive and Goodwin Avenue in Champaign. According to mechanical engineer Jerry Miner, the machine in the center pumps excess water in the heating system back to Abbott Power Plant so that it can be cycled through the system again. The expansion coils behind the pump compensate for the expansion that local steam pipes undergo as the heat in the system increases.

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Phone company warns of calling card rip-offs

BY NIKI ZIEGLER
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

Illinois calling card customers facing an unexpectedly high long distance bill could be the victims of a new scam.

Ameritech is warning its customers not to reveal their calling card personal identification numbers (PINs) in response to recent complaints of unjustified long distance calls charged through calling cards, according to Jim Donnelly, Ameritech’s external relations director.

Donnelly said impostors posing as law enforcement officials or phone company representatives have been obtaining customers’ PINs by telling the customers that high amounts of long distance calls have been charged to their bills. The customers are instructed to enter their PINs, which the impostors use to charge long distance calls.

“Under no circumstances should any of our customers give out their PIN numbers from their calling cards. It’s like giving that person a credit card to charge toll calls to your line,” Donnelly said.

Because Ameritech does not break down its complaints to portions of the state, Donnelly said he did not know if the scam artists have targeted Champaign-Urbana. He added that impostors move frequently and could appear in the area at any time.

John Popek, an attorney with Student Legal Services, said the service has not yet received a calling card complaint.

Popek said Student Legal Services advises students never to give out personal identification such as social security numbers, credit card numbers, bank account information or PINs over the phone.

“It’s usually baloney” when callers identify themselves as law enforcement officials or security officers, Popek said. He added that in true investigations, law enforcement officials will approach customers directly and produce identification.

Popek said those convicted of calling card fraud could be charged with a misdemeanor or a felony depending on the amount of money involved in the case. He said both charges could lead to jail sentences or fines, and that illegal interstate calls could be subject to federal prosecution.

more Scam on 6
Don’t fake it

The new ID law active Jan. 1 will be a great incentive for students to just be themselves

by

Amy Gherna

It's time to return your 29-year-old sibling's borrowed driver's license, because the state of Illinois has decided to crack down on phony identification.

Youngsters carrying a fake license to obtain alcoholic beverages will face penalties including the possibility of a Class-A misdemeanor—up to 365 days in jail, and a minimum $500 fine as well as suspension of their driver's license for at least six months. This is serious business.

The offenders are not the only ones liable, however, because the lender of the identification card is subject to the same treatment.

Paul Collier, senior in engineering, said he has a younger brother and the law could very well affect him. "It seems really harsh," he said, adding that it is "a large penalty for such a small crime."

Derek Schuler, senior in commerce, said he is relieved he is 22 years old, but the law probably will not change things much. "Every time they change the law, someone finds a new way to beat it," he said.

In addition to the new law, underage bar-goers are still subject to city fines. Student Legal Services Staff Attorney Susan Hessee said licenses can still be confiscated and sent to Springfield.

Student Legal Services gets a lot of fake identification cases, Hessee said, but has not seen any increase in calls in relation to phony IDs recently.

Students who get caught in the web of law enforcement can obtain legal advice and services, Hessee said, but cautioned that they cannot defend second offenders because this can involve a felony charge, which is out of their hands.

"If you’re asked to produce identification and you have a choice between the phony ID and your real one, always give them your real ID," she said.

The penalties for fakers are a lot more stiff than simply taking the heat for being underage, so it's a lot wiser to own up to your true identity.

Risky students also need to consider the long-term affects of trying to dodge the doorman. Prolonged punishment includes side-effects such as sky-high insurance rates resulting from a misdemeanor charge, which will make for interesting conversation at job interviews.

Student Legal Services is currently taking measures to warn students to expect police bar raids in the near future. Police did not make their "traditional September raids," Hessee said, so juvenile drinkers need

Scott Cochrane, owner of C.O. Daniel's, 608 E. Daniel St., Champaign, and Cochrane's, 619 S. Wright St., Champaign, said there has been an increase in undercover activity lately.

Eric Meyer, co-owner of Kam's, said police send 17, 18 and 19-year-olds to various drinking establishments to see if they can gain entry or be served.

"There is a continued focus back to taverns," Cochrane said. "But the majority of underage drinking is off-campus."

Scott Cochrane said the new laws will not really affect business much because local and national attitudes toward alcohol has resulted in hard times for the industry in the past few years.

Not only do patrons face stiff penalties due to the new bill, but tavern owners also will have consequences for admitting and serving minors.

Meyer said most customers who patronize his establishment are at least 19 years old.

He said he does not feel that any extra precautions are necessary on the tavern's part. "We are probably already one of the hardest carders on campus."

Meyer said employees are trained to detect phony licenses, although he admits that some are done so professionally that they are difficult to discover. He added that Kam's does find numerous phony licenses.

Cochrane also said carding policy will stay about the same, because they have an established system.

Cochrane's tries to work with the City of Champaign as far as confiscation of fake licenses goes. Policy on this issue changes frequently because of legal problems, Cochrane said.

Despite the claims of local bar owners, some students think it is still possible to gain entry, and are willing to take the risks.

Maureen Craig, freshman in education, agreed that the law probably will not have much of an affect. "It does make me nervous," she said, but she added that she will still go to the bars.

‘If you’re asked to produce identification and you have a choice between the phony ID and your real one, always give them your real ID’

Susan Hessee, Student Legal Services staff attorney
Committee proposal gives tenants more rights

andlords object to entrance, late fees restrictions

NIKI ZIEGLER
IL IIIIN REPORTER

In Urbana committee will consider council member's proposal to give Urbana a tenants' rights ordinance at a meeting Monday, but landlords said they will present an alternative to the proposal that is more sensitive to their needs.

Ald. Marya Ryan, D-2nd, said she proposed the ordinance in September to give Urbana renters a legal basis for complaints against landlords who levy excessive late fees or invade tenants' privacy.

The revised ordinance contains provisions to restrict landlords' entrance into tenants' apartments to two one-hour periods per week decided by the tenant. Landlords would be allowed unrestricted access into apartments in case of emergency or for maintenance repairs requested by the tenant, Ryan said.

"The ordinance we have now is kind of a compromise," Ryan said. The original ordinance required 24-hour notice before landlords could show an occupied apartment, a requirement landlords said would hurt their business by discounting customers who are in town for only one day.

Miriam Booth, manager for Bankier Apartments, 410 E. Green St., Champaign, said the revised draft is an almost verbatim copy of the original and remains "lopsided" toward tenants' concerns.

"I have to wonder why the legislation needs to be there in the first place," Booth said, adding that a more efficient way to solve tenant-landlord problems is on a case-by-case basis.

But Tom Betz, an attorney who works with tenant-landlord cases, said the current lack of regulation for landlords in Urbana allows them to abuse their tenants' basic rights.

Betz said he has handled tenant complaints of landlords coming into apartments after 11:00 p.m. to pull down the shades or check the heat. He said tenants deserve the same privacy rights as homeowners.

"There's not a landlord in this town that would let me come in their home on a Sunday evening and invade their privacy," Betz said.

Larry Wingate, manager of Town Court Apartments, Urbana, said his entire philosophy as a landlord is to work with tenants to meet their needs.

"I think this is a half-assed proposal," Betz said. "I'm tired of these whining landlords making money hand-over-fist in the campus area and boo-hoo-hooing over requiring privacy," he added.

Peggy Pence, manager for Florida Avenue Apartments, 1205-C E. Florida Ave., Urbana, said she will support Wingate's alternative because of the revised ordinance's late fee caps.

"I think (free access) is kind of a violation," Oberle said.

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and Country Apartments, 800 Oakland Ave., Urbana, drafted an alternative to Ryan's proposal that he said takes into account both tenants' and landlords' concerns.

Wingate's proposal is based on an ordinance in Evanston that treats the landlord-tenant relationship on a contractual basis in which tenants agree to abide by the terms of individual landlords' leases.

"I think this is a half-assed proposal," Betz said. "I'm tired of these whining landlords making money hand-over-fist in the campus area and boo-hoo-hooing over requiring privacy," he added.

"I think (free access) is kind of a violation," Oberle said.

Janet Oberle, an Urbana tenant of S and R Management, said she tried to write a privacy clause requiring entry notice into her lease, but her landlord refused.

"I think (free access) is kind of a violation," Oberle said.
Committee to resolve landlord-tenant ordinance issues

By STEVE BAUER
News-Gazette Staff Writer

URBANA — Requests for franchise proposals to serve Urbana residential trash customers will be sought next spring.

"We need to have a process in place to ensure that the city can continue to provide trash collection services in a timely and efficient manner," said City Council Member Jim Hayes, D-Ward 3.

The council will vote on a resolution to authorize the mayor to negotiate a contract with a franchise company by the end of the year.

The resolution also calls for the city to conduct a financial analysis of the franchise option to determine if it would be a cost-effective solution.

In other news, the council approved a $2 million bond issue to fund the construction of a new police station.

Council Member Mary Ryan, D-Ward 5, said the project will improve public safety in the city.

"I'm excited to see this project move forward," she said.

The bond issue will be placed on the November ballot for voter approval.
Ul community not fond of 21 bar age

Campus drinking: Gap between entry age and drinking age is real problem, official says

BY JOEL RENNICH
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

University students and officials had strong reactions Monday against a recently proposed Champaign City Council resolution that could raise the bar entrance age to 21.

"There is no reason to believe the bar entrance age will prevent people from drinking," said Thomas Betz, director of University Student Legal Services.

Although raising the entrance age has been considered many times before, Betz said he thinks it has a fairly good chance of getting passed this time.

University President Stanley Ikenberry agreed that "students will seek alcohol elsewhere and underage drinking would not be eliminated" if the resolution was enacted.

"Alcohol consumption is a problem at the University," Ikenberry said. He also said the University has spent "thousands of dollars for alcohol education."

Both Betz and Ikenberry agreed that the current situation is very hypocritical.

"The city is teaching a poor lesson regarding law in general," Betz said. "We need to be honest about this—19- and 20-year-olds are not going into bars for just Pepsi and potato chips."

To relieve this hypocrisy would be the "only justification" for changing the entrance age, Betz said. "This is just terrible disrespect for the law."

The Champaign City Council will hold public hearings sometime between Jan. 19 and Feb. 28 on the issue to determine "whether such an amendment would promote the health, safety and welfare of the community," according to Council Hill 94-8.

Students said they would make an effort to attend the hearings to voice their concern.

Julie M. Larsen, freshman in FAA, said that if her opinions could make a difference, she would go.

Copies of the ordinance were sent to the Student Government Association and University Student Trustee Julia Huff, but neither SGA President Joe Frederick, junior, nor Huff, senior in communications, could be reached for comment Monday.

Maria Galluzzo, sophomore in agriculture, said she thinks the discrepancy between the entrance age and the drinking age was "just promoting underage drinking."

Lorenzo Gholston, freshman in engineering, said: "They shouldn't change it because most people can still just get fake IDs. If they can't get it from the bars they will just go somewhere else."

Ikenberry said a "fresh look" needs to be taken on the situation. He said this resolution is part of the "long-term process of changing the attitudes towards alcohol."

A possible way to decrease irresponsible drinking would be to lower the drinking age nationally to 18, Betz said.

"This way underage drinking would no longer be perceived as being of a forbidden nature," Betz said. "The forbidden nature makes it so intriguing."

Betz said more widespread drinking would go on at off-campus parties than ever before if the resolution passed. He said there would be a chance that more property damage would result from an increase in off-campus drinking. "This would definitely concern the landowners," he said.

Another possible ramification of the change would be an increase in drunk driving. Betz said there could be "more driving under the influence instead of now just walking."

Larsen agreed with Betz that there would be more driving since most bars are closer than off-campus parties.

Betz also cited an increase in keg violations, social host liabilities from irresponsible and underage drinking and more cases of people contributing to underage drinking if the entrance age was hiked.
Leasing? Beware!

You're pumped. After traipsing through snow, wind and who knows what else to pursue apartment after apartment, you have finally found the place you will call home for the next 12 months. But before you break out the bubbly to celebrate, take a close look at what you are getting yourself into. Double check the lease before you sign it.

Every detail of renting—how much rent you pay, which apartment you live in, what furniture comes with your apartment and even how many overnight guests you can have—is defined by the lease, according to Esther Patt, University Tenant Union director. Illinois law does not spell out even seemingly important things like when your landlord can and cannot enter your apartment, Patt said. "To put it simply, the lease is the law," she said.

Leases are often one-sided, so if you do not take time to review yours, Patt said, you could end up "very unhappy.

So, what should you be looking for in your lease? Patt said you should make sure that the lease you sign is a "true and accurate reflection" of everything you expect from the landlord and what the landlord expects in return.

Some key items to keep an eye on include:

- Make sure a complete description of where you will be living is on the lease. Patt said. This should include address and apartment number.

- Make sure they are getting the basement and garage as part of the deal, this should be on the lease as well. Otherwise, the landlord can rent them to other people.

- Anything the landlord promises to do before you move in should be clearly spelled out on the lease. Student Legal Services attorney Tom Betz said future tenants are often told that their apartment will be repainted, recaulked, etc. before they move in, only to arrive in the fall to find the exact same circumstances from when they signed a lease.

- Betz said you should also list the furniture, drapery and appliances that come with your apartment. "Be as specific as you want about this," she said. "You want to make sure that if a furnishing breaks or is missing, it gets fixed or replaced.

- Also, parking arrangements should be in the lease. If you expect guaranteed parking, Patt said, you should be assigned a space in a parking lot. The amount of extra rent you pay for parking should be indicated. Also watch out for clauses that give the landlord the right to fix if you break portions of the lease contract, Patt says.

- The question you should ask here," she said, "is do I get the right to fire the landlord if they break the lease?"

Betz said you should be wary of sublet fees because it does not cost the landlord anything when you sublet the apartment.

- Who pays for utilities, repairs and pest control should be spelled out in the lease, Patt said.

- No one in the building should be allowed to sublet without the landlord's consent, Betz said. However, if you are expecting a lease to end before you move, this needs to be mentioned in the lease.

- If there is a clause that the landlord will provide copies of receipts for actual repair work done when your entire damage deposit is not refunded, State law already guarantees this for people who lease in buildings with more than five units.

- Betz warns against clauses that make you pay for the landlord's attorneys if they take you to court to enforce the lease. Other things to beware of include: "confession of judgment" clauses—which could allow the landlord's attorney to represent you in court, tell a judge that you are guilty of whatever the landlord says you are and ask a judge to evict you—and clauses that say you can be evicted if you contact Student Legal Services, the Tenant Union or building code enforcement offices.

- The lease should indicate whether or not you are required to use a Centrex phone system. Patt said many people are very dissatisfied with these landlord-operated phone systems because they often end up paying more for phone service than they would with Illinois Bell. Centrex systems also do not allow collect calls to be charged to your phone, she said.

- Betz has one final warning for apartment hunters: never pay money down to "hold" an apartment that you have seen. "Once you've put it down," he said, "you can't get it back if you choose not to live there."

- Patt said that if you don't like any part of your lease, ask that it be changed. (Any changes you make to the lease must be initialed by you, your roommates and your landlord.) You always have the right to lease elsewhere if you feel that a potential landlord is uncooperative, she said.

The Tenant Union and Student Legal Services both offer free advice about leases, and the Tenant Union maintains complaint records on landlords. So, Betz said you should be sure that you are entering a "relationship" with a landlord you can live with, because once a lease has been signed, you're stuck with it. "There is no cool off period when you can change your mind," he said.
Don’t forget about security

Are you planning to move out of the dorms and into an apartment or house? If you are, you’ll finally have the privacy of your own room and the pleasure of cooking edible meals. But in the middle of all the excitement, you need to worry about the safety of your possessions. Will your apartment or house be as well secured as you think it will?

Esther Patt, director of the University’s Tenant Union, said landlords have to follow the guidelines in the Life Safety and Property Codes, commonly known as city building codes. There are four specific guidelines landlords must abide by.

* Landlords are required to provide apartment doors with deadbolt locks, which prevent tenants from locking themselves out of their apartment, Patt said. She said these doors can be locked or unlocked from the outside with a key or inside by thumb-turning the lock.
  * Landlords must provide apartments or houses with locks on the windows, which must properly lock. Patt said. She recommends that tenants always check the window locks when they move in. “If (the locks) spin all the way around, they are broken,” Patt said.

* Landlords must provide peepholes or windows with sufficient visibility to view the outside area of the apartment or house.

* Patt said landlords are required to provide sufficient lighting in hallways, entrance ways, stairways and parking lots. She said tenants should make sure that any Intercom services are provided, they work properly.

* Local realtors said they follow the building code guidelines and have heard of no problems.

Randy Kobel, manager of Barr Real Estate Inc., said the lights at their apartment buildings are kept on at all times and the shrubbery is cut often to prevent a "hiding place" for intruders.

* "No problems have been reported," Kobel said. "We keep watch of the apartments and address any problems to the police."

Mike Rubenacker, manager of Devonshire Realty, said all the apartment doors in his buildings are equipped with deadbolt locks and that they keep "tight control" of the keys and change locks when necessary.

But regardless of any security measures, theft can occur. Patt said she recommends that tenants buy renter’s insurance because the landlord is not liable for damages or theft to personal possessions.

Susan Hassee, attorney at the Student Legal Services said the toughest case to prove is the theft of personal possessions without forceful entry. The student usually cannot prove the case and loses his or her valuables, she said.
New bill scares some residents

Human rights:
Champaign city council proposes modifications to present statutes

by NIKI ZIEGLER
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

Champaign citizens and community activists voiced their concern over changes in the city's human rights ordinance at a public hearing Monday night.

The meeting gave citizens a chance to make suggestions about the ordinance to members of the Champaign Human Relations Committee, which is revising the ordinance under the advisement of Ernestine Jackson, the city's assistant for community relations and Mary Ann Midden, assistant city attorney.

Specific concerns addressed at the hearing included narrower anti-discriminatory definitions on the basis of age, felony conviction record, source of income, disability or number of children. While Jackson said the added language was meant to eliminate legal "gray areas" in the ordinance, speakers said the new definitions could lead to employment and housing discrimination.

Tom Betz, attorney for Student Legal Services, responded to changes presented at the Monday hearing that resulted from meetings with local attorneys and hous-

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ing experts.

"I think strong steps have been taken," Betz said.

Specifically, Betz said a revision in the original age discrimination proposal to prevent housing discrimination for Champaign citizens age 18-40 would benefit local renters.

But Betz added that the new proposal, which limits age discrimination protection to those over 40 except for the housing clause, opens the door for employment discrimination against young people.

"The very existence of the ordinance gives some of us in the community leverage to stop age discrimination," Betz said, adding that the protection must be broad-based.

Esther Patt, director of the Champaign-Urbana Tenant Union, said, "There's no reason to discriminate in employment against young people."

Patt said all forms of discrimination are wrong and added, "Two of the best people the Tenant Union has ever employed were 18 when we hired them."

Another contentious proposal would allow housing discrimination based on prior felony conviction for drug trafficking or violent crime within a five-year period. Jackson said the revised language is intended to provide a safer environment for Champaign residents.

"There are apartment complexes in Champaign that have a lot of problems with drug trafficking and violence against the tenants," Jackson said.

But Diana Lenik, a Champaign attorney, said allowing discrimination based on prior conviction could lead to more former prisoners returning to jail.

Lenik said that 95% of those in prison are released and that if discrimination is allowed, "we're only increasing the likelihood that they will go back."

Ruth Michiels, hotline coordinator for Champaign County Health Care Consumers, agreed that the conviction revision is self-defeating. "That amendment is undoing what the Work Release Center is doing," Michiels said.

Jennifer Putman, a member of the Champaign County Board committee reviewing the county's personnel policy, said a requirement for former prisoners to present "reasonable evidence that the person would not likely commit an offense while residing at the premises" forces them to "prove the negative."

In revised proposals presented at the meeting, the committee made changes in line with public concern over protection for disabled renters and low-income families with two or more children wanting to rent two-bedroom apartments.

Originally, the disability proposal allowed landlords to require renters modifying their apartments to agree to restore the apartment after terminating their lease. The new proposal requires restoration only if changes to the apartment would interfere in non-disabled renters' use of the facilities.

The committee also agreed to review building codes to decide whether maximum occupancy laws applied to children and applied broader definitions to "source of income" to prevent discrimination against citizens receiving income from third party payments, such as Medicaid payments.

The committee agreed to review citizens' concerns and address them during their next study session, on February 28 at 5:30 p.m.
City fine-tuning human-rights ordinance

by Chris Schultz

CHAMPAIGN — Like a motor that needs fine-tuning, Champaign’s human-rights ordinance is getting some adjustment work.

The second of two public hearings on proposed changes in the ordinance was held Monday by the Champaign Human Relations Commission. At the commission’s next meeting — 5:30 p.m. Feb. 28 — commissioners will make recommendations to the city council, Vice Chairman Pat Stevens said.

But some human-rights and tenants-rights groups are concerned that the “fine-tuning” will open some gaps in city protections.

AMONG THE CHANGES that commissioners are looking at:

■ Allowing limited discrimination against persons arrested and convicted for violent crime or drug-related crimes. The ordinance now prohibits discrimination on the basis of arrest or conviction.

■ There are apartment complexes in the city of Champaign that have trouble with drug trafficking and violent acts against people who live there,” Community Relations Manager Ernestine Jackson said.

Residents evicted after being arrested for selling drugs or violent crimes sometimes come to the Champaign Human Relations Office to complain, she said.

“At first, I wouldn’t take those complaints. Then I was told I had to take those cases,” Jackson said.

The goal of the change is to keep people who have been evicted from apartments for criminal acts from getting back into the same apartments.

But there are concerns that the change would make it possible for landlords to discriminate against people who have been arrested or convicted who are not a danger to the community.

Assistant City Attorney Mary Ann Midden suggested that the ordinance be tightened by limiting discrimination in housing based on only a limited type of convictions, such as drug trafficking or violent crimes.

■ Delete the term “class discrimination.” The provision is too vague, Midden said. There is no clear definition of class.

She added that Washington, D.C., and Madison, Wis., have ordinances similar to Champaign’s, have dropped class discrimination from their ordinances.

But Thomas Betz, an attorney from Champaign, asked the commission not to cut out “class discrimination” even though it’s hard to find a proper definition for it. He said it covers levels of discrimination that might not be covered by more specific labels.

“There is no definition that fits right, but don’t give up on it,” he said.

■ Redefine age discrimination starting with persons at the age of 40, which is consistent with state and federal law. The current law does not define age.

But Betz, who is an attorney with Student Legal Services at the University of Illinois, argued that young people in Champaign are discriminated against, particularly for housing.

“Every day, we have age-discrimination cases,” Betz said. He said the city’s human-rights ordinance gives him leverage to convince landlords that they cannot discriminate against young people who want to rent.

Esther Patt, representing the Tenants Union of Champaign-Urbana, said a provision prohibiting discrimination against students isn’t enough. A landlord could decide not to rent to anyone under 25 but rent to students 25 and older without violating the law, Patt said.

There are only two considerations that a landlord should consider when deciding to rent a property — “Does the person have a good record, and do they have the money?” Patt said.

Midden recommended that the commission consider housing-discrimination protection for persons 18 and older.

AMONG OTHER ISSUES under discussion:

■ Should tenants with disabilities living in an apartment modified for their particular disabilities be charged by landlords to return the apartment after they move out?

■ Should the ordinance be modified to prohibit discrimination against persons who pay their medical expenses through Medicare/Medicaid or their rent through federal rent subsidies?

Midden suggested that commissioners consider prohibiting discrimination based on a person’s source of income or method of payment.
Fee refund reforms struck down

SEAL, SORF, Krannert:
Mahfoud’s proposal would have enacted one reimbursement period

BY JOANNA B. BARCH
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

A proposal to make student fee refunds more convenient for students was struck down at the Student Government Association meeting Wednesday night.

Sam Mahfoud, SGA elected member, brought the issue to attention, saying that he thinks SGA should consider changing some of these guidelines to benefit the students.

Currently students can receive refunds for their Krannert and SEAL fees as well as fees from SORF, which funds the Student Legal Services and SGA Tenant Union.

Mahfoud, graduate student, questioned the refund’s accessibility to the students. He proposed a new system that would still allow students to receive their refunds, but with a few revisions.

Mahfoud’s proposal involved condensing the refund period to a two week period at the beginning of each semester instead of having the refund periods scattered throughout the semester as they currently are.

He thinks this would allow the refund to be more accessible to the students it they choose to receive it.

Students were uninform ed about the concept of the SORF refunds, Mahfoud said. He said students would hear about the refund policy and claim it only for the cash. In many cases, students would not even know what they were being refunded for, he said.

Mahfoud also proposed crediting student accounts for the refund rather than giving cash and giving the student a receipt with their refund so they would know exactly what it was they were receiving the refund for.

Esther Patt—director of the Tenant Union, an organization under SORF—said, “Student’s who have obtained refunds have told me they didn’t even know what SORF is for. In many cases, someone just told them they could get money back, and they did.”

Though the Tenant Union actively discourages students from getting these refunds, Patt thinks that “It is in (the student’s) best interest to not take a SORF refund because SORF is an organization designed to benefit the students.”

Patt, however, did disagree with the concept of changing the refund period to the first two weeks of the semester “because new students, whether graduate or freshman, will not have the opportunity to know what the SORF refunds and other services are about.”

Christopher Burian, sophomore in engineering, said, “SGA should make it easier for students to get the refunds if they so choose.”

“Though I do discourage students from getting the refunds, there should not be any obstacles in the way of receiving the refunds,” Burian said.

Burian also said, “This resolution would stop people from coming in and getting the refunds only for the cash and not even knowing exactly what it is the refund is for.”

SGA President Joe Frederick, junior in LAS, said he was against Mahfoud’s proposition. “This resolution would initially destroy SORF, and it would probably result in shutting down the Tenant Union,” he said.

Mahfoud said the issue was voted upon and dropped Wednesday night, and he is unsure whether he will raise the issue to SGA again in the future or not.
An easy money back guarantee?

Just when it seems like there aren't anymore ways to criticize the Student Government Association, they create some new ones. After spending a majority of their Feb. 9 meeting vainly attempting to toss out the president, they found time to deny students easier access to fee refunds.

Currently students can receive refunds for Krannert, SEAL and Student Organization Resource Fee Board fees, although the process is a pain. But it isn't always in your best interest to receive a refund, especially from SORF, which funds Student Legal Services and the SGA Tenant Union—services that really benefit students.

The proposal, which was shot down, would have made it possible for students to receive fee refunds in a two week period at the beginning of each semester instead of refund being periods scattered through the semester. But if they're going to bother to make this fee refundable they might as well make the process student-friendly.

The concern that students could get their refunds back and lose resources such as the Tenant Union and Student Legal Services because they didn't know what the money funded is a good one.

But it is one that can be solved by simply creating a flier that tells everyone what services they would lose by getting a refund. An explanation of what the fee pays for could be distributed when someone goes to get a refund. The explanation could help students understand where the money is going and make sure they know what they're giving up. But if someone still wants their refund, they should be able to get it easily.

Many of those who get fee refunds are doing it to make a statement, to voice their disapproval. Keeping this system complicated simply to dissuade students from getting their money back is unfair and silly. It is ridiculous that SGA doesn't care that changing the fee refund system could help students and would rather take their money.
New proposals would be hard on young DUIs

Just talk? Some accuse candidates of mere campaign rhetoric

BY NIKI ZIEGLER
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

As the March primary approaches, candidates for Illinois Secretary of State have announced plans to get tough against underage DUIs, a measure some say is a political ploy to gain votes.

Incumbent Republican George Ryan introduced Feb. 15 his “Use It & Lose It” plan to curb underage DUI fatalities as part of a package of tougher penalties against drunk drivers called “Strike Three.” One of his Democratic opponents, State Treasurer Patrick Quinn, promoted a referendum Feb. 16 for his “Not a Drop” law aimed at teen drinking and driving.

Both plans call for revoking the licenses of drivers under 21 who are found with any alcohol in their system. State Sen. Carl Hawkins, R-Galesburg, will sponsor Ryan’s proposal in the General Assembly, while Quinn is asking municipal officials to place his plan on local ballots by Sept. 4.

State Sen. Denny Jacobs, D-East Moline, said he has announced no formal plan for drunk driving penalties, but added that he favors stronger prosecution of high-end alcohol abusers and repeat offenders. Specifically, Jacobs favors increasing fines as blood alcohol content rises.

Kim St. Aubin, Ryan’s spokesperson, said Ryan proposed the legislation because underage drunk drivers are overrepresented in drunk driving fatalities.

Claude Walker, Quinn’s spokesperson, said Quinn’s anti-drunk driving packages also call for lowering the legal blood alcohol content from .10 to .08, but Jacobs said such legislation would do little to help the state.

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December. He said he was glad Ryan came out in support of tough penalties for underage drivers who drink.

Tom Betz, attorney for Student Legal Services, said the proposals are a matter of public relations and do nothing to address the problem of alcohol abuse in Illinois.

According to statistics from Ryan’s office, the average 160-pound person would have to consume four drinks in one hour to register a .08 blood alcohol content.

But Jacobs said the physical impairment effects of alcohol occur at a .04 level and lowering the legal level is merely symbolic. He added that his plan of increasing fines based on blood alcohol content would generate state money for alcohol education and alcohol abuse programs.

2-18-94

2-18-94

more Minors on 6.
Students with HIV can receive general health care at McKinley. McKinley can provide counseling and refer students to area doctors and case managers (see below). The center does not provide HIV treatments like AZT.

You will not lose your student insurance if you test positive for HIV. Student insurance pays 80 percent of general medical care, hospital care and outpatient care. It does not cover prescriptions. For more information, call 333-0165.

Support services

The Gay Community AIDS Project sponsors several support groups for people with HIV and their families, friends, and care givers. GCAP also sponsors the "OneToOne" buddy program, which pairs an HIV-positive client with a volunteer who helps with everyday tasks. For more information, contact GCAP at 351-2437.

Information

- GCAP runs an information hotline from 7 to 10 p.m. at 351-2437. GCAP publishes "HIV's bulle" and distributes other AIDS-related publications.
- The Test Positive Aware Network, based in Chicago, puts out a monthly newsletter written mostly by people with HIV. "Positively Aware" tracks drug more AIDS on 6

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trials, AIDS laws, and other topics of interest, such as spirituality and AIDS. Contact Jeff Berry at (312) 404-8726 to subscribe. The newsletter is also available through GCAP.
- San Francisco Project Inform provides information about HIV treatments and government funding for research. The group runs a treatment information hotline: (800) 882-7422 between noon and 6 p.m. Monday through Saturday.
- The Center for Disease Control and Prevention's AIDS clearinghouse provides government information about AIDS, including statistics and prevention guidelines. Call (RHD) 458-5231

Legal assistance

- Student Legal Services will assist University students with legal issues pertaining to HIV or AIDS including discrimination, debt management and living wills. Call 333-9863.
- Students who believe they have been discriminated against in finding or keeping housing because of the HIV status should contact the Tenant Union at 333-0112.
- The AIDS Foundation of Chicago keeps track of government policy regarding AIDS and lobbies at the state and federal levels. For information, call (312) 642-6454.

Case managers

Students with HIV might want a case manager to help them find and work with doctors and apply for government assistance. CUPHD provides case management for residents of Champaign and Urbana, including students. For more information, call CUPHD.

Social Security

People with HIV might qualify for Social Security benefits— even if they have worked for only a short time or have never worked— through a program called Supplemental Security Income. To qualify, you must demonstrate that you cannot support yourself because you are sick and do not have outside support. For more information, call 398-5399.

Public aid

People with HIV or AIDS may qualify for financial assistance, food stamps or Medicaid, all of which are administered by the Illinois Department of Public Aid. To apply for any public aid program, call 333-5605.

In-home care

The Illinois Department of Rehabilitation Services provides in-home services, including assistance with everyday tasks and meals, to people with low incomes who have HIV or AIDS. Students can qualify as low-income. The program's local branch is based at Carle Hospital. Call Cindy Gotting at 383-4045 for more information.

Housing

The Prairie AIDS Foundation and the Gay Community AIDS Project both assist people with HIV who cannot afford housing. The Prairte AIDS Foundation also gives emergency grants to people with HIV who do not have the money to pay their rent. For information, contact CUPHD.
Reefer Madness

Students who take up risk hurting their education, their criminal record and their health

The following is the second in a three-part series on marijuana, its social impacts, the penalties for using and the push for legalization.

These days it seems like anything remotely pleasurable is—in some way or another—bad for you. And today’s young adults who smoke pot recreationally—the products of the “Just Say No” generation—may be getting more than they bargained for.

Moodle of curious Generation Xers and pseudo-seniors are resorting to drug experimentation—trying to match up to their flower-power predecessors who were notorious for lighting up like chimneys in the 1960s. What is it about grass that makes food taste better, colors more vibrant and Lonesome Arel look prettier?

But for some, marijuana, drug education coordinator at the McKinley Health Center, said as with many psychoactive drugs, marijuana has a mild hallucinatory effect that distorts a user’s time and spatial perceptions. He said the drug, if used for a prolonged period of time, can change the way the brain metabolizes the chemical and ultimately can lead to psychological ailments.

But leave to good old THC (tetrahydrocannabinol), the psychedelic chemical in the reefer that gives smokers their “high” feeling. Farley said daily use of cannabis can cause detrimental health effects similar to daily cigarette smoking, such as chronic bronchitis and lung, throat and mouth cancer.

“The more you use a drug, the more efficiently the body metabolizes the substance. But it takes a good 15 to 20 years to see the results or for it to have cumulative effects,” he said.

According to a recent Illinois Drug Education Alliance (IDEA) report, men who regularly smoke pot have lower than normal sex hormone levels and sperm counts, which may delay sexual development and cause irreversible infertility.

Contrary to popular belief, excessive pot smoking does not kill brain cells, but it does change the brain’s functioning and metabolizing. Farley said a study conducted from 1971 to 1983 found marijuana use increased the risk of schizophrenia in some people.

“Pot smokers vulnerable to serious mental problems may aggravate or precipitate their illness by using the drug,” he said.

Robert Gillamson from the Center for Drug Education and Brain Research in Washington, D.C., said that marijuana smoking reduces cortical brain energy between 25 and 30 percent in transport users on marijuana, its social impacts, the penalties for using and the push for legalization.

One hypothesis researchers are looking into is whether extreme pot smoking can change a user’s personality. Farley said a strong correlation exists between excessive pot smoking and the classic “stoner” image—slurred speech and a laid-back, apathetic attitude.

Because of the strict penalties associated with ganja smoking, experimentation with other ways of attaining alternate states of consciousness is gaining popularity. More adventurous individuals—or those otherwise without access to doobie—resort to smoking apple rinds, banana peels, coca cola and even (if they are extremely desperate) poppy pop.

But Farley said these substances do not have the same hallucinatory effects that marijuana does. But not all substances found in your back yard are quite as safe. Two common marijuana substitutes especially popular with junior high school students are jimson weed and nightshade, both of which are known to cause blindness among their users.

Strict criminal sanctions against cannabis users may be the solution to the drug problem, but what seems like the practical approach to drug enforcement isn’t as effective as some officials hoped, Farley said. He has noticed slight resurgence in the use of marijuana on campus, although it does not match the popularity of the drug 20 years ago.

“People are using marijuana at an earlier age,” he said, adding the diminishing perceived risk of the drug in addition to the media hype has been contributing to the phenomenon.

University students caught smoking or possessing can face severe legal consequences and can be subject to strict disciplinary actions.

According to the University’s Handbook of Policies and Regulations, the law of the land applying to all students on campus, “the illegal possession, use, distribution, sale, making or manufacture of drugs by a University student raises the question of a student’s fitness to continue at the University of Illinois.”

Thomas Betz, advisor for Student Legal Services, said that while chemical from the University is a viable penalty for students guilty of pot possession, the majority of the cases he has seen—most of them involving buying, selling or possession—have not even gone before disciplinary committees, which he said have a “go and say no more” attitude toward first offenses.

But Betz said, “The more pot you own, the more likely you are to be charged with felony.”

Betz said the potential state penalties for carrying as much as 2.5 grams of cannabis—roughly the amount in one joint—is a Class B misdemeanor, entailing fine of up to $250 and a sentence of up to 30 days in jail. Possession of 7 grams to 10 grams constitutes a Class C misdemeanor, which can cost the offender $750 and up to six months in jail.

Students caught with more than 10 but less than 30 grams may be charged with a Class D misdemeanor, leading to a fine as high as $1,000 and a stay in jail for up to a year. Any amount more than 30 grams is a felony in Illinois.

Sgt. Irwin Summers of the University Police reported six cannabis-related arrests made by the University Police department in 1991, nine in 1992, but only one in 1993.

Betz said marijuana use statistics are fairly prevalent, but it is used with a lot less discretion than alcohol.

Students caught in possession of marijuana also run the risk of losing even small, first convictions—any of their current federal financial aid awards and benefits, such as Pell Grants, for up to a year. The State of Illinois has also been known to possess vehicles under federal control to transport the drug.
Traffic tickets, underage drinking—all’s fair in the job interview

When students prepare for an interview, they have a lot to worry about: what color suit to wear, sweaty palms, whether to wear contacts or glasses...

But the application and interview process can bring other worries as well, including sometimes

illegal and always awkward questions about the applicant's race, nationality, children, health, marital status, criminal record and psychiatric history.

Tom Betz, an attorney at Student Legal Services, said students should think in advance about how they want to answer some of these tricky questions—especially regarding a criminal record.

“When looking for jobs, students should try to remember the past five years. Were there any arrests for traffic tickets, shoplifting or underage drinking?” he said.

“According to prior convictions and arrests is not illegal, and those questions can cause problems if you fail to answer properly,” Betz said.

Betz said students applying for government work, security jobs or with companies that have contracts with the government should especially prepare for questions into their criminal past.

In most cases, Betz believes students should answer these questions truthfully, because if the employer discovers you lied on an application or interview, they will not hire you.

“Failure to disclose may be worse than disclosing,” he said. “And they might just write it off as a youthful indiscretion.”

But it is illegal for employers to make hiring decisions based on race, creed, color or national origin, although some questions regarding these issues may come up in an interview for affirmative action purposes, Betz said.

Although Betz said he is not an expert regarding employment discrimination, he said his staff can help students evaluate whether an action or question was discriminatory and guide them to the correct administrative agency—usually the Illinois Department of Human Rights or the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission—to file a complaint.

And if students have worries about questions that might pop up during an interview regarding criminal or psychiatric history, Betz encouraged students to come in to his office at 324 Illini Union for advice.

“Your history can follow you, and it can have devastating effects,” he said.
Sublet pros
give advice:
Use caution

BY RICHARD STOCKTON

'Daily Illini Reporter'

Though subletting is a way to save money
for students who migrate home for the sum-
mer, there are many considerations to con-
template before choosing to sublet your
apartment.

'Make sure the landlord approves of the
sublet,' said Tom Betz of Student Legal
Services. Betz and Jennifer Perica, Tenant
Union housing counselor, both said landlords
often charge a 'processing fee' for sublet-
ting, and subletting without the landlord's
permission might violate the lease.

First National Real Estate, 109 S. Wright
St., Champaign, charges a $40 fee for sub-
leasing. 'The $40 covers bookwork and helps
protect the tenant,' said Jim Oldani, leasing
agent for First National.

But Urbana residents won't have to worry
about subletting fees when a new city ordi-
nance, applicable to tenants who signed leas-
es after April 1, goes into effect banning the
charges.

'The current tenant should realize that he
or she is secondarily liable to the landlord,'
Perica said. She said many tenants incorrec-
tly believe the sublease agreement transfers
all liability of the original lease to the sum-
mer lessee.

Perica said it's wise to get as much of the
rent due up front as possible, to make sure
the sublessee sees the original lease and
knows what general rules the landlord might
have and to try to transfer the name on the
utility payments to new residents.

She said she's seen bills incurred by sub-
tenants topping $7,000 and cited interna-
tional phone calls as a primary culprit.

Betz and Perica both said to document the
transfer with a subleasing agreement avail-
able from the landlord or the Tenant Union
and to make sure the landlord signs the agree-
ment.

Students who sublet during the summer
hold an advantage because 'this is a renter's
market during the summer,' Betz said.

'Early lessors get on average more,' said
Perica, and many sublessees said they are
waiting for better deals.

'Kim King, a junior in LAS who is looking
for a place to live this the summer, said she
knew friends who had subleased at the last
minute and got a bargain. 'I'm looking for a
cheap deal—$300 for the summer is cool.'

Currently, sublessors are asking about $250
each month for one person for the summer,
in addition to utilities and a refundable secu-
rity deposit. Sublessees, on average, will be
charged about one month's rent for a caulk.
City to release tenant brochure

Champaign info inadequate:
Tenant Union leader calls for repair and deduct addition

BY KATIE R. SORRELLS
DAILY ILLINI REPORTER

Components of a new tenant information brochure from the City of Champaign were discussed Wednesday by the Landlord/Tenant Ordinance Subcommittee of the Champaign Citizens Advisory Board, but critics say publishing the brochure does not do enough to help and only avoids real issues.

Subcommittee member John Roska said the brochure will be short, about one or two pages, consisting of general information guiding tenants who have concerns when looking for an apartment and offering information about who to contact if problems arise when renting.

Student Legal Service and the Tenant Union are two suggestions that will be named in the brochure of places to go with problems, Roska said.

Roska said the brochure will be very general and will not discuss any specific issues, but he said it will be extremely helpful for new tenants.

But Esther Patt, director of the Champaign-Urbana Tenant Union, said that while the brochure will not hurt tenants, it is a benign and worthless attempt that avoids the real issues.

Enforcing building codes for apartment safety and structural integrity has been a serious problem in Champaign for many years, Patt said. She added that one out of five rental units in Champaign have code violation problems.

The subcommittee was formed to try to solve these problems, but she said she is disappointed that it decided to merely publish a brochure that will not address the real issues.

One ordinance Patt recommended to help resolve code violation problems in Champaign is a repair-and-deduct ordinance. The ordinance has been upheld in Urbana since 1978 and because of the ordinance, building code violations are few in Urbana, she said.

A repair-and-deduct ordinance in Champaign is possible, but it is something the City Council needs to discuss and work out, Patt said.

Jennifer Perica, subcommittee member and employee of the Tenant Union, said she hopes repair-and-deduct eventually will be drafted into the brochure, which is expected to be in its final stages sometime next week.

The repair-and-deduct policy allows tenants to fix their residences and deduct repairs from their rent if the landlord has been cited with an ordinance violation and the deadline to repair the problem had expired.

Perica said she was also disappointed with the direction Wednesday's subcommittee meeting took.

She said the brochure was directed solely toward guiding tenants through finding apartments rather than facing the problem of what to do when an issue such as a building code violations faces tenants.
Services

continued from 1

MTD, but drivers can ask for registration papers if questions about a student's enrollment status arise, Hitchcock said.

Student ID charge privileges at the Illini Union Bookstore will end June 21 for non-enrolled students, and Down Under ID charges are now valid only for summer students. Non-enrolled students will not be able to use Student Legal Services this summer because it is funded by summer students' Student Organizational Resource Fee.

Non-enrolled students and graduates will be able to continue using their IDs to charge out books at the University libraries through the summer. Student e-mail accounts will also remain open until the 10th day of Fall 1994 classes; graduate accounts will be closed at that time, while fall students will be able to continue using their accounts.

Frequent users of the Illini Union's check-cashing services also need not fear if they are not enrolled this summer. Check cashing will remain available for students with photo IDs.

Barah Hassan, a senior in LAS not enrolled in summer classes, said she anticipates a few inconveniences this summer because she will not be allowed to use familiar services. "I have to take the bus to work," Hassan said, adding that she just found out her University ID will not be valid on MTD buses this summer.

J.C. Thatcher, a junior in LAS who was enrolled during the first summer session but who is not taking second session classes, said he understands that there has to be some sort of funding to keep services open during the summer.

Still, Thatcher added that fees are already too high during the spring and fall semesters and suggested that the University lower or eliminate summer fees.
September 1, 1993

Mr. Tom Betz  
Director, Student Legal Services  
324 Illini Union  
Campus Mail/MC-384

Dear Mr. Betz:

Thank you for agreeing to speak with members of the Mothers Association and other interested parents at the 27th Annual Fall Parent Conference held at the Levis Faculty Center on October 2, 1993. I am sure the conferees will be very interested in your presentation.

I have enclosed the flyer containing the conference schedule. If you need any special set up or equipment, please let me know. It would also be very helpful if you would send us pertinent biographical information.

The Moms would be delighted if you would also like to join them at their noon luncheon. The luncheon will be at 12:00 noon in the lower level of the Illinois Street Residence Hall. Please return the enclosed reservation form by September 20, 1993, if you plan to join us for lunch. Conferees as well as some of their students will be together for that meal.

We are all looking forward to hearing your presentation. If you have any question, please call me.

Once again, thank you for agreeing to participate.

Sincerely,

Nancy B. Rotzoll  
Executive Director

NBR:pa  
Enclosures
22 September 1993

Tom Betz
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
MC-384

Dear Mr. Betz,

This letter is to confirm your presentation on Hate Speech and First Amendment Rights for the Pennsylvania Avenue Residence Halls Resident Advisor staff. Our staff will be expecting you on Wednesday, October 6, 1993 at 7:00pm in the Saunders Lounge. I will meet you in front of the Area Office preliminarily at 6:50pm.

We are pleased that you have agreed to discuss these issues with our staff. We ask that you send a short bio of yourself for introduction purposes. For your information, the PAR Resident Advisor staff is composed of 20 students. Of which, 8 are women, 12 are men, 8 are juniors, and 12 are seniors. If you have any further questions regarding the staff or its composition please call Durene I. Wheeler or Scott Miller at 333-2950.

Again, thank you for your willingness to educate the staff of PAR. We look forward to your visit.

Thank you,

Durene I. Wheeler
Blaisdell/Saunders Resident Director

Scott Miller
Babcock/Carr Resident Director
October 6, 1993

To: Participants in the 1993 MAPLA Conference

From: Dr. Stephen C. Shafer, Assistant Dean, Conference Coordinator

Re: Identification of Moderators

Dear Friends,

With the weekend of October 15th - 17th nearing, I wanted to let you know the identity of the individual who has agreed to serve as moderator for the panel discussion in which you will be speaking.

The moderator for the session on "Alternate Career Paths" will be Professor Jim Zoetewey, Pre Law Advisor in the Department of Political Science at Hope College. Jim may or may not contact you before the session. I have passed along your work address.

I also wanted to take this opportunity to again thank you for agreeing to participate. Your willingness to share your insights with Pre Law Advisors from all over the Midwest is the most important factor in the success of our conference, and your help is deeply appreciated. I look forward to seeing you at the conference and hearing your comments on Saturday morning. Naturally, if you have any questions, please feel free to call me at my office at 217-333-4923.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Steve
September 8, 1993

Dear P.R. Chair,

On behalf of the Junior Panhellenic Council, I would like to invite your group to our first Activity Day at the Illini Union.

Junior Panhellenic is a group of 40-45 girls, two from every sorority on campus. Most of these girls are new to campus and are looking for ways to get involved. This would be a great recruiting opportunity as well as good exposure for your group. We are planning the event for Friday, October 15, from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. in Illini Room B. You will be allowed a single 8 foot table for your booth. Upon your response, I will place you in a spot upon which you can plan your booth.

We are expecting 500 or more girls to attend, as every house is invited. Please complete the bottom portion of this form and return in the enclosed envelope by September 24. If you have any questions, please call me at 337-1219. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Theresa Boian
Theresa Boian
Public Relations Chair
Jr. Panhellenic Council

TB/mo
Encl.
THE MIDWEST ASSOCIATION OF PRE-LAW ADVISORS FALLS-1993 CONFERENCE

"Preparing Students for a Changing Legal Environment in the 21st Century"

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
October 15 - 17th, 1993
University Inn, Champaign, Illinois

CONFERENCE COORDINATOR AND HOST
Stephen C. Shafer,
Assistant Dean and Pre Law Advisor
College of Liberal Arts and Sciences
University of Illinois
Shelly Russell,
Pre Law Secretary
Session IV - Meeting Room, 3:00 P.M. - 4:15 P.M.

"Alternative Careers for Law School Graduates, or What Will You Be Doing Once Law Is Over?" - Panel Discussion

Examples of non-traditional service and professions for law school graduates from teaching to the ACLU

also, trends in the vocation: "What's hot, and what's not!

Participants: Thomas Betz, Director University of Illinois Student Legal Service, President, Champaign County ACLU
William McGrath, Coordinator, Pro Bono Program of the Illinois State Bar Association
Michael Shirley, Ph.D. candidate in History, graduate George Washington University Law School
Carol Ross-Burnett, Assistant Dean for Career Services, Loyola University, Los Angeles, representing the American Bar Association on Career and Placement Information
Cheryl Heisler, Law Alternatives Career Services, Chicago

Moderator: Professor James Zoetewey, Hope College

Reception and Tour of the University of Illinois Law School, 5:00 P.M. - 6:00 P.M.

(Buses are scheduled to leave the University Inn for the seven block trip to the Law School from 4:30 to 5:00 P.M. and will return participants to the hotel after the reception)

Host: Dean Thomas Mengler, University of Illinois College of Law

Break: 6:00 P.M. - 7:30 P.M.

Dinner: 7:30 P.M. - 9:30 P.M., 20th Floor, University Inn

Speaker: Professor Ronald Reuven, University of Illinois College of Law

"Constitutionalism in a Changing World: Developments, Myths and Perceptions"

Introduction: Dean Thomas Mengler, University of Illinois Law School

Sunday, October 17, 1993

Registration - 8 A.M. - 12 Noon, University Inn, Lower Level

Business Meeting - Meeting Room, 8:30 A.M. - 9:00 A.M.

Session V - Meeting Room, 9:15 A.M. - 10:30 A.M.

"Insights into Debt Management: How to Pay for a Law School Education" - Panel Discussion

Participants: Assistant Dean Cynthia Rold, University of Illinois College of Law
Richard Badger, Director of Admissions, University of Chicago Law School
Bob Haushalter, Law Access, Law School Admission Services, New Town, Pennsylvania
(Law School Students and Graduates - tentative)

Moderator: Don Racheter, Director, Pre Law Program, Central University of Iowa

Break, 10:30 - 10:45 A.M.

Session VI - Meeting Room, 10:45 A.M. - 11:45 A.M.

"Thoughts from Law School Representatives on the Admission Process: Dos and Don'ts"

An Exchange of Ideas Between Pre Law Advisors and Law School Reps

Participants: James J. Faught, Associate Dean for Student Affairs, Loyola University Law School, Chicago
Deanna Ding, Assistant Director of Admissions, Chicago-Kent Law School, Illinois Institute of Technology
Ed Klawezynek, Director of Admissions, University of Minnesota Law School
Lisa Mitchell, Assistant Director of Admissions, Ohio Northern Law School

Moderator: Professor Peter Leigh, Eastern Illinois University

Closing Luncheon and Key Note Speaker - 12:00 Noon - 1:30 P.M., 20th Floor, University Inn

Speaker: Dean Gregory Williams, The Ohio State University College of Law

Introduction: Mary Schilling, Denison University
The afternoon panel on trends and alternative career pathways for law school graduates will feature five fascinating participants. THOMAS BITZ is President of the Champaign County Chapter of the American Civil Liberties Union and serves as Director of the University of Illinois Student Legal Services. WILLIAM MCGRAH is an attorney here in Champaign-Urbana and serves as Coordinator of the Pro Bono Program of the Illinois State Bar Association. CAROL ROSS-BURNETT serves as Assistant Dean for Career Services at Loyola University in Los Angeles; her appearance is supported in part by the American Bar Association. CHERYL NICH HEISLER, who has lectured extensively on career planning, is President and founder of Lawmatters, an organization which offers individualized career counseling to lawyers. Ms. Heisler is a graduate of the University of Illinois and took her law degree from the University of Pennsylvania before working here at the Law School Alumni Board of Directors. She practiced corporate law for a number of years with Katten, Muchin and Zavis, before leaving law practice to pursue a career in brand management. MICHAEL SHIBLET is a graduate of George Washington University Law School and is currently completing a Ph.D. in British History here at the University of Illinois.

Our dinner speaker will be University of Illinois Law Professor DONALD ROTUNDA who is internationally known for his work in helping newly reorganized nations in Eastern Europe and in South East Asia draft constitutions; Mr. Rotunda is a Harvard Law School graduate who has written extensively on constitutional law and has served as an assistant majority counsel for the Watergate Committee. Professor THOMAS MENGLEGE, who will be introducing Mr. Rotund, is Dean of the University of Illinois College of Law; a graduate of the University of Texas Law School, Dean Mengler specializes in civil litigation, evidence, and dispute resolution and has served as an assistant attorney general in the state of Texas.

In the session on Debt Management on Sunday morning, CYNTHIA ROLD, who is Assistant Dean for Student Affairs at the University of Illinois Law School, is the author of the fine article on the impact of the recession on legal hiring that appeared in the Spring, 1993 issue of Planc Points. RICHARD BADGER is Director of Admissions at the University of Chicago Law School and has had considerable experience in Financial Aid questions for students. BOB BAUSER, who works with Law Access in New Town, has been Assistant Vice President for Loan Education and Marketing at the Law School Admissions Service and can provide an overview of financial aid questions. Moderator for the session is DON AMERCHER, Director of the Pre Law Program at Central University of Iowa at Pella, Iowa; Dan is a First President of MAPLA and a Board member.

The various distinguished Law School representatives who have agreed to speak Sunday morning are all veterans of the admission process and include ED RAVENSHRI of Minnesota, who is the current President of MALSA (the Midwest Alliance for Law School Admissions); JAMES J. FAUGHER who is Associate Dean for Student Affairs at Loyola University in Chicago; DEANNA DING Assistant Director of Admissions at Chicago Kent who is substituting for Nancy Herman who is ill; and LISA MITCHELL Assistant Director of Admissions at Ohio Northern University.

Our Keynote Speaker is Professor GREGORY WILLIAMS, the Dean of the Ohio State University College of Law. Dean Williams, who holds both a J.D. and a Ph.D. in Political Science from Northwestern University, and has taught both in Political Science and in the Law School. For ten years, Dean Williams taught at the University of Iowa Law School where he also served as Associate Dean of the College of Law and held the positions of Director of Opportunities, Director of International Programs, Director of Admissions, and Associate Vice President for Academic Affairs. He has written extensively and has been a Visiting Scholar at Cambridge. He is a frequent invited speaker on various subjects ranging from multi-culturalism and gun control to Black History and inequality. His forthcoming book, Life on the Color Line: A Memoir is to be published by Buxton.
October 20, 1993

To: Speakers, Participants and Panelists in the 1993 MAPLA Conference

From: Dr. Stephen Shafer, Conference Coordinator and Host

Re: Thanks!

Dear Friends,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the Midwest Association of Pre Law Advisors, I want to take this opportunity to express our sincere gratitude to each and every one of you for making the 1993 Conference Program a success. I know how busy all of you are, and I especially appreciate the time you donated to our effort.

For those of you who came to the conference from out of town, all receipts for expenses, ticket stubs, and mileage information should be sent for reimbursement to the Treasurer of MAPLA, Ann Wrigley at Ohio State University. Her address is:

Ann Wrigley
The Ohio State University
Arts and Sciences
164 W. 17th Avenue
Room 112 Denney Hall
Columbus, Ohio 43210

If you have questions, you can either call me at 217-333-4923 or Ann at 614-292-5095.

Again, I want to address a personal thank you to all of you. It was wonderful to have the opportunity in many cases to meet you in person, and in some instances to renew acquaintances and friendships. Your willingness to participate made my job as host and coordinator a true pleasure, and I hope to stay in touch with all of you in the future.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Dr. Stephen C. Shafer, Assistant Dean and Pre Law Advisor
Dear Mr. Betz:

Recently, our chapter president forwarded me a letter concerning the possibility of having an attorney give a talk on a hot campus topic. Our chapter is particularly interested in a seminar dealing with Alcohol Law ("how to safely throw a party, underage drinking, liability for the host who serves the alcohol, drunk driving, etc.").

We would like to have the seminar on an upcoming Wednesday evening, though the day can be flexible. It should last about an hour with the opportunity to ask questions afterward. We would like to have it at our fraternity house and about 40 people would attend.

Please contact me at 344-5857 at your earliest convenience. I can be reached most easily after 5 pm but messages can left during the day. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely,

Bill Borbas
Greek Peer Advisor
Bill Borbas  
Greek Peer Advisor  
Phi Kappa Sigma Fraternity  
313 E. Chalmers  
Champaign, IL  61820  
(217) 344-5857  
4 November 1993

Thomas E. Betz.  
Director, Student Legal Services  
324 Illini Union  
1401 West Green Street  
Urbana, IL  61801

Dear Mr. Betz:

I am writing to confirm my chapter's interest in having an alcohol law seminar on Wednesday, November 10, at 6:00pm, as per our conversation on November 1.

I will call you on Wednesday as a reminder, but feel free to contact me sooner if a conflict arises or if you have any questions. Our chapter looks forward to your presentation.

Sincerely,

Bill Borbas  
Greek Peer Advisor
403 East White Apt. #12A
Champaign, IL 61820
October 13, 1993

Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
1401 West Green Street
Urbana, IL 61801

To whom it may concern:

Sigma Gamma Rho Sorority Incorporated, Delta Rho Chapter would like to invite an attorney to discuss Criminal Law at an open forum. The tentative date for this event is November 9, 1993 at 7:00 p.m. The location is still pending.

The forum is primarily geared toward African American students who are interested in knowing their basic rights granted by the law. This forum is not to exclude any other students because all interested persons are welcome. However, our sorority is concerned that our peers (especially African American males) are subject to traffic stops, searches, etc. more so than other groups. Therefore, we would like to offer them accurate and helpful information in the event they are confronted with these situations.

We anticipate no more than thirty persons in attendance. The presentation should take no longer than two hours including a question-answer segment.

We hope that your presentation will be possible for this important event. Any assistance your office can give will be greatly appreciated.

If you have any further questions please contact me at 352-6448.

Thank you for your cooperation,

Tamara B. Gibbs
Sigma Gamma Rho
Correspondence Secretary

TG

Files.LET14
My name is Lori Tennyson, and I am requesting a workshop on Alcohol Law. My organization is Phi Beta Chi Sorority. We have monthly programming that we have to set up, and one of them must be about alcohol. So I thought that the subject of laws pertaining to alcohol would be something everyone would be interested in. I really do not know too much about what aspects to request. We are a social sorority, so whichever subjects you think would be best. We will have about 20-25 women at the presentation. I am requesting the workshop for the date of Monday, November 22, from 7-8 p.m. The location of our Sorority house is 1004 S. Lincoln Avenue, and parking is available in our driveway.

You can contact me at 337-5079. The best times are on Friday’s from 9:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.
October 26, 1993

Dear Mr. Betz,

I am writing to confirm our phone conversation regarding your appointment to speak in my class, Community Health 240 (sexuality) on November 23, 1993, from 4-5:30 pm. In the past, students have been interested in your discussion of sexuality issues and the law. As we discussed, if you would like students to have some information or handouts in advance, simply send them (or one copy from which I can make others) to the address in the letterhead. You should be able to count on 8-10 students, mostly female. Many thanks for your willingness to contribute your time and knowledge.

Sincerely,

Ann M. Schaeffer, TA
CHLTH 240

* The class meets in rm. 118, Lincoln. Thanks!
November 17, 1993

Thomas Betz
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
MC-384

Dear Tom:

I'm in charge of the G.P.A. Program and am planning next semester. We want you to come back and give a 15 minute presentation to the Greek Peer Advisors. We have tentatively scheduled your office for the presentation on February 22, 1994. This person will be participating as part of a panel on UIUC resources. I will talk to you about exactly what we should do when we return in January, but we wanted to get a commitment from your office before the end of the semester. We will probably be doing a similar presentation to last year.

The class meets this year on Tuesdays, from 6:30 until 8:30 with basically the same format (lecture/discussion). We hope to have a commitment from the Black Greek Council as to participation, and we will also have 5 athletes trying out the program. We want the presentation to relate to every student, so keep this in mind.

Please call our office and let us know if you are available on the dates we have requested. You may call Louise at 333-7062. Try to do so before the end of this semester. If you have any questions or need an alternative date, you should also call 3-7062 and ask for me. Thank you.

Sincerely,

[Signature]
Christy Bishop
G.P.A. Coordinator
November 29, 1993

Brian J. Vogel
312 E. Armory
Champaign, IL 61820

Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
Illini Union
Urbana, IL 61801

To Whom It May Concern.

I would like to schedule a workshop for my fraternity. I would like to have the presentation made at 6:30 p.m. on Monday, December 6th. The location of this workshop will be at Delta Upsilon on 312 E. Armory in Champaign. The topic of the discussion should focus on legal liability of living in a fraternity and possible repercussions for violations of these rules. This discussion only needs to run 20-30 minutes in length. Any other general legal information that is often overlooked or ignored by students on this campus would also be beneficial.

If there are any questions or problems, please contact either myself or Jeff Junkas (328-9102). Approximately 45 to 50 individuals will be present. Thank you for your time and efforts.

Sincerely,

Brian J. Vogel
(328-9104)
### MORNING SESSION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Topic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00-9:10</td>
<td>Welcome, OISA staff introductions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9:15-10:00</td>
<td>Getting the most from the UTUC Library System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:05-10:50</td>
<td>OISA Office Procedures, Loans, Student Legal Service and the Tenant Union</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:55-11:40</td>
<td>Campus Safety and You</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11:45-12:05</td>
<td>Getting Acquainted with the Champaign-Urbana Community</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12:05-12:55</td>
<td>LUNCH - ON YOUR OWN (next session will begin promptly at 1:00 P.M.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### AFTERNOON SESSION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Topic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1:00-1:45</td>
<td>Reading/Study Skills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:50-2:20</td>
<td>Maintaining your F-1 or J-1 visa status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2:25-3:10</td>
<td>Academic Expectations at the University of Illinois</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3:15-4:00</td>
<td>Health Care for You and Your Family</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4:05-4:40</td>
<td>Adjusting to Life in the United States</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### OISA/COSMOPOLITAN CLUB RECEPTION

Friday, January 7, 1994 at 7:00 P.M.
Cosmopolitan Club
307 E. John St.
Champaign, IL
Mr. Thomas E. Betz  
Student Legal Services  
324 Illini Union  
1401 W. Green  
Urbana, IL 61801  

January 14, 1994

Jamie Y. Daugherty  
533 Daniels Hall  
1010 W. Green St.  
Urbana, IL 61801

Dear Mr. Betz:

The Family and Graduate Housing staff are looking forward to your participation in our upcoming Staff Development Session pertaining to Student Legal Services. Below is a confirmation of the planned session:

Date: Friday, Jan. 21, 1994
Time: 10 am. to 11:30 pm.
Place: Sherman Hall Main Lounge  
909 S. Fifth St.
Subject: An overview of the Student Legal Services operation, followed by a question and answer session.

If you have any questions, please call me at 332-2323. Again, thank you for your willingness to participate in this program with our staff.

Sincerely,

Jamie Y. Daugherty
December 1, 1993

TO:  Tom Betz  
    Susan Hlessee  
    John Popek

FR:  Esther Patt

Here's the schedule for next spring's apartment hunting programs in residence halls. We hope you can join us on these days. All programs are at 7:00 pm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>PLACE</th>
<th>TENANT UNION STAFF PRESENTING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wed., Jan. 12</td>
<td>Sherman Hall</td>
<td>Esther Patt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thur., Jan. 13</td>
<td>FAR (downstairs)</td>
<td>Anthony Peete &amp; Duane Davis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mon., Jan. 17*</td>
<td>Scott Hall</td>
<td>Jennifer Perica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tue., Jan. 18</td>
<td>PAR</td>
<td>Esther Patt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tue., Jan. 18</td>
<td>Taft/Van-Doren</td>
<td>Stephanie Lucio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wed., Jan. 19</td>
<td>Bromley Hall</td>
<td>Esther Patt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thu., Jan. 20</td>
<td>Illini Tower</td>
<td>Jennifer Perica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thu., Jan. 20</td>
<td>Busey-Evans</td>
<td>Anthony Peete &amp; Duane Davis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sun., Jan. 23</td>
<td>Garner Hall</td>
<td>Esther Patt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mon., Jan 24</td>
<td>LAR</td>
<td>Anthony Peete &amp; Duane Davis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tue., Jan. 25</td>
<td>ISR</td>
<td>Anthony Peete &amp; Duane Davis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wed., Jan. 26</td>
<td>Daniels Hall</td>
<td>Stephanie Lucio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thu., Jan. 27</td>
<td>Allen Hall</td>
<td>Anthony Peete &amp; Duane Davis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Jan. 17 is Dr. King's birthday, an all campus holiday.

As always, we've doubled up a couple of programs to get them all presented before the end of January and we scheduled two on weekends. Naturally, I understand if this presents a problem for you. Just let me know which programs you plan to attend.
November 17, 1993

Thomas Betz
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
MC-384

Dear Tom:

I'm in charge of the G.P.A. Program and am planning next semester. We want you to come back and give a 15 minute presentation to the Greek Peer Advisors. We have tentatively scheduled your office for the presentation on February 22, 1994. This person will be participating as part of a panel on UIUC resources. I will talk to you about exactly what we should do when we return in January, but we wanted to get a commitment from your office before the end of the semester. We will probably be doing a similar presentation to last year.

The class meets this year on Tuesdays, from 6:30 until 8:30 with basically the same format (lecture/discussion). We hope to have a commitment from the Black Greek Council as to participation, and we will also have 5 athletes trying out the program. We want the presentation to relate to every student, so keep this in mind.

Please call our office and let us know if you are available on the dates we have requested. You may call Louise at 333-7062. Try to do so before the end of this semester. If you have any questions or need an alternative date, you should also call 3-7062 and ask for me. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Christy Bishop
G.P.A. Coordinator
February 9, 1994

Thomas Betz
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
MC-384

Dear Mr. Betz:

I am writing you as a reminder of your commitment to speak at the Community Health 140 class on February 22, 1994. I contacted you late in the fall semester and you indicated that you were available on this date. You will be serving as part of a panel on student services. The class begins at 6:30 p.m. and is held in 196 Lincoln Hall. The class is composed of one representative from each Greek organization and five student-athletes. Most of the students are of sophomore standing.

The presentation will include five different speakers from various campus offices. Each presenter will be given ten minutes to inform the students on their particular student service. Please bring any relevant handouts to be distributed to the students.

Thank you for agreeing to help educate the Greek Peer Advisors and Health Advocates. I look forward to seeing you.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Christen L. Bishop
Health Advocate Coordinator
February 9, 1994

Thomas Betz  
Student Legal Services  
324 Illini Union  
MC-384

Dear Mr. Betz:

I am writing you as a reminder of your commitment to speak at the Community Health 140 class on February 22, 1994. I contacted you late in the fall semester and you indicated that you were available on this date. You will be serving as part of a panel on student services. The class begins at 6:30 p.m. and is held in 196 Lincoln Hall. The class is composed of one representative from each Greek organization and five student-athletes. Most of the students are of sophomore standing.

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Thank you for agreeing to help educate the Greek Peer Advisors and Health Advocates. I look forward to seeing you.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Christen L. Bishop  
Health Advocate Coordinator
April 6, 1994

Tom Betz  
Student Legal Services  
324 Illini Union  
MC-384

Dear Tom:

I'm writing to request your services as a guest speaker for Community Health 240, on the topic of sexuality and related legal issues. In the past you've spoken on the legal issues in cases of sexual assault or rape, and your perspective has been a valuable one for my students, who do outreach programming on sexuality education.

April 21st

I am interested in having you speak on April 19, from 4:50 pm, in rm. 102, Lincoln Hall. You may remember that this is always a small class, and this semester is no exception. There will probably be about 8 students present (7 women, 1 man). Please call me at 333-2714 to confirm or disconfirm the suggested date. We look forward to seeing you on the 19th.

Sincerely,

Ann Schaeffer, TA  
McKinley Health Center, Health Education
Director, Student Legal Services  
324 Illini Union  
Campus

Dear Mr. Betz:

I am actively the Greek Peer Advisor for my sorority, Alpha Epsilon Phi. During the course of the semester I attended a presentation by the student legal services and I would like to offer one to my organization. I would like to have a brief presentation about the services offered by the student legal services followed by a question and answer period. The presentation would take place at the Alpha Epsilon Phi house (904 South Third St, Champaign) at 6:00 on Wednesday, April 27 for approximately 40 people. If there is no attorney available at this time I can arrange an alternative date.

Please contact me at 337-4452 to confirm this request. Thank you very much for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Heather Kelmachter  
Greek Peer Advisor

Susan
Any day but Weds
Thomas E. Betz  
Student Legal Services  
324 Illini Union  
1401 West Green Street  
Urbana, Illinois 61801  

April 13, 1994  

Dear Mr. Betz:  

After receiving your letter containing information concerning possible speaking engagements about legal rights and responsibilities, the men of Beta Sigma Psi were very interested in participating in such an engagement with you. The topic in which we were interested in discussing was Alcohol Law. It would be best for us if the discussion could take place after our House Meeting on Monday nights, around 6:00 P.M. Monday, April 25 would be a convenient time for the fraternity, and if this time fits into your schedule, please let us know.  

Please contact me at 255-6054, or write to the fraternity itself, with your response at your earliest convenience. We look forward to hearing from you soon and discussing the legal right and responsibilities of Alcohol Law on the 25 of April. 

Sincerely,  

Greg Treichler  

Parking  
2 space in drive way  
(two spots taken behind the house there are spaces)
Friday
June 11, 1982
K-Rooms, University YMCA
409 1/2 Wright Street

Morning Sessions

9:00 A.M. Welcome from International Student Affairs
An introduction to the office staff, a description of the role of the Foreign Student Advisor and an overview of OISA services

9:15 A.M. Academic Expectations
Communication with your advisor and integrating with American students

10:00 A.M. Student Financial and Legal Concerns
Discussion with representatives from the Student Life Services, the Student Union and OISA

10:45 A.M. Campus Safety
Discussion of campus safety issues

Afternoon Sessions

1:30 P.M. Office Procedures
How to use the services of OISA

1:45 P.M. Visa Information Session
What you need to know about maintaining your F-1 or J-1 status, including employment options and travel documentation

2:00 P.M. Health Care at the University of Illinois
University Community Health Center and services for students and their families

3:00 P.M. Adjusting to life in the city
Presentation and group discussion

4:00 P.M. OISA Orientation with the Resident Advisor
An introduction to the campus setting, including the residence hall and other relevant facilities; on-site tour of a residence hall
Guidelines for Throwing a Party

BEFORE YOUR PARTY. Hosts should review their leases to determine if any party restrictions exist. Some leases prohibit or limit parties or the number of guests. Some leases also contain "no keg" restrictions. If you violate your lease, your landlord may have grounds to evict you, to sue you for breach of contract, or both.

Further, you should contact your neighbors and request that they direct complaints to you rather than the police. Leave them your name and telephone number. Keep in mind that although you have planned the weekend as a time for celebration and parties with friends, your neighbors may have planned a weekend of peace and relaxation.

Planning a successful party is more than gathering together to drink. Consider some of the following planning tips:

1. Plan a party around a theme other than alcohol;
2. Provide alternate beverages for guests who do not wish to consume alcohol;
3. Serve food or snacks;
4. Be aware of state laws, local laws and university regulations;
5. Obtain the proper alcohol permits if your party will have a keg--get a K-license;
6. Require an Illinois driver's license for identification and age verification;
7. Set limits on the quantity of alcohol available;
8. Measure when making mixed drinks;
9. Stop serving alcohol about an hour before the party is scheduled to end;
10. Make arrangements to get intoxicated guests home safely (Do not let them drive);
11. Place waste containers around to prevent littering and

VII.i

125
promote recycling;

12. Your guests may not park on grass areas so review your parking availability;

13. Be prepared to call the police if guests become unruly or if an underage person demands access to the alcohol;

14. Take steps to prevent damage to your property and the landlord's apartment.

DURING YOUR PARTY. As a host you are accountable for your party. In order to avoid underage possession of alcohol, you must check an Illinois driver's license at the place where alcohol is served, as well as monitor the premises to ensure that underage persons are not avoiding your efforts. Moreover, you cannot sell alcohol to anyone unless you have a permit; you also may not sell any commodity to recover the cost of alcohol, nor take up a collection, nor charge an admission.

You should monitor the loudness of your party by periodically checking the level of noise at your property lines. Your party will be quieter if you can keep your guests inside your home. Closing windows and doors will also reduce the noise levels heard by your neighbors.

Ensure that sufficient restrooms are available so your guests are not using the outdoors. You also should guard against your guests damaging your property and the landlord's apartment. Do not permit drug use; merely permitting drug abuse is a crime. Finally, be available to answer the phone during the party. If neighbors telephone but are unable to speak with the host, then they usually call the police instead.

Moderation is the key to a successful party. If people consume too much alcohol, they are likely to use poor judgment. Poor judgment tends to lead to criminal behavior such as disorderly conduct, property damage, driving under the influence of alcohol, vandalism or acquaintance rape. Excessive consumption of alcohol also may lead to other consequences such as alcoholism, unwanted sexual experiences, missed classes, poor performance on exams, strained relationships and other undesirable results.
CONCLUDING YOUR PARTY. Hosts can save their guests considerable trouble and money by insisting that all beer be left at the door. If your guests carry open containers of alcohol on city sidewalks or streets, they will be cited. Clean up all litter immediately. Also, contact your neighbors for their post-party comments.

As your guests begin to leave the party, do not allow those who have consumed alcohol to drive home. Designated drivers literally may be the "life" of your party. If a guest has consumed alcohol, ensure that designated driver takes that guest home safely. Remind your guests that driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs usually will involve more than $1,000, a license suspension and possibly one year in jail.

Paid for by S.O.R.F.
Some General Legal Advice to International Students

1. If you own or operate a motor vehicle, you must purchase and have in your possession proof of liability insurance. This law applies even if you are borrowing another's car. $500 mandatory fine.

2. Do not sign a housing contract or lease without first having the document examined at the Tenant Union, Room 326 Illini Union, 333-0112.

3. Landlords may not lawfully refuse to rent to you because of your sex, race or national origin.

4. Purchase inexpensive renter's insurance for your household in case of theft or fire. The landlord is not legally responsible for your losses should they occur.

5. When/if confronted by a police officer for any reason whatsoever maintain a calm and polite attitude. Do not argue with the officer even if he/she is acting improperly. You can resolve the matter in Court with the assistance of Student Legal Service.

6. Alcoholic beverages may not be consumed on any public property, sidewalk, parking lot, etc., nor may an alcoholic beverage be transported after opened in any type of motor vehicle, in any compartment, including the trunk of the vehicle.

7. Beware of telephone and mail invitations to purchase items or earn prizes because you purchased an item. Most "prize" contests which involve a contribution of any amount of money by you are "rip offs" and many are illegal. Hold onto your money!

8. Be aware that most of the time used autos and most other used items do not carry any guarantees or warrantee. You take the item "as is". Have an independent licensed mechanic thoroughly examine any used vehicle before you make a purchase.

9. Many U.S. students believe international students are wealthy. Do not make personal loans in any amount of money which you are not prepared to forfeit forever. International students are frequent victims of unscrupulous borrowers in the name of friendship.

10. Your Student Legal Service (SLS) is located at 324 Illini Union and is open Monday through Friday, 8:30 to 12:00 and 1:00 to 4:30 p.m. The office is staffed by three licensed attorneys. All information you discuss with your attorney is confidential. The office is funded entirely by the $5.00 Student Organization Resource Fee (SORF). The $5.00 SORF fee funds over 200 student organizations including many international student groups. If you obtain a refund you will not receive any assistance from the SLS office. Never obtain a SORF refund!

Student Legal Service
at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
324 Illini Union 1401 W. Green Street
Urbana, IL 61801 217/333-9053
Hours: Monday-Friday 8:30 a.m.-12:00 noon and 1:00-4:30 p.m.
Paid for by S.O.R.F.
July 15, 1993

Thomas C. Betz
Student Legal Service
268 Illini Union
1401 W. Green
Urbana, IL 61801

Re: Vanlandingham v. Ivanow

Dear Tom:

Congratulations on your victory in Vanlandingham v. Ivanow.

Thank you for staying the course in this wonderful case.

I look forward to the day that I find a landlord unable to respond to my call because he is incarcerated in a county jail. I also want the client who shoots rats and shot at many more that he did not kill.

Can you tell that my enjoyment of the decision goes beyond the satisfaction of victory?

Sincerely yours,

Julia A. Rice
Mr. Peralta,

In the joys of graduation, leaving undergrad behind and moving on to the next level, I expected to do some important things. One of which was to thank you for all you've done to help me succeed. At the 4/24 "service fee," I don't think my mom and I would have made it to ourselves against Campus Rentals. But more importantly, I thank you so very much for your encouragement in the pursuit of my legal career. Unfortunately, I made some bad decisions as an undergrad that you helped me realize that I shouldn't let them stand in my way, but face them and overcome them.

A very tough decision indeed. To acknowledge these mistakes in light of the jeopardy it could face my future, but I'm certain now I made the right decision. With your advice, and a new clear conscience, I am a first year student at Thurgood Marshall School of Law at Texas Southern University. And I have to admit, it's not easy like undergrad. I don't know if I'm used to, to read, write, understand, analyze, all at once. But now, I know you know what I mean. This is definitely a new experience - one which I think will test the limits of my endurance and just how.

© Overly 1993
And I really want to practice law. And I really do want it. It's something I've always wanted, and I've come to face and overcome too much to give up. So, I have come about that. I'll make it and I thank you for helping me.

Sincerely,
Thomas and John,

Thank you very much for your hard work.

Much appreciation
September 20, 1993

Student Legal Services
University of Illinois
324 Illini Union
1401 W. Green
Urbana, Illinois 61801

Dear Tom Betz:

I strongly agree with the new provision that was signed into law by Governor Jim Edgar on August 5, 1993. The new provision calls for stricter punishments for those caught using fake identification cards. The updated provision imposes a minimum fine of $500 or 50 hours of community service for a first time offense and it makes a second time offense a class four felony. The change to a felony offense means that anyone guilty of a second offense can be sent to a state prison.

Speaking from the viewpoint of a person who could possibly be affected by this new provision, I think it is a much needed decision that will probably be more effective than the previous law. There are too many irresponsible teenagers who have access to these fake identification cards. There are even more of these teenagers who get into these bars and drink too heavily which usually results in some very irresponsible behavior. Therefore, I agree with the more severe punishment because the previous law carried no minimum fine and usually resulted in many repeat offenders. Hopefully the increase in the severity of the punishment will deter a lot of these people from any future use of the id's. I know that I would think twice about having to pay a $500 fine or serving 50 hours of community service before I tried to use one. In this situation, the advantages are simply outweighed by the disadvantages which should deter any reasonably sane person. Furthermore, I don't know of very many college students or non-college students, for that matter, that have that kind of money or time to spare.

Sincerely,

Wendolyn Reid

Wendolyn Reid

X.v

133
October 4, 1993

Tom Betz
Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union
CAMPUS MC 384

Dear Tom;

Thanks so much for being a part of our Fall Orientation for new International students. Your presentation was very informative. The students were most appreciative of your remarks, your humor and your willingness to answer their questions.

Thanks again for your help from all of us here at OISA.

Sincerely,

Jan M. Lenz
Assistant Director
Dear Tom Betty,

Thank you very much for helping me (make) this year's fall conference a success. Your presentation took a very serious topic and added humor which made it very memorable.

The parents were both entertained and informed. That's hard to do but you did it well.

Thanks again!
October 15, 1993

Thomas E. Betz
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
1401 W. Green St.
Urbana, IL 61801

Dear Mr. Betz:

I would like to thank you very much for taking the time to speak with me last week. The session was very informative, and I enjoyed hearing about the many different experiences and challenges you face in your present position. The advice you gave as well as the stories you shared helped clarify a great deal about the law profession. I hope I have the opportunity to speak with you again in the future.

Thank you,
Mr. Betz -

10/93

I realize this is long overdue but I wanted to thank you for your time and the attempt you made for some sort of compensation from Campus Rentals - Rushing/Hamelberg. Unfortunately, it looks as though we lost the battle but we do not intend to lose the war. I hope to...
October 19, 1993

Dear Activity Day Participant:

I would like to extend my sincere appreciation for your participation in our first Activity Day. I would also like to be the first to compliment you on your very beautiful and professional displays. Obviously much time and energy had been spent creating your booths, and I appreciate your effort.

As I explained before, this was our first year to try an activity day for the new pledge classes, and by looking at the attendance, there is obviously room for improvement. If you would have any suggestions on how an activity such as this might be approached differently, I would be interested in hearing it. Feel free to drop me a line with any suggested improvements, if you have time, to the Panhellenic Office, Room 256 Illini Union, care of Theresa Boian. Again, I thank you for your time and apologize for the mishaps.

Sincerely,

Theresa Boian

Theresa Boian
Public Relations Chair

TB:mo
Dear Mr. Popek,

November 5, 1993

Thank you so much for all of your help. I appreciate you taking care of the situation so simply.

Sincerely,
John,

Sorry for the delay... it completely slipped my mind.

Thanks so much for your persistence in my case. If you ever practicing in Chicago, send me your card. You never know when I could use a good lawyer.

Thanks again!
December 10th, 1993

302 E. John St. #1408
Champaign, IL 61820

Mr. John P. Popek
324 Illini Union
1401 W. Green St.
Urbana, IL 61801

Dear Mr. Popek:

I just wanted to take the time to thank you again for all your help. I really appreciate all you have done for me, and the time you put into my two cases. The Student Legal Service office has been a valuable resource. Thank you.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,
TO:    Presenters
FROM:  Jan Lenz
DATE:  January 4, 1994
SUBJ:  Spring Orientation

Just a short note to thank you, in advance, for participating in our Spring 1994 Orientation for new international students.

I am enclosing a program, which will show the times for each of the sessions.

The OISA staff truly appreciates your willingness to help.
January 14, 1994

John Popek
324 Illini Union
CAMPUS MC 384

Dear John:

Thanks so much for your contribution to the Spring Orientation for New International Students. The information you present is extremely helpful and greatly appreciated both by the students and the OISA staff.

Sincerely,

Jan M. Lenz
Assistant Director
To Mr. Popik!

Thank You!

I really appreciate all the help. Thank you!
March 1, 1994

Tom Betz
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
MC--384

Dear Tom:

Thank you for coming to the Community Health 140 class on February 22, 1994. Your presentation was well received by myself and the students. The information was very pertinent to the needs of the students. Many of them commented that your information was helpful, especially about the bar situations.

The feedback from the students was good. They really liked your presentation. Some of them may be calling you to come and give a similar presentation to their chapters. I have encouraged them to call if they have any questions.

Again, I thank you for coming and if there is anything else you need from the program (i.e., posters distributed, surveys), let me know.

Sincerely,

[Signature]
Christen L. Bishop
Health Advocate Coordinator
Dear Thomas:

Thank you very much for your help in my traffic case. Your effort to get the case dismissed is greatly appreciated. Also thank you for your taking time to talk to us. We learn a lot from the talk. I will be more careful when deal with this type of matter.

Again, thank you very much for you time and patience.

Sincerely yours,

Graduate Student at UIUC
Dear Mr. Bels:

I would like to thank you for helping me with my Naturalization Application and assisting in my behalf to Senator P. Simon. I had my interview at the end of April and took my citizenship oath on June 3, 1974.

Thank you again for your help.
July 30, 1993

Dear Organizational Representative:

Thank you for agreeing to participate in the Fifteenth Annual Campus Resource Fair at Resident Advisor Staff Training '93! We are looking forward to your contribution to our staff's knowledge of the campus and community resources.

As indicated in the prior mailing, the Resource Fair is scheduled to take place on Wednesday, August 18, 1993, from 9:00-11:00 a.m. in the Illini Union Rooms A & B. You may check in between 8:00 and 9:00 a.m. A Residential Life representative will confirm your display location.

If you have any questions regarding the Fair, feel free to contact me at 333-0840. Thank you again for your time and assistance. I am looking forward to seeing you and members of your staff on August 18th!

Sincerely,

Carol McKinney-Moore
Residential Life Training Committee
June 16, 1993

Dear Colleague:

The Residential Life Training Committee is busy planning for the Resident Advisor Fall 1993 Training program. We would like to request your participation in the Fifteenth Annual Campus Resource Fair. The Resource Fair has become an essential part of the Resident Advisor training program and provides a unique opportunity for RA's to get acquainted with the resources available to them on campus and in the community. Greek Peer Advisors and Resident Advisors from Certified Housing may also be present at this year's fair.

The Campus Resource Fair will be held on Wednesday, August 18, 1993, from 9:00 - 11:00 a.m. in the Illini Union Rooms A & B. The Rooms will be open at 8:00 a.m. for display set-up. A Residential Life staff member will be available for registration at this time. To assist us in planning, please complete the enclosed information sheet and return it to me by Thursday, July 1, 1993.

Organizations participating in the Resource Fair should design a display that provides Resident Advisors with an increased understanding of the operations of their organization. Formats used in the past include slide shows, videos, informational displays, and brochures or handouts. In planning supplies for the Fair, be prepared for 250 - 300 participants.

We hope that you or members of your staff will be able to join us at the Campus Resource Fair on August 18th. If you have any questions, please contact me at 333-0840.

Sincerely,

Carol McKinney
Residential Life Training Committee

enclosure
June 26, 1993

Dear Colleague:

I am writing because of a project I have undertaken for the summer to create informative displays in the Florida Avenue and Pennsylvania Avenue Residence Halls. On move-in day, I would like to provide parents and students with a wide variety of information about the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign.

This is where I need your help. I will be creating a number of displays that show parents and students how much our campus has to offer. I would appreciate any information, literature, posters, pamphlets, or hand-outs you can spare. I would be happy to set up tables where information can be picked up if you wish to send hand-outs. I realize that providing material for every new student moving into our halls would be difficult, but keep in mind that I will need at least 2 of everything, because I am working in two areas.

Please send materials to:

Carol McKinney-Moore
117 Trelease
1001 College Ct.
Urbana, IL 61801
MC-012

Or, I will pick up your materials, just call me at 333-0840.

Thank you very much!

Sincerely,

Carol McKinney-Moore
22 September 1993

Tom Betz
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
MC-384

Dear Mr. Betz,

This letter is to confirm your presentation on Hate Speech and First Amendment Rights for the Pennsylvania Avenue Residence Halls Resident Advisor staff. Our staff will be expecting you on Wednesday, October 6, 1993 at 7:00pm in the Saunders Lounge. I will meet you in front of the Area Office preferably at 6:50pm.

We are pleased that you have agreed to discuss these issues with our staff. We ask that you send a short bio of yourself for introduction purposes. For your information, the PAR Resident Advisor staff is composed of 20 students. Of which, 8 are women, 12 are men, 8 are juniors, and 12 are seniors. If you have any further questions regarding the staff or its composition please call Durene I. Wheeler or Scott Miller at 333-2950.

Again, thank you for your willingness to educate the staff of PAR. We look forward to your visit.

Thank you,

Durene I. Wheeler
Blaisdell/Saunders Resident Director

Scott Miller
Babcock/Carr Resident Director
STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE

FURRED BY S.O.R.F.

324 ILLINI UNION
1401 W. GREEN STREET
URBANA
STUDENT LEGAL SERVICE IS A LAW OFFICE COMPRISED OF 3 FULL-TIME ATTORNEYS AND STAFF. WE CAN ADVISE AND/OR REPRESENT CURRENTLY ENROLLED STUDENTS WHO HAVE NOT REFUNDED THEIR FOLLOW UP FEES IN A WIDE VARIETY OF LEGAL PROBLEMS:
- Traffic and DUI
- Misdemeanors
- City Offenses
- Consumer problems
- Landlord & Housing problems
- Student discipline
- Small claims
- Auto accident/property damage claims
- other areas

WE CANNOT ADVISE IN STUDENT V. STUDENT OR AGAINST THE UNIVERSITY.

ALL MATTERS DISCUSSED ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND PRIVILEGED UNDER THE ATTORNEY-CLIENT RELATIONSHIP.

WE ARE LOCATED AT: 324 ILLINI UNION
1401 W. GREEN STREET
URBANA
333-9053
8:30-12/1-4:30

YOU MUST COME IN TO MAKE AN APPOINTMENT. WE CANNOT ADVISE OVER THE TELEPHONE.
February 7, 1994

Mr. Thomas E. Betz
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Student Legal Services
324 Illini Union
1401 W. Green Street
Urbana, IL 61801

Re: Literature Distribution

Dear Mr. Betz:

In response to your letter of January 28, 1994, addressed to Dan Goepp, the request for distribution has been granted. The appropriate Residence Hall Staff will be notified of the approval of your literature. If you have any questions, please feel free to call me at 333-3886.

Very truly yours,

Andrew W. Hibel
Graduate Assistant for Student Relations and Conduct

AWH/tbm
TO: Summer Orientation ISR Information Fair Participants

FROM: Rhonda Kirts
Assistant Dean
Orientation Programs

DATE: May 6, 1994

RE: Summer Orientation Information Fair

Thank you for agreeing to have a display in the Information Fair at the Illinois Street Residence Halls during the 1994 Summer Orientation/Advance Enrollment Program. The program will run from June 1st through July 8th. We expect approximately 11,000 new students and parents to attend the Information Fair during this time.

Display set-up will be from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday, May 31st in the dining room of the Illinois Street Residence Halls. There will be student staff present to direct you to your table and help unload materials.

Due to the large number of program participants, we ask that you bring 7,000 copies of any handouts used in displays. There will be a locked storage room for extra handouts.

Display takedown at the Illinois Street Residence Hall will be on Monday, July 11th from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m. Student staff will again be present to direct and assist you.

As a participant in the ISR Information Fair, your table must be staffed from 5:00 - 6:30 p.m., Monday - Thursday. Each evening, prior to entering the Dining Room, your department representative should "check-in" at the Summer Orientation Information Window located at the front entrance of ISR. At this time, the representative will receive a meal pass. We will furnish each department with one meal pass per evening.

If you have any questions or problems, please contact me at 333-4057. Thank you for your support of the 1994 Summer Orientation Program.
Honors (Campus Honors Program)
1205 W. Oregon, U. (244-0922)

The Campus Honors Program publishes "The Honoraries Guide," which lists over 50 separate honor societies on campus, including Bronze Tablet, the highest academic honor attainable by an undergraduate. Other interdisciplinary campus-wide honoraries are: Alpha Lambda Delta, Atius, Gold Key NHS, Ma-Wan-Da, Mortar Board, Phi Eta Sigma, Phi Beta Kappa, Phi Kappa Phi, Sachem, Torch, and Wa-Na-See.

Housing Division
200 Clark Hall, 1203 S. Fourth, C. (333-0610)

The Housing Division oversees the 23 undergraduate residence halls, two graduate residence halls, and 981 family apartments. Residential Life (300 Clark Hall) assists students through orientation and individual advising, as well as sponsoring programs, including computer workshops.

International Student Affairs
510 E. Daniel, C. (333-1303)

The Office of International Student Affairs offers counseling, programs, and support services, such as registering for classes and financial management, for international students.

La Casa Cultural Latina
510 E. Chalmers, C. (333-4950)

La Casa Cultural Latina sponsors the Peer Retention Program which provides services to incoming freshmen, as well as programming events including lectures, dances, workshops, and National Hispanic & Latino Month.

McKinley Health Center
1109 South Lincoln Ave., U. (general info: 333-2701)

McKinley is the U of I's student health center. It contains a medical clinic, as well as preventive medicine, gynecology, sports medicine, and health education services. The Health Resource Centers in McKinley and 323 Illini Union offer cold packs, contraceptive packs, and health-related information.

Minority Student Affairs
110 & 130 Student Services Building (333-0054)

The Office of Minority Student Affairs provides academic or personal counseling, as well as tutoring, help in securing financial aid, assistance in securing a campus job, career guidance, computer training, and other helpful services for minority students.

Nite Rides
333-3184

Nite Rides is a free service provided by the Office of Women's Programs and is available to all students every night that classes are in session: Sunday through Thursday, 9pm to 2am; Friday and Saturday, 9pm to 3am.

Registered Organizations Office
280 Illini Union (333-1153)

The Registered Organizations Office publishes a list of all registered student organizations on campus (over 550 of them) and governs the registering and renewal of RO's. Room 280 also houses cubicles for dozens of RO's.

Student Activities Office
2 Student Services Building (333-4057)

The Student Activities Office includes the Orientation Programs Office (333-4057), which implements Summer Orientation, Fall New Student Week events (including Fresh Start), and the freshman advisory board. The Office of Women's Programs (333-3137) provides information for all students regarding sexual harassment and sexual assault. It also sponsors outreach programs, seminars, lectures, and Nite Rides (listed under its own heading in this section.) The Mother's and Dad's Associations (333-7063) act as liaisons between parents and the University by supporting numerous programs and offering resources to family members. Fraternity and Sorority advising (333-7062) acts as a liaison between the University and students in the greek system.

Student Government Association
297 Illini Union (333-8543)

The SGA furnishes students with the opportunity to influence University rules and policies. In addition to elected members, any student may serve on SGA committees, including academic, campus, community, minority, and legislative concerns.

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union (333-9053)

Student Legal Service provides legal advice and representation to students when needed. The staff consists of three attorneys and several interns from the College of Law. Appointments are made in person.
Honors (Campus Honors Program)
1205 W. Oregon, U. (244-0922)

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The Office of Minority Student Affairs provides academic or personal counseling, as well as tutoring, help in securing financial aid, assistance in securing a campus job, career guidance, computer training, and other helpful services for minority students.

Nite Rides
333-3184

Nite Rides is a free service provided by the Office of Women's Programs and is available to all students every night that classes are in session: Sunday through Thursday, 9pm to 2am; Friday and Saturday, 9pm to 3am.

Registered Organizations Office
280 Illini Union (333-1153)

The Registered Organizations Office publishes a list of all registered student organizations on campus (over 550 of them) and governs the registering and renewal of RO's. Room 280 also houses cubicles for dozens of RO's.

Student Activities Office
2 Student Services Building (333-4057)

The Student Activities Office includes the Orientation Programs Office (333-4057), which implements Summer Orientation, Fall New Student Week events (including Fresh Start), and the freshman advisory board. The Office of Women's Programs (333-3137) provides information for all students regarding sexual harassment and sexual assault. It also sponsors outreach programs, seminars, lectures, and Nite Rides (listed under its own heading in this section.) The Mother's and Dad's Associations (333-7063) act as liaisons between parents and the University by supporting numerous programs and offering resources to family members. Fraternity and Sorority advising (333-7062) acts as a liaison between the University and students in the Greek system.

Student Government Association
297 Illini Union (333-6543)

The SGA furnishes students with the opportunity to influence University rules and policies. In addition to elected members, any student may serve on SGA committees, including academic, campus, community, minority, and legislative concerns.

Student Legal Service
324 Illini Union (333-9053)

Student Legal Service provides legal advice and representation to students when needed. The staff consists of three attorneys and several interns from the College of Law. Appointments are made in person.
Insurance Office (Staff)
Insurance Office (Student)
Intercollegiate Athletics, Division of
Interfraternity Council
International Admissions
International Faculty & Staff
International Student Affairs, Office of
Intramural Activities
Intramural & Campus Recreation
James Scholar Center
Kanney Gymnasium
Kanney Art Museum & Kinkaid Pavilion
Kanney Center for the Performing Arts
Ticket Office
La Casa Cultural Latina
Labor & Industrial Relations, Institute of
Labor & Industrial Relations Placement Office
Landscape Architecture
Landscape Architecture Placement Office
Law, College of
Law Admissions Office
Law Placement Office
Leisure Studies, Department of Lesbian & Gay Illinois Liberal Arts & Sciences, College of General Curriculum Office
Library & Information Science Placement Office
Library Science, Graduate School of
Loans, Emergency
McKinley Health Center
General Information
Appointments (Dial-A-Nurse)
Gynecology
Health Education
Medical Clinic
Mental Health
Preventive Medicine
Minority Student Affairs, Office of Music, School of
Graduate Music Office
Undergraduate Music Office
Nite Riders
Notary Public-Charles D. Pease
Ombudsman
Panhellenic Council
Public Affairs, Office of Records, Graduate
Records, Undergraduate
Recreation, Facilities & Informal Registration
Rehabilitation-Education Services
Residence Hall Association
Self-Help Information Center
Small Animal Clinic
Social Work, Graduate School of Placement Office
Speech & Hearing Office
Sports Information Service
Star Course
Student Accounts
Student Activities Office
Students Against Multiple Sclerosis
Student Alumni Association
Student Ambassadors
Student Government Association
Student Legal Services
Student Organizations
Student Micro-Resource Center
Study Abroad
Telecommunication, Office of (Illicit)
Tenet Union
Ticket Offices
Assembly Hall Events
Athletic Events
Illini Union (All Events)
Kanney Center for the Performing Arts
Transcripts (Registrar's Office)
Undergraduate Admission, Office of
Urban Planning Placement Office
Veteran Affairs
Veterinary Medicine, College of
Volunteer Illinois Projects
Women's Resources & Services
WPGU
Concert Information
E. O. P. Writing Lab
Libraries
Undergraduate Library
Circulation
Media Center
Periodicals
Head Librarian's Office
Library Telephone Center
Archives
Circulation Desk
Illini Union Browsing Room
Information Desk, Main Library
Rare Book Room
the counseling office of the Urbana Adult Education program. They work at their own pace and may graduate from their home high school.

268
Student Legal Service
333-9053
Illini Union, Room 324
1401 W. Green St.
Urbana, IL 61801
Legal services for U of I students who have paid $5 SORF fee. Provides services for tenant/landlord cases, consumer law, traffic cases, family law and misdemeanors, but not for felonies. Speakers on selected legal topics for community groups are available.

269
Summer Sports Fitness, University of Illinois Kinesiology
Department
333-2460
131 Freer Hall
906 S. Goodwin Ave.
Urbana, IL 61801
Pamela H. Kulinna
Department of Kinesiology program provides development of physical and motor fitness through aquatics, individual and group games and lifetime sports. Offered four afternoons a week in the summer for children, ages 7 to 12.

270
Sunnycrest Manor
328-6170
1805 S. Cottage Grove Ave.
Urbana, IL 61801
Audrey Bell
Subsidized housing provides independent living for the elderly and mobility impaired.

271
Teen Moms
356-9749
603 W. University P.O. Box 1076
Champaign, IL 61824
Provides Lamaze classes, information and support services for pregnant women up to age 18. New mothers are paired with older women through Mentor Moms program and may participate in on-going support group.

272
Tel-Med, Covenant Medical Center
337-2828
1400 W. Park St.
Urbana, IL 61801
Rick Sadilek
Call-in service provided by Covenant Auxiliary and Medical Center is a 24 hour-a-day medical information system of approximately 400 tape recorded health messages ranging from three to ten minutes in length. A complete listing of available tapes may be found in the Consumer Pages Plus section of the Champaign-Urbana telephone directory. Alternate phone: (800)252-7501.

273
Telecare Coffee Group
586-4633
Mahomet, IL
Billie Beck
Telecare-sponsored group for seniors meets second Wednesday of each month. Call contact person for meeting places.

274
Thomasboro Senior Citizens
TIA Hall

Thomasboro, IL 61878
Betty Cronk
Social and educational group meets the first Tuesday of every month at the TIA Hall, for business meeting, refreshments, program and speakers, bingo and cards.

275
Township Assistance
352-6300
First Call for Help
Townships may provide public assistance for individuals who are not categorically eligible for federal or state programs. The applicant must be a resident of the township and be financially eligible. Call for help in locating appropriate township.

276
University Primary School
333-4890
51 Gerty Dr.
Champaign, IL 61820
Tess Bennett, Ph.D., Margaret Stillwell
Private school for children who are bright, gifted or talented, preschool through first grade. Classroom programs for the kindergarten-first grade are based on the British Open School Approach. Prospective students are screened in February preceding the academic year. A fee is charged for screening. Interested families should visit the program before screening arrangements are made. To make an appointment or for more information, contact the school.

277
University YMCA

University of Illinois
337-1500
1001 S. Wright St.
Champaign, IL 61820
Programs provide opportunities for exploration of social, political, spiritual and cultural issues; possibilities for meaningful volunteer community service work; nurturing of international understanding; and creation of ethical, innovative and responsible leadership for creative social change.

278
Urban League of Champaign County
356-4326
17 Taylor St.
Champaign, IL 61820
Patricia Henry
Seniors Employment Program (SEP) helps place seniors with skills and work experience in employment; helps with career assessment, job applications, resumes, Plato computer lessons, job counseling. Seniors in Community Service Program (SCSP) helps mature adults find employment in not-for-profit agencies to receive training; seniors are paid during training, may work twenty hours per week and must meet Department of Labor poverty guidelines. Both programs are open to all, regardless of race, creed or color.

279
Urbana Adult Education Center
384-3530
211 N. Race St.
Urbana, IL 61801
Adult Education Office
Offers free classes in reading, writing, math and
April 5, 1994

U of I Student Legal Service
Thomas E. Betz
324 Illini Union
1401 W. Green Street

Dear Women’s Resource Directory Participant:

We would like to thank you and your organization for your continued support of and assistance to women’s issues and concerns. The Office of Women’s Programs annually publishes the Women’s Resource Directory, which is used by students, faculty, and staff at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. The Directory is for referral and information and it provides a great service to the general campus community. We have been contacted by and do provide a few copies of the directory to outside agencies for advising and referral.

At this time, we are asking you to review the synopsis for your organization and make any changes or corrections and return these to our office in the enclosed self-addressed envelop. We appreciate the time you expend in helping the campus community and the Champaign-Urbana community at large. Please feel free to contact us if you have any questions. Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Cheryl S. Benson
Office Assistant

U of I Student Legal Service
Contact: Thomas E. Betz, 333-9053, 324 Illini Union,
1401 West Green Street, U.
Hours: 8:30 am-12 pm, 1 pm-4:30 pm, Monday - Friday
The organization provides a wide range of legal services to all enrolled U of I students who have not sought a refund of their SORF fee. Primary areas are: landlord-tenant problems (we only represent tenants), criminal misdemeanor, traffic, and family law (including name changes, paternity petitions and adoptions). We do not provide advice over the telephone. A personal appointment is necessary to insure confidentiality.